formance of the official duties of the attorney in enforcing Federal criminal law;

(iv) if the report discloses a violation of State criminal law, to an appropriate official of a State or subdivision of a State for the purpose of enforcing such State law;

(v) to a defendant in a criminal case or the attorney for that defendant, subject to the terms and limitations under section 3509(m) or a similar State law, to the extent the information relates to a criminal charge pending against that defendant;

(vi) subject to subparagraph (B), to an electronic communication service provider or remote computing provider if necessary to facilitate response to legal process issued in connection to a criminal investigation, prosecution, or post-conviction remedy relating to that report; and

(vii) as ordered by a court upon a showing of good cause and pursuant to any protective orders or other conditions that the court may impose.

#### (B) LIMITATIONS.—

- (i) LIMITATIONS ON FURTHER DISCLO-SURE.—The electronic communication service provider or remote computing service provider shall be prohibited from disclosing the contents of a report provided under subparagraph (A)(vi) to any person, except as necessary to respond to the legal process.
- (ii) EFFECT.—Nothing in subparagraph (A)(vi) authorizes a law enforcement agency to provide child pornography images to an electronic communications service provider or a remote computing service.
- (3) PERMITTED DISCLOSURES BY THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR MISSING AND EXPLOITED CHILDREN.—The National Center for Missing and Exploited Children may disclose information received in a report under subsection (a) only—
  - (A) to any Federal law enforcement agency designated by the Attorney General under subsection (d)(2);
  - (B) to any State, local, or tribal law enforcement agency involved in the investigation of child pornography, child exploitation, kidnapping, or enticement crimes;
  - (C) to any foreign law enforcement agency designated by the Attorney General under subsection (d)(3); and
  - (D) to an electronic communication service provider or remote computing service provider as described in section 2258C.

# (h) Preservation.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—For the purposes of this section, the notification to an electronic communication service provider or a remote computing service provider by the CyberTipline of receipt of a report under subsection (a)(1) shall be treated as a request to preserve, as if such request was made pursuant to section 2703(f).
- (2) PRESERVATION OF REPORT.—Pursuant to paragraph (1), an electronic communication service provider or a remote computing service shall preserve the contents of the report provided pursuant to subsection (b) for 90 days after such notification by the CyberTipline.

- (3) PRESERVATION OF COMMINGLED IMAGES.—Pursuant to paragraph (1), an electronic communication service provider or a remote computing service shall preserve any images, data, or other digital files that are commingled or interspersed among the images of apparent child pornography within a particular communication or user-created folder or directory.
- (4) PROTECTION OF PRESERVED MATERIALS.—An electronic communications service or remote computing service preserving materials under this section shall maintain the materials in a secure location and take appropriate steps to limit access by agents or employees of the service to the materials to that access necessary to comply with the requirements of this subsection.
- (5) AUTHORITIES AND DUTIES NOT AFFECTED.— Nothing in this section shall be construed as replacing, amending, or otherwise interfering with the authorities and duties under section 2703

(Added Pub. L. 110–401, title V, §501(a), Oct. 13, 2008, 122 Stat. 4243.)

## § 2258B. Limited liability for electronic communication service providers, remote computing service providers, or domain name registrar <sup>1</sup>

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), a civil claim or criminal charge against an electronic communication service provider, a remote computing service provider, or domain² name registrar, including any director, officer, employee, or agent of such electronic communication service provider, remote computing service provider, or domain name registrar arising from the performance of the reporting or preservation responsibilities of such electronic communication service provider, remote computing service provider, or domain name registrar under this section, section 2258A, or section 2258C may not be brought in any Federal or State court.
- (b) Intentional, Reckless, or Other Misconduct.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to a claim if the electronic communication service provider, remote computing service provider, or domain name registrar, or a director, officer, employee, or agent of that electronic communication service provider, remote computing service provider, or domain name registrar—
  - (1) engaged in intentional misconduct; or
  - (2) acted, or failed to act-
    - (A) with actual malice;
  - (B) with reckless disregard to a substantial risk of causing physical injury without legal justification; or
  - (C) for a purpose unrelated to the performance of any responsibility or function under this section,<sup>3</sup> sections 2258A, 2258C, 2702, or 2703.
- (c) MINIMIZING ACCESS.—An electronic communication service provider, a remote computing service provider, and domain<sup>2</sup> name registrar shall—

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>So in original. Probably should be "registrars".

