

on the map entitled “Southeast Arizona Land Exchange and Conservation Act of 2011—Federal Parcel—Superior Airport Contiguous Parcels” and dated March 2011.

(2) Payment

The Town shall pay to the Secretary the market value for each parcel of land or interest in land acquired under this subsection, as determined by appraisals conducted in accordance with subsection (c)(4).

(3) Sisk Act

Any payment received by the Secretary from the Town under this subsection shall be deposited in the fund established under section 484a of this title and shall be made available to the Secretary for the acquisition of land or interests in land in Region 3 of the Forest Service.

(4) Terms and conditions

The conveyances under this subsection shall be subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary may require.

(i) Miscellaneous provisions

(1) Revocation of orders; withdrawal

(A) Revocation of orders

Any public land order that withdraws the Federal land from appropriation or disposal under a public land law shall be revoked to the extent necessary to permit disposal of the land.

(B) Withdrawal

On December 19, 2014, if the Federal land or any Federal interest in the non-Federal land to be exchanged under subsection (c) is not withdrawn or segregated from entry and appropriation under a public land law (including mining and mineral leasing laws and the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970 (30 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.)), the land or interest shall be withdrawn, without further action required by the Secretary concerned, from entry and appropriation. The withdrawal shall be terminated—

(i) on the date of consummation of the land exchange; or

(ii) if Resolution Copper notifies the Secretary in writing that it has elected to withdraw from the land exchange pursuant to section 206(d) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, as amended (43 U.S.C. 1716(d)).

(C) Rights of Resolution Copper

Nothing in this section shall interfere with, limit, or otherwise impair, the unpatented mining claims or rights currently held by Resolution Copper on the Federal land, nor in any way change, diminish, qualify, or otherwise impact Resolution Copper's rights and ability to conduct activities on the Federal land under such unpatented mining claims and the general mining laws of the United States, including the permitting or authorization of such activities.

(2) Maps, estimates, and descriptions

(A) Minor errors

The Secretary concerned and Resolution Copper may correct, by mutual agreement,

any minor errors in any map, acreage estimate, or description of any land conveyed or exchanged under this section.

(B) Conflict

If there is a conflict between a map, an acreage estimate, or a description of land in this section, the map shall control unless the Secretary concerned and Resolution Copper mutually agree otherwise.

(C) Availability

On December 19, 2014, the Secretary shall file and make available for public inspection in the Office of the Supervisor, Tonto National Forest, each map referred to in this section.

(3) Public access in and around Oak Flat Campground

As a condition of conveyance of the Federal land, Resolution Copper shall agree to provide access to the surface of the Oak Flat Campground to members of the public, including Indian tribes, to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with health and safety requirements, until such time as the operation of the mine precludes continued public access for safety reasons, as determined by Resolution Copper.

(Pub. L. 113–291, div. B, title XXX, § 3003, Dec. 19, 2014, 128 Stat. 3732.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Enactment of this Act, referred to in subsec. (c)(6)(A), means the enactment of Pub. L. 113–291, which was approved Dec. 19, 2014.

The National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, referred to in subsec. (c)(9), is Pub. L. 91–190, Jan. 1, 1970, 83 Stat. 852, which is classified generally to chapter 55 (§4321 et seq.) of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 4321 of Title 42 and Tables.

The Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, referred to in subsec. (d)(2)(B)(ii), is Pub. L. 94–579, Oct. 21, 1976, 90 Stat. 2743, which is classified principally to chapter 35 (§1701 et seq.) of Title 43, Public Lands. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1701 of Title 43 and Tables.

The Geothermal Steam Act of 1970, referred to in subsec. (i)(1)(B), is Pub. L. 91–581, Dec. 24, 1970, 84 Stat. 1566, which is classified principally to chapter 23 (§1001 et seq.) of Title 30, Mineral Lands and Mining. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1001 of Title 30 and Tables.

CODIFICATION

In subsec. (d)(2)(A)(iii), “sections 100506(c) and 200306 of title 54” substituted for “section 7 of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 4601–9) [sic]” on authority of Pub. L. 113–287, §6(e), Dec. 19, 2014, 128 Stat. 3272, which Act enacted Title 54, National Park Service and Related Programs.

