

The Historic Sites Act of August 21, 1935 (49 Stat. 666; U.S.C. 461-467), referred to in text, is act Aug. 21, 1935, ch. 593, 49 Stat. 666, also known as the Historic Sites Act of 1935 and as the Historic Sites, Buildings, and Antiquities Act, which enacted sections 461 to 467 of this title. The Act was repealed and restated as section 1866(a) of Title 18, Crimes and Criminal Procedure, and sections 102303 and 102304 and chapter 3201 of Title 54, National Park Service and Related Programs, by Pub. L. 113-287, §§ 3, 4(a)(1), 7, Dec. 19, 2014, 128 Stat. 3094, 3260, 3272. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Tables. For disposition of former sections of this title, see Disposition Table preceding section 100101 of Title 54.

§ 410x. Authorization of appropriations

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums, but not more than \$13,900,000, as may be needed for the acquisition of lands and interests in lands and for development of the Minute Man National Historical Park, of which not more than \$10,900,000 shall be used for acquisition purposes, and in addition thereto, such sums as may be needed for its administration and maintenance. For fiscal years after fiscal year 1991, there is authorized to be appropriated an additional \$15,000,000 for development and an additional \$7,300,000 for acquisition of lands and interests in lands.

(Pub. L. 86-321, § 6, Sept. 21, 1959, 73 Stat. 592; Pub. L. 91-548, § 2, Dec. 14, 1970, 84 Stat. 1437; Pub. L. 102-488, § 2(4)(3), Oct. 24, 1992, 106 Stat. 3136.)

AMENDMENTS

1992—Pub. L. 102-488 inserted at end “For fiscal years after fiscal year 1991, there is authorized to be appropriated an additional \$15,000,000 for development and an additional \$7,300,000 for acquisition of lands and interests in lands.”

1970—Pub. L. 91-548 substituted “\$13,900,000” for “\$8,000,000” and “\$10,900,000” for “\$5,000,000”.

§ 410x-1. Residential occupancy

(a) Offer

In the case of each individual who—

(1) sold residential property between 1966 and 1968 to the United States for purposes of the park, and

(2) continues to occupy such residential property pursuant to a residential special use permit as of October 24, 1992,

the Secretary of the Interior shall offer to extend such residential special use permit for a term ending on the death of such individual or such individual's spouse, whichever is later.

(b) Terms and conditions

Any residential special use permit extended pursuant to subsection (a) shall—

(1) permit the reasonable residential use and occupancy of the property by the individual to whom such permit is granted and such individual's spouse; and

(2) be subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe (including termination) to ensure that the permit does not unreasonably diminish the values of the park.

The extension of any such residential special use permit shall be conditional upon the payment by the individual holding such permit of an an-

nual fee in the same amount as required as of July 1, 1991.

(Pub. L. 86-321, § 7, as added Pub. L. 102-488, § 2(5)(4), Oct. 24, 1992, 106 Stat. 3136.)

§ 410x-2. “Residential property” defined

As used in this subchapter, the term “residential property” means a single-family dwelling, the construction of which began before July 1, 1991, together with such land on which the dwelling and appurtenant buildings are located as is in the same ownership as such dwelling and as the Secretary designates as reasonably necessary for the owner's continued use and occupancy of the dwelling.

(Pub. L. 86-321, § 8, as added Pub. L. 102-488, § 2(5)(4), Oct. 24, 1992, 106 Stat. 3137.)

SUBCHAPTER LVI—CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK

§ 410y. Definitions

As used in this subchapter—

(a) “Park” means the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal National Historical Park, as herein established.

(b) “Canal” means the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, including its towpath.

(c) “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

(d) “State” means any State, and includes the District of Columbia.

(e) “Local government” means any political subdivision of a State, including a county, municipality, city, town, township, or a school or other special district created pursuant to State law.

(f) “Person” means any individual, partnership, corporation, private nonprofit organization, or club.

(g) “Landowner” means any person, local government, or State owning, or on reasonable grounds professing to own, lands or interests in lands adjacent to or in the vicinity of the park.

(Pub. L. 91-664, § 2, Jan. 8, 1971, 84 Stat. 1978.)

SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 91-664, § 1, Jan. 8, 1971, 84 Stat. 1978, provided: “That this Act [enacting this subchapter] shall be known as the ‘Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Development Act’.”

DEDICATION TO JUSTICE WILLIAM O. DOUGLAS

Pub. L. 95-11, Mar. 15, 1977, 91 Stat. 21, provided: “That the canal and towpath of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal National Historical Park are hereby dedicated to Justice William O. Douglas in grateful recognition of his long outstanding service as a prominent American conservationist and for his efforts to preserve and protect the canal and towpath from development.

“SEC. 2. In order to carry out the provisions of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed to provide such identification by signs, including, but not limited to changes in existing signs, materials, maps, markers, interpretive programs or other means as will appropriately inform the public of the contributions of Justice William O. Douglas.

“SEC. 3. The Secretary of the Interior is further authorized and directed to cause to be erected and maintained, within the exterior boundaries of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal National Historical Park, an ap-