

(b) Access

Except as provided in subsection (a)(4), access to and use of the Area for all other purposes shall continue to be administered by the Secretary.

(c) Compensable interest**(1) In general**

If, by an Act of Congress enacted after February 20, 2003, Congress diminishes the national forest or wilderness designation of the Area by authorizing a use prohibited by section 539m-2(e) of this title in all or any portion of the Area, or denies the Pueblo access for any traditional or cultural use in all or any portion of the Area—

(A) the United States shall compensate the Pueblo as if the Pueblo held a fee title interest in the affected portion of the Area and as though the United States had acquired such an interest by legislative exercise of the power of eminent domain; and

(B) the restrictions of sections 539m-2(e) and 539m-4(a) of this title shall be disregarded in determining just compensation owed to the Pueblo.

(2) Effect

Any compensation made to the Pueblo under paragraph (c)¹ shall not affect the extinguishment of claims under section 539m-8 of this title.

(Pub. L. 108-7, div. F, title IV, § 405, Feb. 20, 2003, 117 Stat. 283.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Wilderness Act, referred to in subsec. (a)(1)(A), is Pub. L. 88-577, Sept. 3, 1964, 78 Stat. 890, as amended, which is classified generally to chapter 23 (§1131 et seq.) of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1131 of this title and Tables.

Sections 539m to 539m-12 of this title, referred to in subsec. (a)(2), was in the original “this title”, meaning title IV of div. F of Pub. L. 108-7, Feb. 20, 2003, 117 Stat. 279, which is classified generally to sections 539m to 539m-12 of this title. For complete classification of title IV to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 539m of this title and Tables.

§ 539m-4. Limitations on Pueblo rights and interests in the Area**(a) Limitations**

The rights and interests of the Pueblo recognized in sections 539m to 539m-12 of this title do not include—

(1) any right to sell, grant, lease, convey, encumber, or exchange land or any interest in land in the Area (and any such conveyance shall not have validity in law or equity);

(2) any exemption from applicable Federal wildlife protection laws;

(3) any right to engage in a use prohibited by section 539m-2(e) of this title; or

(4) any right to exclude persons or governmental entities from the Area.

(b) Exception

No person who exercises traditional or cultural use rights as authorized by section

539m-3(a)(4) of this title may be prosecuted for a Federal wildlife offense requiring proof of a violation of a State law (including regulations).

(Pub. L. 108-7, div. F, title IV, § 406, Feb. 20, 2003, 117 Stat. 284.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Sections 539m to 539m-12 of this title, referred to in subsec. (a), was in the original “this title”, meaning title IV of div. F of Pub. L. 108-7, Feb. 20, 2003, 117 Stat. 279, which is classified generally to sections 539m to 539m-12 of this title. For complete classification of title IV to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 539m of this title and Tables.

§ 539m-5. Management of the Area**(a) Process****(1) In general**

The Secretary shall consult with the Pueblo not less than twice each year, unless otherwise mutually agreed, concerning protection, preservation, and management of the Area (including proposed new uses and modified uses in the Area and authorizations that are anticipated during the next 6 months and were approved in the preceding 6 months).

(2) New uses**(A) Request for consent after consultation****(i) Denial of consent**

If the Pueblo denies consent for a new use within 30 days after completion of the consultation process, the Secretary shall not proceed with the new use.

(ii) Granting of consent

If the Pueblo consents to the new use in writing or fails to respond within 30 days after completion of the consultation process, the Secretary may proceed with the notice and comment process and the environmental analysis.

(B) Final request for consent**(i) Request**

Before the Secretary (or a designee) signs a record of decision or decision notice for a proposed new use, the Secretary shall again request the consent of the Pueblo.

(ii) Denial of consent

If the Pueblo denies consent for a new use within 30 days after receipt by the Pueblo of the proposed record of decision or decision notice, the new use shall not be authorized.

(iii) Failure to respond

If the Pueblo fails to respond to the consent request within 30 days after receipt of the proposed record of decision or decision notice—

(I) the Pueblo shall be deemed to have consented to the proposed record of decision or decision notice; and

(II) the Secretary may proceed to issue the final record of decision or decision notice.