§ 539q. Hermosa Creek watershed protection

(a) Definitions

In this section:

(1) City

The term “City” means the city of Durango, Colorado.

(2) County

The term “County” means La Plata County, Colorado.

(3) Secretary

The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Agriculture.

(4) Special Management Area

The term “Special Management Area” means the Hermosa Creek Special Management Area designated by subsection (b)(1).

(5) State

The term “State” means the State of Colorado.

(b) Designation of Hermosa Creek Special Management Area**(1) Designation**

Subject to valid existing rights, certain Federal land in the San Juan National Forest comprising approximately 70,650 acres, as generally depicted on the map entitled “Proposed Hermosa Creek Special Management Area and Proposed Hermosa Creek Wilderness Area” and dated November 12, 2014, is designated as the “Hermosa Creek Special Management Area”.

(2) Purpose

The purpose of the Special Management Area is to conserve and protect for the benefit of present and future generations the watershed, geological, cultural, natural, scientific, recreational, wildlife, riparian, historical, educational, and scenic resources of the Special Management Area.

(3) Administration**(A) In general**

The Secretary shall administer the Special Management Area—

- (i) in a manner that conserves, protects, and manages the resources of the Special Management Area described in paragraph (2); and
- (ii) in accordance with—
 - (I) the National Forest Management Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 1600 et seq.);
 - (II) this Act; and
 - (III) any other applicable laws.

(B) Uses**(i) In general**

The Secretary shall allow only such uses of the Special Management Area as the Secretary determines would further the purposes¹ described in paragraph (2).

(ii) Motorized and mechanized vehicles**(I) In general**

Except as provided in subclause (II) and as needed for administrative purposes or to respond to an emergency, the use of motorized or mechanized vehicles in the Special Management Area shall be permitted only on roads and trails designated by the Secretary for use by those vehicles.

(II) Oversnow vehicles

The Secretary shall authorize the use of snowmobiles and other oversnow vehi-

cles within the Special Management Area—

- (aa) when there exists adequate snow coverage; and
- (bb) subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary may require.

(iii) Grazing

The Secretary shall permit grazing within the Special Management Area, if established before December 19, 2014, subject to all applicable laws (including regulations) and Executive orders.

(iv) Prohibited activities

Within the area of the Special Management Area identified as “East Hermosa Area” on the map entitled “Proposed Hermosa Creek Special Management Area and Proposed Hermosa Creek Wilderness Area” and dated November 12, 2014, the following activities shall be prohibited:

- (I) New permanent or temporary road construction or the renovation of existing nonsystem roads, except as allowed under the final rule entitled “Special Areas; Roadless Area Conservation; Applicability to the National Forests in Colorado” (77 Fed. Reg. 39576 (July 3, 2012)).
- (II) Projects undertaken for the purpose of harvesting commercial timber (other than activities relating to the harvest of merchantable products that are byproducts of activities conducted for ecological restoration or to further the purposes described in this section).

(4) State and Federal water management

Nothing in this subsection affects the potential for development, operation, or maintenance of a water storage reservoir at the site in the Special Management Area that is identified in—

- (A) pages 17 through 20 of the Statewide Water Supply Initiative studies prepared by the Colorado Water Conservation Board and issued by the State in November 2004; and
- (B) page 27 of the Colorado Dam Site Inventory prepared by the Colorado Water Conservation Board and dated August 1996.

(5) Withdrawal**(A) In general**

Subject to valid rights in existence on December 19, 2014, and except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Federal land within the Special Management Area is withdrawn from—

- (i) all forms of entry, appropriation, and disposal under the public land laws;
- (ii) location, entry, and patent under the mining laws; and
- (iii) operation of the mineral leasing, mineral materials, and geothermal leasing laws.

(B) Exception

The withdrawal under subparagraph (A) shall not apply to the areas identified as parcels A and B on the map entitled “Proposed Hermosa Creek Special Management

¹ So in original. Probably should be “purpose”.

Area and Proposed Hermosa Creek Wilderness Area” and dated November 12, 2014.

(6) Winter skiing and related winter activities

Nothing in this subsection alters or limits—

- (A) a permit held by a ski area;
- (B) the implementation of the activities governed by a ski area permit; or
- (C) the authority of the Secretary to modify or expand an existing ski area permit.

