States \$585,000,000 to the twelfth replenishment of the resources of the Fund, subject to obtaining the necessary appropriations.

(b) In order to pay for the United States contribution provided for in subsection (a), there are authorized to be appropriated, without fiscal year limitation, \$585,000,000 for payment by the Secretary of the Treasury.

(Pub. L. 94–302, title II,  $\S221$ , as added Pub. L. 112–74, div. I, title VII,  $\S7083(b)$ , Dec. 23, 2011, 125 Stat. 1263.)

# § 290g-21. Multilateral debt relief

### (a) Authorization of contribution

The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to contribute, on behalf of the United States, not more than \$60,000,000 to the African Development Fund for the purpose of funding debt relief costs under the Multilateral Debt Relief Initiative incurred in the period governed by the twelfth replenishment of resources of the African Development Fund, subject to obtaining the necessary appropriations and without prejudice to any funding arrangements in existence on December 23, 2011.

### (b) Appropriations

In order to pay for the United States contribution provided for in subsection (a), there are authorized to be appropriated, without fiscal year limitation, not more than \$60,000,000 for payment by the Secretary of the Treasury.

#### (c) Multilateral Debt Relief Initiative

In this section, the term "Multilateral Debt Relief Initiative" means the proposal set out in the G8 Finance Ministers' Communiqué entitled "Conclusions on Development", done at London, June 11, 2005, and reaffirmed by G8 Heads of State at the Gleneagles Summit on July 8, 2005.

(Pub. L. 94–302, title II, §222, as added Pub. L. 112–74, div. I, title VII, §7083(b), Dec. 23, 2011, 125 Stat. 1263.)

# $\S 290g-22$ . Thirteenth replenishment

- (a) The United States Governor of the Fund is authorized to contribute on behalf of the United States \$585,000,000 to the thirteenth replenishment of the resources of the Fund, subject to obtaining the necessary appropriations.
- (b) In order to pay for the United States contribution provided for in subsection (a), there are authorized to be appropriated, without fiscal year limitation, \$585,000,000 for payment by the Secretary of the Treasury.

(Pub. L. 94–302, title II, §223, as added Pub. L. 113–235, div. J, title VII, §7083(c), Dec. 16, 2014, 128 Stat. 2684.)

## § 290g-23. Multilateral debt relief

(a) The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to contribute, on behalf of the United States, not more than \$54,620,000 to the African Development Fund for the purpose of funding debt relief costs under the Multilateral Debt Relief Initiative incurred in the period governed by the thirteenth replenishment of resources of the African Development Fund, subject to obtaining the necessary appropriations and without preju-

dice to any funding arrangements in existence on December 16, 2014.

- (b) In order to pay for the United States contribution provided for in subsection (a), there are authorized to be appropriated, without fiscal year limitation, not more than \$54,620,000 for payment by the Secretary of the Treasury.
- (c) In this section, the term "Multilateral Debt Relief Initiative" means the proposal set out in the G8 Finance Ministers' Communique entitled "Conclusions on Development," done at London, June 11, 2005, and reaffirmed by G8 Heads of State at the Gleneagles Summit on July 8, 2005.

(Pub. L. 94–302, title II, §224, as added Pub. L. 113–235, div. J, title VII, §7083(c), Dec. 16, 2014, 128 Stat. 2685.)

SUBCHAPTER XXIII—UNITED STATES AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION

#### § 290h. Congressional findings

The Congress finds that—

- (1) social and economic development ultimately depends on the active participation of individuals within a society and on the enhancement of opportunities for those individuals:
- (2) the development of individuals and institutions in African countries can benefit by the provision of support for community-based self-help activities:
- (3) by enacting title IX of chapter 2 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 [22 U.S.C. 2218], and recent amendments to that Act, the Congress has sought to enable the poor to participate in the process of development:
- (4) the Inter-American Foundation, established by Congress in the Foreign Assistance Act of 1969 [22 U.S.C. 290f], to support the efforts of the people of Latin America and the Caribbean to solve their development problems, has demonstrated a successful approach to development; and
- (5) an African Development Foundation similar in structure to the Inter-American Foundation, but adapted to the specific needs of Africa, can complement current United States development programs in Africa.

(Pub. L. 96-533, title V, \$502, Dec. 16, 1980, 94 Stat. 3151; Pub. L. 106-113, div. B, \$1000(a)(2) [title V, \$586(h)(1)], Nov. 29, 1999, 113 Stat. 1535, 1501A-119.)

### REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, referred to in par. (3), is Pub. L. 87–195, Sept. 4, 1961, 75 Stat. 424, as amended. Title IX of chapter 2 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is classified generally to subpart IX of part II of subchapter I (§2218) of chapter 32 of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 2151 of this title and Tables.

The Foreign Assistance Act of 1969, referred to in par. (4), is Pub. L. 91–175, Dec. 30, 1969, 83 Stat. 805, as amended. The Inter-American Foundation was established by section 401 of that Act, which is classified to section 290f of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 2151 of this title and Tables.