¹ So in original. Probably should be paragraph “(1)”.

(3) Public involvement**(A) In general**

With respect to a proposed new use or modified use, the public shall be provided notice of—

- (i) the purpose and need for the proposed new use or modified use;
- (ii) the role of the Pueblo in the decisionmaking process; and
- (iii) the position of the Pueblo on the proposal.

(B) Court challenge

Any person may bring a civil action in the United States District Court for the District of New Mexico to challenge a determination by the Secretary concerning whether a use constitutes a new use or a modified use.

(b) Emergencies and emergency closure orders**(1) Authority**

The Secretary shall retain the authority of the Secretary to manage emergency situations, to—

- (A) provide for public safety; and
- (B) issue emergency closure orders in the Area subject to applicable law.

(2) Notice

The Secretary shall notify the Pueblo regarding emergencies, public safety issues, and emergency closure orders as soon as practicable.

(3) No consent

An action of the Secretary described in paragraph (1) shall not require the consent of the Pueblo.

(c) Disputes involving Forest Service management and Pueblo traditional uses**(1) In general**

In a case in which the management of the Area by the Secretary conflicts with a traditional or cultural use, if the conflict does not pertain to a new use subject to the process specified in subsection (a)(2), the process for dispute resolution specified in this subsection shall apply.

(2) Dispute resolution process**(A) In general**

In the case of a conflict described in paragraph (1)—

- (i) the party identifying the conflict shall notify the other party in writing addressed to the Governor of the Pueblo or the Regional Forester, as appropriate, specifying the nature of the dispute; and
- (ii) the Governor of the Pueblo or the Regional Forester shall attempt to resolve the dispute for a period of at least 30 days after notice has been provided before bringing a civil action in the United States District Court for the District of New Mexico.

(B) Disputes requiring immediate resolution

In the case of a conflict that requires immediate resolution to avoid imminent, substantial, and irreparable harm—

- (i) the party identifying the conflict shall notify the other party and seek to re-

solve the dispute within 3 days of the date of notification; and

- (ii) if the parties are unable to resolve the dispute within 3 days—

(I) either party may bring a civil action for immediate relief in the United States District Court for the District of New Mexico; and

(II) the procedural requirements specified in subparagraph (A) shall not apply.

(Pub. L. 108-7, div. F, title IV, §407, Feb. 20, 2003, 117 Stat. 284.)

§ 539m-6. Jurisdiction over the Area**(a) Criminal jurisdiction****(1) In general**

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, jurisdiction over crimes committed in the Area shall be allocated as provided in this paragraph.¹

(2) Jurisdiction of the Pueblo

The Pueblo shall have jurisdiction over an offense committed by a member of the Pueblo or of another federally-recognized Indian tribe who is present in the Area with the permission of the Pueblo under section 539m-3(a)(4) of this title.

(3) Jurisdiction of the United States

The United States shall have jurisdiction over—

- (A) an offense described in section 1153 of title 18 committed by a member of the Pueblo or another federally-recognized Indian tribe;
- (B) an offense committed by any person in violation of the laws (including regulations) pertaining to the protection and management of national forests;
- (C) enforcement of Federal criminal laws of general applicability; and
- (D) any other offense committed by a member of the Pueblo against a person not a member of the Pueblo.

(4) Jurisdiction of the State of New Mexico

The State of New Mexico shall have jurisdiction over an offense under the law of the State committed by a person not a member of the Pueblo.

(5) Overlapping jurisdiction

To the extent that the respective allocations of jurisdiction over the Area under paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) overlap, the governments shall have concurrent jurisdiction.

(6) Federal use of State law

Under the jurisdiction of the United States described in paragraph (3)(D), Federal law shall incorporate any offense defined and punishable under State law that is not so defined under Federal law.

(b) Civil jurisdiction**(1) In general**

Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), the United States, the State of New Mexico,

¹ So in original. Probably should be "subsection."