(7) Vegetation management

Nothing in this subsection prevents the Secretary from conducting vegetation management projects within the Special Management Area—

- (A) subject to—
 - (i) such reasonable regulations, policies, and practices as the Secretary determines to be appropriate; and
 - (ii) all applicable laws (including regulations); and
- (B) in a manner consistent with—
 - (i) the purposes¹ described in paragraph (2); and
 - (ii) this subsection.

(8) Wildfire, insect, and disease management

In accordance with this subsection, the Secretary may—

- (A) carry out any measures that the Secretary determines to be necessary to manage wildland fire and treat hazardous fuels, insects, and diseases in the Special Management Area; and
- (B) coordinate those measures with the appropriate State or local agency, as the Secretary determines to be necessary.

(9) Management plan

Not later than 3 years after December 19, 2014, the Secretary shall develop a management plan for the long-term protection and management of the Special Management Area that—

- (A) takes into account public input; and
- (B) provides for recreational opportunities to occur within the Special Management Area, including skiing, biking, hiking, fishing, hunting, horseback riding, snowmobiling, motorcycle riding, off-highway vehicle use, snowshoeing, and camping.

(10) Trail and open area snowmobile usage

Nothing in this subsection affects the use or status of trails authorized for motorized or mechanized vehicle or open area snowmobile use on December 19, 2014.

(11) State water rights

Nothing in this subsection affects access to, use of, or allocation of any absolute or conditional water right that is—

- (A) decreed under the laws of the State; and
- (B) in existence on December 19, 2014.

(c) Hermosa Creek Wilderness

(1) Omitted

(2) Effective date

Any reference contained in the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.) to the effective date

of that Act shall be considered to be a reference to December 19, 2014, for purposes of administering the wilderness area designated by section 2(a)(22) of the Colorado Wilderness Act of 1993 (16 U.S.C. 1132 note; 107 Stat. 756; 114 Stat. 1955; 116 Stat. 1055) (as added by paragraph (1)).²

(3) Fire, insects, and diseases

In accordance with section 4(d)(1) of the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1133(d)(1)), within the wilderness areas designated by section 2(a)(22) of the Colorado Wilderness Act of 1993 (16 U.S.C. 1132 note; 107 Stat. 756; 114 Stat. 1955; 116 Stat. 1055) (as added by paragraph (1)),² the Secretary may carry out any measure that the Secretary determines to be necessary to control fire, insects, and diseases, subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.

(d) Durango Area mineral withdrawal

(1) Withdrawal

Subject to valid existing rights, the land and mineral interests described in paragraph (2) are withdrawn from all forms of—

- (A) entry, appropriation, and disposal under the public land laws;
- (B) location, entry, and patent under the mining laws; and
- (C) disposition under all laws relating to mineral leasing, geothermal leasing, or mineral materials.

(2) Description of land and mineral interests

The land and mineral interests referred to in paragraph (1) are the Federal land and mineral interests generally depicted within the areas designated as “Withdrawal Areas” on the map entitled “Perins Peak & Animas City Mountain, Horse Gulch and Lake Nighthorse Mineral Withdrawal” and dated April 5, 2013.

(3) Public purpose conveyance

Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the Secretary of the Interior may convey any portion of the land described in paragraph (2) that is administered by the Bureau of Land Management to the City, the County, or the State—

- (A) pursuant to the Act of June 14, 1926 (commonly known as the “Recreation and Public Purposes Act”) (43 U.S.C. 869 et seq.); or
- (B) by exchange in accordance with applicable laws (including regulations).

(e) Conveyance of Bureau of Land Management land to County

(1) In general

On the expiration of the permit numbered COC 64651 (09) and dated February 24, 2009, on request and agreement of the County, the Secretary of the Interior shall convey to the County, without consideration and subject to valid existing rights, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the land described in paragraph (2), subject to—

- (A) paragraph (3);
- (B) the condition that the County shall pay all administrative and other costs associated with the conveyance; and

² See Codification note below.

(C) such other terms and conditions as the Secretary of the Interior determines to be necessary.

(2) Description of land

The land referred to in paragraph (1) consists of approximately 82 acres of land managed by the Bureau of Land Management, Tres Rios District, Colorado, as generally depicted on the map entitled “La Plata County Grandview Conveyance” and dated May 5, 2014.

