or establishments within the jurisdiction of the United States at the behest or direction of, or with funds provided by the Palestine Liberation Organization or any of its constituent groups, any successor to any of those, or any agents thereof.

(Pub. L. 100–204, title X, §1003, Dec. 22, 1987, 101 Stat. 1407.)

References in Text

For the effective date of this chapter, referred to in text, as being 90 days after Dec. 22, 1987, see section 1005 of Pub. L. 100-204, set out as an Effective Date note under section 5201 of this title.

DELEGATION OF CERTAIN FUNCTIONS AND AUTHORITIES

Memorandum of President of the United States, July 21, 2010, 75 F.R. 43795, provided:

Memorandum for the Secretary of State

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States, including section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby delegate to you the following functions and authorities:

- \bullet The function to make the specified reports to the Congress under 22 U.S.C. 2291–4(c).
- The function and authority to waive the provisions of section 1003 of Public Law 100–204 (22 U.S.C. 5202) upon making certain determinations and certifications under section 7034(b) of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2010 (Public Law 111–117) and any subsequently enacted provision of law that is the same or substantially the same.

You are authorized and directed to publish this memorandum in the Federal Register.

BARACK OBAMA.

§ 5203. Enforcement

(a) Attorney General

The Attorney General shall take the necessary steps and institute the necessary legal action to effectuate the policies and provisions of this chapter.

(b) Relief

Any district court of the United States for a district in which a violation of this chapter occurs shall have authority, upon petition of relief by the Attorney General, to grant injunctive and such other equitable relief as it shall deem necessary to enforce the provisions of this chapter

(Pub. L. 100-204, title X, §1004, Dec. 22, 1987, 101 Stat. 1407.)

CHAPTER 62—INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL POLICY

SUBCHAPTER I—EXCHANGE RATES AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC POLICY COORDINATION

Sec.

5301. Short title.

5302. Findings.

5303. Statement of policy.

5304. International negotiations on exchange rate

and economic policies.

5305. Reporting requirements.

5306. Definitions.

SUBCHAPTER II—INTERNATIONAL DEBT

PART A—FINDINGS, PURPOSES, AND STATEMENT OF POLICY

5321. Short title. 5322. Findings.

Sec. 5323.

5351.

5323. Purposes.5324. Statement of policy.

PART B—INTERNATIONAL DEBT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

5331. International initiative.

5332. Actions to facilitate creation of Authority.

5333. IMF-World Bank review.

SUBCHAPTER III—PRIMARY DEALERS

5341. Short title.

5342. Requirement of national treatment in underwriting government debt instruments.

SUBCHAPTER IV—FINANCIAL REPORTS

Short title.

5352. Quadrennial reports on foreign treatment of United States financial institutions.

5353. Fair trade in financial services.

5354. Banks loan loss reserves.

SUBCHAPTER I—EXCHANGE RATES AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC POLICY CO-ORDINATION

§ 5301. Short title

This subchapter may be cited as the "Exchange Rates and International Economic Policy Coordination Act of 1988".

(Pub. L. 100–418, title III, §3001, Aug. 23, 1988, 102 Stat. 1372.)

References in Text

This subchapter, referred to in text, was in the original "this subtitle", meaning subtitle A (§§ 3001–3006) of title III of Pub. L. 100–418, Aug. 23, 1988, 102 Stat. 1372, which is classified principally to this subchapter. For complete classification of subtitle A to the Code, see Tables.

§5302. Findings

The Congress finds that-

- (1) the macroeconomic policies, including the exchange rate policies, of the leading industrialized nations require improved coordination and are not consistent with long-term economic growth and financial stability;
- (2) currency values have a major role in determining the patterns of production and trade in the world economy;
- (3) the rise in the value of the dollar in the early 1980's contributed substantially to our current trade deficit;
- (4) exchange rates among major trading nations have become increasingly volatile and a pattern of exchange rates has at times developed which contribute to substantial and persistent imbalances in the flow of goods and services between nations, imposing serious strains on the world trading system and frustrating both business and government planning:
- (5) capital flows between nations have become very large compared to trade flows, respond at times quickly and dramatically to policy and economic changes, and, for these reasons, contribute significantly to uncertainty in financial markets, the volatility of exchange rates, and the development of exchange rates which produce imbalances in the flow of goods and services between nations;
- (6) policy initiatives by some major trading nations that manipulate the value of their