

shoot, or hunts game of any kind in a national military park with a gun or dog, or sets a trap or net or other device in a national military park to hunt or catch game of any kind, shall be imprisoned not less than 5 nor more than 30 days, fined under this title, or both.

(Added Pub. L. 113-287, § 4(a)(1), Dec. 19, 2014, 128 Stat. 3260.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised Section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
1865(a) .....	16 U.S.C. 3 (1st sentence words after "National Park Service")	Aug. 25, 1916, ch. 408, § 3 (1st sentence words after "National Park Service"), 39 Stat. 535; June 2, 1920, ch. 218, § 5 (last sentence words after "for other purposes" and before proviso), 41 Stat. 732.
1865(b) .....	16 U.S.C. 1912(d)	Pub. L. 94-429, § 13(d), Sept. 28, 1976, 90 Stat. 1345.
1865(c) .....	16 U.S.C. 413	Mar. 3, 1897, ch. 372, §§ 1, 2, 5, 29 Stat. 621, 622.
1865(d) .....	16 U.S.C. 414.	

In subsection (a), the words "fined under this title" are substituted for "punished by a fine of not more than \$500" for consistency with chapter 227.

In subsection (b), the words "fined under this title" are substituted for "fined not more than \$2,500" for consistency with chapter 227.

In subsection (c), the words "fined under this title but not less than \$10" are substituted for "deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than \$10 nor more than \$1,000" for consistency with chapter 227.

In subsection (d), the words "fined under this title" are substituted for "guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not more than \$1,000" for consistency with chapter 227.

**§ 1866. Historic, archeologic, or prehistoric items and antiquities**

(a) VIOLATION OF REGULATIONS AUTHORIZED BY CHAPTER 3201 OF TITLE 54.—A person that violates any of the regulations authorized by chapter 3201 of title 54 shall be fined under this title and be adjudged to pay all cost of the proceedings.

(b) APPROPRIATION OF, INJURY TO, OR DESTRUCTION OF HISTORIC OR PREHISTORIC RUIN OR MONUMENT OR OBJECT OF ANTIQUITY.—A person that appropriates, excavates, injures, or destroys any historic or prehistoric ruin or monument or any other object of antiquity that is situated on land owned or controlled by the Federal Government without the permission of the head of the Federal agency having jurisdiction over the land on which the object is situated, shall be imprisoned not more than 90 days, fined under this title, or both.

(Added Pub. L. 113-287, § 4(a)(1), Dec. 19, 2014, 128 Stat. 3261.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised Section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
1866(a) .....	16 U.S.C. 462(k) (last sentence)	Aug. 21, 1935, ch. 593, § 2(k) (last sentence), 49 Stat. 667.
1866(b) .....	16 U.S.C. 433	June 8, 1906, ch. 3060, § 1, 34 Stat. 225.

In subsection (a), the provision is transferred to title 18 to make clear that it is a criminal penalty. The words "fined under this title" are substituted for "pun-

ished by a fine of not more than \$500" for consistency with chapter 227.

In subsection (b), the words "fined under this title" are substituted for "fined in a sum of not more than \$500" for consistency with chapter 227.

**CHAPTER 93—PUBLIC OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES**

- Sec.
- 1901. Collecting or disbursing officer trading in public property.
- 1902. Disclosure of crop information and speculation thereon.
- 1903. Speculation in stocks or commodities affecting crop insurance.
- [1904. Repealed.]
- 1905. Disclosure of confidential information generally.
- 1906. Disclosure of information from a bank examination report.
- 1907. Disclosure of information by farm credit examiner.
- [1908. Repealed.]
- 1909. Examiner performing other services.
- 1910. Nepotism in appointment of receiver or trustee.
- 1911. Receiver mismanaging property.
- 1912. Unauthorized fees for inspection of vessels.
- 1913. Lobbying with appropriated moneys.
- [1914. Repealed.]
- 1915. Compromise of customs liabilities.
- 1916. Unauthorized employment and disposition of lapsed appropriations.
- 1917. Interference with civil service examinations.
- 1918. Disloyalty and asserting the right to strike against the Government.
- 1919. False statement to obtain unemployment compensation for Federal service.
- 1920. False statement or fraud to obtain Federal employees' compensation.
- 1921. Receiving Federal employees' compensation after marriage.
- 1922. False or withheld report concerning Federal employees' compensation.
- 1923. Fraudulent receipt of payments of missing persons.
- 1924. Unauthorized removal and retention of classified documents or material.

AMENDMENTS

1996—Pub. L. 104-294, title VI, § 604(b)(44), Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3509, substituted "employees" for "employee's" in item 1920.

1994—Pub. L. 103-359, title VIII, § 808(b), Oct. 14, 1994, 108 Stat. 3454, added item 1924.

Pub. L. 103-333, title I, § 101(b)(2), Sept. 30, 1994, 108 Stat. 2548, substituted "or fraud to obtain Federal employee's compensation" for "to obtain Federal employees' compensation" in item 1920.

Pub. L. 103-322, title XXXIII, § 330004(11), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 2141, struck out items 1904 "Disclosure of information or speculation in securities affecting Reconstruction Finance Corporation" and 1908 "Disclosure of information by National Agricultural Credit Corporation examiner".

