

ity for tax for periods ending after Nov. 5, 1990, see section 11821(b) of Pub. L. 101-508, set out as a note under section 45K of this title.

**SUBPART B—REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ALL STATE AND LOCAL BONDS**

Sec.

148. Arbitrage.

149. Bonds must be registered to be tax exempt; other requirements.

**§ 148. Arbitrage**

**(a) Arbitrage bond defined**

For purposes of section 103, the term “arbitrage bond” means any bond issued as part of an issue any portion of the proceeds of which are reasonably expected (at the time of issuance of the bond) to be used directly or indirectly—

- (1) to acquire higher yielding investments, or
- (2) to replace funds which were used directly or indirectly to acquire higher yielding investments.

For purposes of this subsection, a bond shall be treated as an arbitrage bond if the issuer intentionally uses any portion of the proceeds of the issue of which such bond is a part in a manner described in paragraph (1) or (2).

**(b) Higher yielding investments**

For purposes of this section—

**(1) In general**

The term “higher yielding investments” means any investment property which produces a yield over the term of the issue which is materially higher than the yield on the issue.

**(2) Investment property**

The term “investment property” means—

- (A) any security (within the meaning of section 165(g)(2)(A) or (B)),
- (B) any obligation,
- (C) any annuity contract,
- (D) any investment-type property, or
- (E) in the case of a bond other than a private activity bond, any residential rental property for family units which is not located within the jurisdiction of the issuer and which is not acquired to implement a court ordered or approved housing desegregation plan.

**(3) Alternative minimum tax bonds treated as investment property in certain cases**

**(A) In general**

Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the term “investment property” does not include any tax-exempt bond.

**(B) Exception**

With respect to an issue other than an issue a part of which is a specified private activity bond (as defined in section 57(a)(5)(C)), the term “investment property” includes a specified private activity bond (as so defined).

**(4) Safe harbor for prepaid natural gas**

**(A) In general**

The term “investment-type property” does not include a prepayment under a qualified natural gas supply contract.

**(B) Qualified natural gas supply contract**

For purposes of this paragraph, the term “qualified natural gas supply contract” means any contract to acquire natural gas for resale by a utility owned by a governmental unit if the amount of gas permitted to be acquired under the contract by the utility during any year does not exceed the sum of—

(i) the annual average amount during the testing period of natural gas purchased (other than for resale) by customers of such utility who are located within the service area of such utility, and

(ii) the amount of natural gas to be used to transport the prepaid natural gas to the utility during such year.

**(C) Natural gas used to generate electricity**

Natural gas used to generate electricity shall be taken into account in determining the average under subparagraph (B)(i)—

(i) only if the electricity is generated by a utility owned by a governmental unit, and

(ii) only to the extent that the electricity is sold (other than for resale) to customers of such utility who are located within the service area of such utility.

**(D) Adjustments for changes in customer base**

**(i) New business customers**

If—

(I) after the close of the testing period and before the date of issuance of the issue, the utility owned by a governmental unit enters into a contract to supply natural gas (other than for resale) for a business use at a property within the service area of such utility, and

(II) the utility did not supply natural gas to such property during the testing period or the ratable amount of natural gas to be supplied under the contract is significantly greater than the ratable amount of gas supplied to such property during the testing period,

then a contract shall not fail to be treated as a qualified natural gas supply contract by reason of supplying the additional natural gas under the contract referred to in subclause (I).

**(ii) Lost customers**

The average under subparagraph (B)(i) shall not exceed the annual amount of natural gas reasonably expected to be purchased (other than for resale) by persons who are located within the service area of such utility and who, as of the date of issuance of the issue, are customers of such utility.

**(E) Ruling requests**

The Secretary may increase the average under subparagraph (B)(i) for any period if the utility owned by the governmental unit establishes to the satisfaction of the Secretary that, based on objective evidence of growth in natural gas consumption or popu-