

AMENDMENTS

2016—Pub. L. 114-120, §101(b)(1), (2), renumbered section 662 of this title as this section.

Pars. (1) to (6). Pub. L. 114-120, §101(b)(3), added pars. (1) to (6) and struck out former pars. (1) to (5) which read as follows:

“(1) For the operation and maintenance of the Coast Guard.

“(2) For the acquisition, construction, rebuilding, and improvement of aids to navigation, shore or offshore establishments, vessels, or aircraft, including equipment related to the aids, establishments, vessels, or aircraft.

“(3) For altering obstructive bridges.

“(4) For research, development, test, or evaluation related to intelligence systems and capabilities or a matter referred to in clauses (1)–(3).

“(5) For environmental compliance and restoration at Coast Guard facilities.”

2010—Par. (4). Pub. L. 111-259 inserted “intelligence systems and capabilities or” after “related to”.

1989—Par. (5). Pub. L. 101-225 added par. (5).

§ 2702. Authorization of appropriations

Funds are authorized to be appropriated for each of fiscal years 2016 and 2017 for necessary expenses of the Coast Guard as follows:

(1) For the operation and maintenance of the Coast Guard, not otherwise provided for—

- (A) \$6,981,036,000 for fiscal year 2016; and
(B) \$6,986,815,000 for fiscal year 2017.

(2) For the acquisition, construction, renovation, and improvement of aids to navigation, shore facilities, vessels, and aircraft, including equipment related thereto, and for maintenance, rehabilitation, lease, and operation of facilities and equipment—

- (A) \$1,945,000,000 for fiscal year 2016; and
(B) \$1,945,000,000 for fiscal year 2017.

(3) For the Coast Guard Reserve program, including operations and maintenance of the program, personnel and training costs, equipment, and services—

- (A) \$140,016,000 for fiscal year 2016; and
(B) \$134,237,000 for fiscal year 2017.

(4) For the environmental compliance and restoration functions of the Coast Guard under chapter 19 of this title—

- (A) \$16,701,000 for fiscal year 2016; and
(B) \$16,701,000 for fiscal year 2017.

(5) To the Commandant of the Coast Guard for research, development, test, and evaluation of technologies, materials, and human factors directly related to improving the performance of the Coast Guard’s mission with respect to search and rescue, aids to navigation, marine safety, marine environmental protection, enforcement of laws and treaties, ice operations, oceanographic research, and defense readiness, and for maintenance, rehabilitation, lease, and operation of facilities and equipment—

- (A) \$19,890,000 for fiscal year 2016; and
(B) \$19,890,000 for fiscal year 2017.

(Added Pub. L. 114-120, title I, §101(a), Feb. 8, 2016, 130 Stat. 29; amended Pub. L. 114-328, div. C, title XXXV, §3503(d)(1), Dec. 23, 2016, 130 Stat. 2775.)

AMENDMENTS

2016—Par. (1)(B). Pub. L. 114-328, §3503(d)(1)(A), substituted “\$6,986,815,000” for “\$6,981,036,000”.

Par. (3)(B). Pub. L. 114-328, §3503(d)(1)(B), substituted “\$134,237,000” for “\$140,016,000”.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 2016 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 114-328 effective as if included in the enactment of Pub. L. 114-120, see section 3503(e) of Pub. L. 114-328, set out as a note under section 60 of this title.

§ 2703. Authorization of personnel end strengths

(a) For each fiscal year, Congress shall authorize the strength for active duty personnel of the Coast Guard as of the end of that fiscal year. Amounts may be appropriated for a fiscal year to or for the use of active duty personnel of the Coast Guard only if the end strength for active duty personnel for that fiscal year has been authorized by law. If at the end of any fiscal year there is in effect a declaration of war or national emergency, the President may defer the effectiveness of any end-strength limitation with respect to that fiscal year prescribed by law for any military or civilian component of the Coast Guard, for a period not to exceed 6 months after the end of the war or termination of the national emergency.

(b)(1) Congress shall authorize the average military training student loads for the Coast Guard for each fiscal year. That authorization is required for student loads for the following individual training categories:

- (A) Recruit and specialized training.
(B) Flight training.
(C) Professional training in military and civilian institutions.
(D) Officer acquisition training.

(2) Amounts may be appropriated for a fiscal year for use in training military personnel of the Coast Guard in the categories referred to in paragraph (1) only if the average student loads for the Coast Guard for that fiscal year have been authorized by law.

(Added Pub. L. 97-295, §2(20)(A), Oct. 12, 1982, 96 Stat. 1302, §661; amended Pub. L. 107-295, title I, §105(a), Nov. 25, 2002, 116 Stat. 2085; renumbered §2703, Pub. L. 114-120, title I, §101(c), Feb. 8, 2016, 130 Stat. 31.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Table with 3 columns: Revised Section, Source (U.S. Code), Source (Statutes at Large). Row 1: 661, 14:ch. 11(note), Sept. 10, 1976, Pub. L. 94-406, §6, 90 Stat. 1236.

The words “after fiscal year 1977” are omitted as executed. The word “Amounts” is substituted for “funds” for clarity and consistency.

AMENDMENTS

2016—Pub. L. 114-120 renumbered section 661 of this title as this section.

2002—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 107-295 inserted at end “If at the end of any fiscal year there is in effect a declaration of war or national emergency, the President may defer the effectiveness of any end-strength limitation with respect to that fiscal year prescribed by law for any military or civilian component of the Coast Guard, for a period not to exceed 6 months after the end of the war or termination of the national emergency.”

§ 2704. Authorized levels of military strength and training

(a) ACTIVE DUTY STRENGTH.—The Coast Guard is authorized an end-of-year strength for active