1990—Pub. L. 101-647, title XXXV, § 3556, Nov. 29, 1990, 104 Stat. 4927, substituted "from a bank examination report" for "by bank examiner" in item 1906 and struck out item 1914 "Salary of Government officials and employees payable only by United States".

1966—Pub. L. 89-554, § 3(c), Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 608, added items 1916 to 1923.

**§ 1901. Collecting or disbursing officer trading in public property**

Whoever, being an officer of the United States concerned in the collection or the disbursement of the revenues thereof, carries on any trade or

business in the funds or debts of the United States, or of any State, or in any public property of either, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than one year, or both; and shall be removed from office, and be incapable of holding any office under the United States.

(June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 790; Pub. L. 103-322, title XXXIII, § 330016(1)(J), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 2147.)

#### HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Based on title 18, U.S.C., 1940 ed., § 192 (Mar. 4, 1909, ch. 321, § 103, 35 Stat. 1107).

Minor changes were made in phraseology.

#### AMENDMENTS

1994—Pub. L. 103-322 substituted “fined under this title” for “fined not more than \$3,000”.

### § 1902. Disclosure of crop information and speculation thereon

Whoever, being an officer, employee or person acting for or on behalf of the United States or any department or agency thereof, and having by virtue of his office, employment or position, become possessed of information which might influence or affect the market value of any product of the soil grown within the United States, which information is by law or by the rules of such department or agency required to be withheld from publication until a fixed time, willfully imparts, directly or indirectly, such information, or any part thereof, to any person not entitled under the law or the rules of the department or agency to receive the same; or, before such information is made public through regular official channels, directly or indirectly speculates in any such product by buying or selling the same in any quantity, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.

No person shall be deemed guilty of a violation of any such rules, unless prior to such alleged violation he shall have had actual knowledge thereof.

(June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 790; Pub. L. 103-322, title XXXIII, § 330016(1)(L), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 2147.)

#### HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Based on title 18, U.S.C., 1940 ed., § 214 (Mar. 4, 1909, ch. 321, § 123, 35 Stat. 1110).

Words “agency thereof” were inserted in lieu of “office thereof” at beginning of section in conformity with section 6 of this title.

Minor changes were made in phraseology.

#### AMENDMENTS

1994—Pub. L. 103-322 substituted “fined under this title” for “fined not more than \$10,000” in first par.

### § 1903. Speculation in stocks or commodities affecting crop insurance

Whoever, while acting in any official capacity in the administration of any Act of Congress relating to crop insurance or to the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation speculates in any agricultural commodity or product thereof, to which such enactments apply, or in contracts relating thereto, or in the stock or membership interests of any association or corporation engaged in

handling, processing, or disposing of any such commodity or product, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than two years, or both.

(June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 790; Pub. L. 103-322, title XXXIII, § 330016(1)(L), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 2147.)

#### HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Based on section 1514(b) of title 7, U.S.C., 1940 ed., Agriculture (Feb. 16, 1938, ch. 30, title V, § 514(b), 52 Stat. 76).

Words “upon conviction thereof” were omitted as surplusage since punishment can be imposed only after a conviction.

Minor changes were made in phraseology and translations.

#### AMENDMENTS

1994—Pub. L. 103-322 substituted “fined under this title” for “fined not more than \$10,000”.

### [§ 1904. Repealed. Pub. L. 103-322, title XXXIII, § 330004(11), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 2141]

Section, acts June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 791; Sept. 13, 1994, Pub. L. 103-322, title XXXIII, § 330016(1)(L), 108 Stat. 2147, related to disclosure of information or speculation in securities affecting Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

### § 1905. Disclosure of confidential information generally

Whoever, being an officer or employee of the United States or of any department or agency thereof, any person acting on behalf of the Federal Housing Finance Agency, or agent of the Department of Justice as defined in the Antitrust Civil Process Act (15 U.S.C. 1311-1314), or being an employee of a private sector organization who is or was assigned to an agency under chapter 37 of title 5, publishes, divulges, discloses, or makes known in any manner or to any extent not authorized by law any information coming to him in the course of his employment or official duties or by reason of any examination or investigation made by, or return, report or record made to or filed with, such department or agency or officer or employee thereof, which information concerns or relates to the trade secrets, processes, operations, style of work, or apparatus, or to the identity, confidential statistical data, amount or source of any income, profits, losses, or expenditures of any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or association; or permits any income return or copy thereof or any book containing any abstract or particulars thereof to be seen or examined by any person except as provided by law; shall be fined under this title, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both; and shall be removed from office or employment.

(June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 791; Pub. L. 96-349, § 7(b), Sept. 12, 1980, 94 Stat. 1158; Pub. L. 102-550, title XIII, § 1353, Oct. 28, 1992, 106 Stat. 3970; Pub. L. 104-294, title VI, § 601(a)(8), Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3498; Pub. L. 107-347, title II, § 209(d)(2), Dec. 17, 2002, 116 Stat. 2930; Pub. L. 110-289, div. A, title I, § 1161(d), July 30, 2008, 122 Stat. 2780.)

#### HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Based on section 176b of title 15, U.S.C., 1940 ed., Commerce and Trade; section 216 of title 18, U.S.C., 1940 ed.;