

(Added Pub. L. 99-514, title XV, § 1556(a), Oct. 22, 1986, 100 Stat. 2754; amended Pub. L. 105-206, title III, §§ 3103(b)(1), 3401(c), July 22, 1998, 112 Stat. 731, 749; Pub. L. 105-277, div. J, title IV, § 4002(e), Oct. 21, 1998, 112 Stat. 2681-907; Pub. L. 109-280, title VIII, § 857(a), (b), Aug. 17, 2006, 120 Stat. 1020; Pub. L. 109-432, div. A, title IV, § 406(a)(2), Dec. 20, 2006, 120 Stat. 2959.)

AMENDMENTS

2006—Subsec. (b)(5). Pub. L. 109-280, § 857(a), added par. (5). Former par. (5) redesignated (6).

Subsec. (b)(6). Pub. L. 109-432, § 406(a)(2)(A), added par. (6). Former par. (6) redesignated (7).

Pub. L. 109-280, § 857(a), redesignated par. (5) as (6).

Subsec. (b)(7). Pub. L. 109-432, § 406(a)(2)(A), redesignated par. (6) as (7).

Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 109-432, § 406(a)(2)(B), substituted “(5), or (6)” for “or (5)”.

Pub. L. 109-280, § 857(b), substituted “(4), or (5)” for “or (4)”.

1998—Subsec. (b)(3). Pub. L. 105-206, § 3103(b)(1), substituted “\$50,000” for “\$10,000”.

Subsec. (b)(4), (5). Pub. L. 105-206, § 3401(c)(1), as amended by Pub. L. 105-277, § 4002(e)(1), added par. (4) and redesignated former par. (4) as (5).

Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 105-206, § 3401(c)(2), as amended by Pub. L. 105-277, § 4002(e)(2), substituted “(3), or (4)” for “or (3)”.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 2006 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 109-432 applicable to information provided on or after Dec. 20, 2006, see section 406(d) of Pub. L. 109-432, set out as a note under section 62 of this title.

Pub. L. 109-280, title VIII, § 857(c), Aug. 17, 2006, 120 Stat. 1020, provided that: “The amendments made by this section [amending this section] shall apply to any proceeding under section 7436(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 with respect to which a decision has not become final (as determined under section 7481 of such Code) before the date of the enactment of this Act [Aug. 17, 2006].”

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1998 AMENDMENTS

Amendment by Pub. L. 105-277 effective as if included in the provision of the Internal Revenue Service Restructuring and Reform Act of 1998, Pub. L. 105-206, to which such amendment relates, see section 4002(k) of Pub. L. 105-277, set out as a note under section 1 of this title.

Amendment by section 3103 of Pub. L. 105-206 applicable to proceedings commenced after July 22, 1998, see section 3103(c) of Pub. L. 105-206, set out as a note under section 7436 of this title.

Amendment by section 3401 of Pub. L. 105-206 applicable to collection actions initiated after the date which is 180 days after July 22, 1998, see section 3401(d) of Pub. L. 105-206, set out as an Effective Date note under section 6320 of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Pub. L. 99-514, title XV, § 1556(c), Oct. 22, 1986, 100 Stat. 2755, provided that:

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this section [enacting this section and amending sections 7456 and 7471 of this title] shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act [Oct. 22, 1986].

“(2) SALARY.—Subsection (d) of section 7443A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 [now 1986] (as added by this section) shall take effect on the 1st day of the 1st month beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act [Oct. 22, 1986].

“(3) NEW APPOINTMENTS NOT REQUIRED.—Nothing in the amendments made by this section shall be construed to require the reappointment of any individual serving as a special trial judge of the Tax Court on the

day before the date of the enactment of this Act [Oct. 22, 1986].”

INCONSISTENCIES WITH PRESIDENTIAL SALARY RECOMMENDATIONS

Pub. L. 100-647, title I, § 1015(j), Nov. 10, 1988, 102 Stat. 3571, provided that: “To the extent the salary recommendations submitted by the President on January 5, 1987, are inconsistent with the provisions of section 7443A(d)(1) of the 1986 Code, such recommendations shall not be effective for any period.”

[§ 7443B. Repealed. Pub. L. 110-458, title I, § 108(I), Dec. 23, 2008, 122 Stat. 5110]

Section, added Pub. L. 109-280, title VIII, § 856(a), Aug. 17, 2006, 120 Stat. 1019, related to the recall of retired special trial judges of the Tax Court.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

Repeal effective as if included in the provisions of Pub. L. 109-280 to which the repeal relates, except as otherwise provided, see section 112 of Pub. L. 110-458, set out as an Effective Date of 2008 Amendment note under section 72 of this title.

CONSTRUCTION OF AMENDMENT BY PUB. L. 109-280

Pub. L. 110-458, title I, § 108(I), Dec. 23, 2008, 122 Stat. 5110, provided that: “Section 856 of the 2006 Act [Pub. L. 109-280, enacting this section], and the amendments made by such section, are hereby repealed, and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall be applied and administered as if such sections and amendments had not been enacted.”

§ 7444. Organization

(a) Seal

The Tax Court shall have a seal which shall be judicially noticed.

(b) Designation of chief judge

The Tax Court shall at least biennially designate a judge to act as chief judge.

(c) Divisions

The chief judge may from time to time divide the Tax Court into divisions of one or more judges, assign the judges of the Tax Court thereto, and in case of a division of more than one judge, designate the chief thereof. If a division, as a result of a vacancy or the absence or inability of a judge assigned thereto to serve thereon, is composed of less than the number of judges designated for the division, the chief judge may assign other judges to the division or direct the division to proceed with the transaction of business without awaiting any additional assignment of judges thereto.

(d) Quorum

A majority of the judges of the Tax Court or of any division thereof shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of the Tax Court or of the division, respectively. A vacancy in the Tax Court or in any division thereof shall not impair the powers nor affect the duties of the Tax Court or division nor of the remaining judges of the Tax Court or division, respectively.

(Aug. 16, 1954, ch. 736, 68A Stat. 880.)

§ 7445. Offices

The principal office of the Tax Court shall be in the District of Columbia, but the Tax Court