(3) Use of conveyed land

The Federal land conveyed pursuant to this subsection may be used by the County for any public purpose, in accordance with the Act of June 14, 1926 (commonly known as the “Recreation and Public Purposes Act”) (43 U.S.C. 869 et seq.).

(4) Reversion

If the County ceases to use a parcel of the Federal land conveyed pursuant to this subsection in accordance with paragraph (1), title to the parcel shall revert to the Secretary of the Interior, at the option of the Secretary of the Interior.

(f) Molas Pass Recreation Area; Wilderness Study Area release; Wilderness Study Area transfer of administrative jurisdiction

(1) Molas Pass Recreation Area

(A) Designation

The approximately 461 acres of land in San Juan County, Colorado, that is generally depicted as “Molas Pass Recreation Area” on the map entitled “Molas Pass Recreation Area and Molas Pass Wilderness Study Area” and dated November 13, 2014, is designated as the “Molas Pass Recreation Area”.

(B) Use of snowmobiles

The use of snowmobiles shall be authorized in the Molas Pass Recreation Area—

- (i) during periods of adequate snow coverage;
- (ii) in accordance with the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) and other applicable laws (including regulations);
- (iii) on designated trails for winter motorized travel and grooming;
- (iv) in designated areas for open area motorized travel; and
- (v) subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary may require.

(C) Other recreational opportunities

In addition to the uses authorized under subparagraph (B), the Secretary may authorize other recreational uses in the Molas Pass Recreation Area.

(2) Molas Pass Wilderness Study Area

(A) Transfer of administrative jurisdiction

Administrative jurisdiction over the Federal land generally depicted as “Molas Pass Wilderness Study Area” on the map entitled “Molas Pass Recreation Area and Molas Pass Wilderness Study Area”, and dated November 13, 2014, is transferred from the Bu-

reau of Land Management to the Forest Service.

(B) Administration

The Federal land described in subparagraph (A) shall—

- (i) be known as the “Molas Pass Wilderness Study Area”; and
- (ii) be administered by the Secretary, so as to maintain the wilderness character and potential of the Federal land for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System.

(3) Release

(A) Finding

Congress finds that the land described in subparagraph (C) has been adequately studied for wilderness designation under section 603 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1782).

(B) Release

Effective beginning on December 19, 2014, the land described in subparagraph (C)—

- (i) shall not be subject to section 603(c) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1782(c));
- (ii) shall be managed in accordance with land management plans adopted under section 202 of that Act (43 U.S.C. 1712); and
- (iii) shall not be subject to Secretarial Order 3310 issued on December 22, 2010.

(C) Description of land

The land referred to in subparagraphs (A) and (B) is the approximately 461 acres located in the West Needles Contiguous Wilderness Study Area of San Juan County, Colorado, that is generally depicted as “Molas Pass Recreation Area and Molas Pass Wilderness Study Area” and dated November 13, 2014.

(g) General provisions

(1) Fish and wildlife

Nothing in this section affects the jurisdiction or responsibility of the State with regard to fish and wildlife in the State.

(2) Maps and legal descriptions

(A) In general

As soon as practicable after December 19, 2014, the Secretary or the Secretary of the Interior, as appropriate, shall prepare maps and legal descriptions of—

- (i) the Special Management Area;
- (ii) the wilderness area designated by the amendment made by subsection (c)(1);²
- (iii) the withdrawal pursuant to subsection (d);
- (iv) the conveyance pursuant to subsection (e);
- (v) the recreation area designated by subsection (f)(1); and
- (vi) the wilderness study area designated by subsection (f)(2)(B)(i).

(B) Force of law

The maps and legal descriptions prepared under subparagraph (A) shall have the same

force and effect as if included in this section, except that the Secretary concerned may correct any clerical or typographical errors in the maps and legal descriptions.

(C) Public availability

The maps and legal descriptions prepared under subparagraph (A) shall be on file and available for public inspection in the appropriate offices of the Forest Service and the Bureau of Land Management.

(3) Adjacent management

(A) In general

Nothing in this section establishes a protective perimeter or buffer zone around—

- (i) the Special Management Area;
- (ii) the wilderness area designated by an amendment made by subsection (c)(1);² or
- (iii) the wilderness study area designated by subsection (f)(2)(B)(i).

