

**CHAPTER 111—JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY PREVENTION**

**SUBCHAPTER I—GENERALLY**

Sec.

11101. Findings.  
11102. Purposes.  
11103. Definitions.

**SUBCHAPTER II—PROGRAMS AND OFFICES**

**PART A—JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY PREVENTION OFFICE**

11111. Establishment.  
11112. Personnel.  
11113. Voluntary and uncompensated services.  
11114. Concentration of Federal efforts.  
11115. Joint funding; non-Federal share requirements.  
11116. Coordinating Council on Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention.  
11117. Annual report.

**PART B—FEDERAL ASSISTANCE FOR STATE AND LOCAL PROGRAMS**

11131. Authority to make grants and contracts.  
11132. Allocation of funds.  
11133. State plans.

**PART C—JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PREVENTION BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM**

11141. Authority to make grants.  
11142. Allocation.  
11143. Eligibility of States.  
11144. Grants for local projects.  
11145. Eligibility of entities.  
11146. Grants to Indian tribes.

**PART D—RESEARCH; EVALUATION; TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE; TRAINING**

11161. Research and evaluation; statistical analyses; information dissemination.  
11162. Training and technical assistance.

**PART E—DEVELOPING, TESTING, AND DEMONSTRATING PROMISING NEW INITIATIVES AND PROGRAMS**

11171. Grants and projects.  
11172. Grants for technical assistance.  
11173. Eligibility.  
11174. Reports.

**PART F—GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS**

11181. Authorization of appropriations.  
11182. Administrative authority.  
11183. Withholding.  
11184. Use of funds.  
11185. Payments.  
11186. Confidentiality of program records.  
11187. Limitations on use of funds.  
11188. Rules of construction.  
11189. Leasing surplus Federal property.  
11190. Issuance of rules.  
11191. Content of materials.

**SUBCHAPTER III—RUNAWAY AND HOMELESS YOUTH**

11201. Findings.  
11202. Promulgation of rules.

**PART A—BASIC CENTER GRANT PROGRAM**

11211. Authority to make grants.  
11212. Eligibility; plan requirements.  
11213. Approval of applications.  
11214. Grants to private entities; staffing.

**PART B—TRANSITIONAL LIVING GRANT PROGRAM**

11221. Authority for program.  
11222. Eligibility.

Sec.

**PART C—NATIONAL COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM**

11231. Authority to make grants.

**PART D—COORDINATING, TRAINING, RESEARCH, AND OTHER ACTIVITIES**

11241. Coordination.  
11242. Grants for technical assistance and training.  
11243. Authority to make grants for research, evaluation, demonstration, and service projects.  
11244. Demonstration projects to provide services to youth in rural areas.  
11245. Periodic estimate of incidence and prevalence of youth homelessness.

**PART E—SEXUAL ABUSE PREVENTION PROGRAM**

11261. Authority to make grants.

**PART F—GENERAL PROVISIONS**

11271. Assistance to potential grantees.  
11272. Lease of surplus Federal facilities for use as runaway and homeless youth centers or as transitional living youth shelter facilities.  
11273. Reports.  
11274. Federal and non-Federal share; methods of payment.  
11275. Restrictions on disclosure and transfer.  
11276. Consolidated review of applications.  
11277. Evaluation and information.  
11278. Performance standards.  
11279. Definitions.  
11280. Authorization of appropriations.  
11281. Restriction on use of funds.

**SUBCHAPTER IV—MISSING CHILDREN**

11291. Findings.  
11292. Definitions.  
11293. Duties and functions of the Administrator.  
11294. Grants.  
11295. Criteria for grants.  
11296. Oversight and accountability.  
11297. Authorization of appropriations.  
11298. Authority of Inspectors General.

**SUBCHAPTER V—INCENTIVE GRANTS FOR LOCAL DELINQUENCY PREVENTION PROGRAMS**

11311. Definition.  
11312. Duties and functions of the Administrator.  
11313. Grants for delinquency prevention programs.

**SUBCHAPTER I—GENERALLY**

**§ 11101. Findings**

(a) The Congress finds the following:

(1) Although the juvenile violent crime arrest rate in 1999 was the lowest in the decade, there remains a consensus that the number of crimes and the rate of offending by juveniles nationwide is still too high.

(2) According to the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, allowing 1 youth to leave school for a life of crime and of drug abuse costs society \$1,700,000 to \$2,300,000 annually.

(3) One in every 6 individuals (16.2 percent) arrested for committing violent crime in 1999 was less than 18 years of age. In 1999, juveniles accounted for 9 percent of murder arrests, 17 percent of forcible rape arrests, 25 percent of robbery arrest, 14 percent of aggravated assault arrests, and 24 percent of weapons arrests.

(4) More than ½ of juvenile murder victims are killed with firearms. Of the nearly 1,800 murder victims less than 18 years of age, 17