 $<sup>^2\,\</sup>mathrm{So}$  in original. Probably should be preceded by "a"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> So in original. Probably should be followed by "or".

- (1) minimize the number of employees that are provided access to any image provided under section 2258A or 2258C; and
- (2) ensure that any such image is permanently destroyed, upon a request from a law enforcement agency to destroy the image.

(Added Pub. L. 110-401, title V, §501(a), Oct. 13, 2008, 122 Stat. 4248.)

# § 2258C. Use to combat child pornography of technical elements relating to images reported to the CyberTipline

#### (a) Elements.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The National Center for Missing and Exploited Children may provide elements relating to any apparent child pornography image of an identified child to an electronic communication service provider or a remote computing service provider for the sole and exclusive purpose of permitting that electronic communication service provider or remote computing service provider to stop the further transmission of images.
- (2) INCLUSIONS.—The elements authorized under paragraph (1) may include hash values or other unique identifiers associated with a specific image, Internet location of images, and other technological elements that can be used to identify and stop the transmission of child pornography.
- (3) EXCLUSION.—The elements authorized under paragraph (1) may not include the actual images
- (b) USE BY ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION SERVICE PROVIDERS AND REMOTE COMPUTING SERVICE PROVIDERS.—Any electronic communication service provider or remote computing service provider that receives elements relating to any apparent child pornography image of an identified child from the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children under this section may use such information only for the purposes described in this section, provided that such use shall not relieve that electronic communication service provider or remote computing service provider from its reporting obligations under section 2258A.
- (c) LIMITATIONS.—Nothing in subsections <sup>1</sup> (a) or (b) requires electronic communication service providers or remote computing service providers receiving elements relating to any apparent child pornography image of an identified child from the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children to use the elements to stop the further transmission of the images.
- (d) Provision of Elements to Law Enforce-MENT.—The National Center for Missing and Exploited Children shall make available to Federal, State, and local law enforcement involved in the investigation of child pornography crimes elements, including hash values, relating to any apparent child pornography image of an identified child reported to the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children.
- (e) USE BY LAW ENFORCEMENT.—Any Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency that receives elements relating to any apparent child pornography image of an identified child from

the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children under section (d) may use such elements only in the performance of the official duties of that agency to investigate child pornography crimes.

(Added Pub. L. 110–401, title V, §501(a), Oct. 13, 2008, 122 Stat. 4249.)

# § 2258D. Limited liability for the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), a civil claim or criminal charge against the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children, including any director, officer, employee, or agent of such center, arising from the performance of the CyberTipline responsibilities or functions of such center, as described in this section, section 2258A or 2258C of this title, or section 404 of the Missing Children's Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5773),¹ or from the effort of such center to identify child victims may not be brought in any Federal or State court.
- (b) INTENTIONAL, RECKLESS, OR OTHER MISCONDUCT.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to a claim or charge if the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children, or a director, officer, employee, or agent of such center—
  - (1) engaged in intentional misconduct; or
  - (2) acted, or failed to act—
    - (A) with actual malice;
  - (B) with reckless disregard to a substantial risk of causing injury without legal justification; or
  - (C) for a purpose unrelated to the performance of any responsibility or function under this section, section 2258A or 2258C of this title, or section 404 of the Missing Children's Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5773).<sup>1</sup>
- (c) Ordinary Business Activities.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to an act or omission relating to an ordinary business activity, including general administration or operations, the use of motor vehicles, or personnel management.
- (d) MINIMIZING ACCESS.—The National Center for Missing and Exploited Children shall—
- (1) minimize the number of employees that are provided access to any image provided under section 2258A; and
- (2) ensure that any such image is permanently destroyed upon notification from a law enforcement agency.

(Added Pub. L. 110–401, title V, 501(a), Oct. 13, 2008, 122 Stat. 4250.)

### REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 404 of the Missing Children's Assistance Act, referred to in subsecs. (a) and (b)(2)(C), is section 404 of title IV of Pub. L. 93-415, which was formerly classified to section 5773 of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare, prior to editorial reclassification as section 11293 of Title 34, Crime Control and Law Enforcement.

# § 2258E. Definitions

In sections 2258A through 2258D-

(1) the terms "attorney for the government" and "State" have the meanings given those

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>So in original. Probably should be "subsection".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See References in Text note below.