(B) Nonwilderness activities

The fact that a nonwilderness activity or use can be seen or heard from areas within the wilderness area designated by an amendment made by subsection (c)(1)² or the wilderness study area designated by subsection (f)(2)(B)(i) shall not preclude the conduct of the activity or use outside the boundary of the wilderness area or wilderness study area.

(4) Military overflights

Nothing in this section restricts or precludes—

- (A) any low-level overflight of military aircraft over an area designated as a wilderness area under an amendment made by this section,² including military overflights that can be seen, heard, or detected within the wilderness area;
- (B) flight testing or evaluation; or
- (C) the designation or establishment of—
 - (i) new units of special use airspace; or
 - (ii) any military flight training route over a wilderness area described in subparagraph (A).

(Pub. L. 113–291, div. B, title XXX, § 3062, Dec. 19, 2014, 128 Stat. 3821.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The National Forest Management Act of 1976, referred to in subsec. (b)(3)(A)(ii)(I), is Pub. L. 94–588, Oct. 22, 1976, 90 Stat. 2949, which enacted sections 472a, 521b, 1600, and 1611 to 1614 of this title, amended sections 500, 515, 516, 518, 576b, and 1601 to 1610 of this title, repealed sections 476, 513, and 514 of this title, and enacted provisions set out as notes under sections 476, 513, 528, 594–2, and 1600 of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title of 1976 Amendment note set out under section 1600 of this title and Tables.

This Act, referred to in subsec. (b)(3)(A)(ii)(II), is Pub. L. 113–291, Dec. 19, 2014, 128 Stat. 3292, known as the Carl Levin and Howard P. “Buck” McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Tables.

The Wilderness Act, referred to in subsec. (c)(2), is Pub. L. 88–577, Sept. 3, 1964, 78 Stat. 890, which is classified generally to chapter 23 (§1131 et seq.) of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1131 of this title and Tables.

Section 2(a)(22) of the Colorado Wilderness Act of 1993, referred to in subsec. (c)(2), (3), is section 2(a)(22)

of Pub. L. 103–77, as added by Pub. L. 113–291, div. B, title XXX, § 3062(c)(1), Dec. 19, 2014, 128 Stat. 3823, which is listed in a table of Wilderness Areas set out under section 1132 of this title.

Act of June 14, 1926, referred to in subsecs. (d)(3)(A) and (e)(3), is act June 14, 1926, ch. 578, 44 Stat. 741, popularly known as the Recreation and Public Purposes Act, which is classified to sections 869 to 869–4 of Title 43, Public Lands. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 869 of Title 43 and Tables.

The Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, referred to in subsec. (f)(1)(B)(ii), is Pub. L. 94–579, Oct. 21, 1976, 90 Stat. 2743, which is classified principally to chapter 35 (§1701 et seq.) of Title 43, Public Lands. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1701 of Title 43 and Tables.

CODIFICATION

Section is comprised of section 3062 of Pub. L. 113–291. Subsec. (c)(1) of section 3062 of Pub. L. 113–291 enacted section 2(a)(22) of Pub. L. 103–77, which is listed in a table of Wilderness Areas set out under section 1132 of this title.

§ 539r. Rocky Mountain Front Conservation Management Area and wilderness additions

(a) Definitions

In this section:

(1) Conservation Management Area

The term “Conservation Management Area” means the Rocky Mountain Front Conservation Management Area established by subsection (b)(1)(A).

(2) Decommission

The term “decommission” means—

(A) to reestablish vegetation on a road; and

(B) to restore any natural drainage, watershed function, or other ecological processes that are disrupted or adversely impacted by the road by removing or hydrologically disconnecting the road prism.

(3) District

The term “district” means the Rocky Mountain Ranger District of the Lewis and Clark National Forest.

(4) Map

The term “map” means the map entitled “Rocky Mountain Front Heritage Act” and dated October 27, 2011.

(5) Nonmotorized recreation trail

The term “nonmotorized recreation trail” means a trail designed for hiking, bicycling, or equestrian use.

(6) Secretary

The term “Secretary” means—

(A) with respect to land under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Agriculture; and

(B) with respect to land under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of the Interior.

(7) State

The term “State” means the State of Montana.