

(b) The Secretary shall maintain an aggressive program in the United States for the provision of public information and educational materials to promote widespread knowledge of magnetic fusion among educational, community, business, environmental, labor, and governmental entities and the public at large.

(Pub. L. 96-386, §11, Oct. 7, 1980, 94 Stat. 1544.)

§ 9311. Repealed. Pub. L. 104-66, title I, § 1051(n), Dec. 21, 1995, 109 Stat. 717

Section, Pub. L. 96-386, §12, Oct. 7, 1980, 94 Stat. 1544, directed Secretary of Energy to submit annual report of activities pursuant to this chapter as a separate part of the annual report submitted pursuant to section 7321 of this title.

§ 9312. Authorization of appropriations; contract authority

(a) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1981, such sums as are provided in the annual authorization Act pursuant to section 7270 of this title.

(b) In carrying out the provisions of this chapter, the Secretary is authorized to enter into contracts only to such extent or in such amounts as may be provided in advance in appropriations Acts.

(Pub. L. 96-386, §13, Oct. 7, 1980, 94 Stat. 1544.)

CHAPTER 102—MENTAL HEALTH SYSTEMS

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| Sec. | |
| 9401. | Congressional statement of findings. |
| | SUBCHAPTER I—GENERAL PROVISIONS |
| 9411. | Repealed. |
| 9412. | Definitions. |
| 9421 to 9423. | Repealed. |
| | SUBCHAPTER II—GRANT PROGRAMS |
| 9431 to 9438. | Repealed. |
| | SUBCHAPTER III—GENERAL PROVISIONS RESPECTING GRANT PROGRAMS |
| | PART A—STATE MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE PROGRAMS |
| 9451, 9452. | Repealed. |
| | PART B—APPLICATIONS AND RELATED PROVISIONS |
| 9461 to 9465. | Repealed. |
| | PART C—PERFORMANCE |
| 9471 to 9473. | Repealed. |
| | PART D—ENFORCEMENT |
| 9481. | Repealed. |
| | PART E—MISCELLANEOUS |
| 9491 to 9493. | Repealed. |
| | SUBCHAPTER IV—MENTAL HEALTH RIGHTS AND ADVOCACY |
| 9501. | Bill of Rights. |
| 9502. | Repealed. |
| | SUBCHAPTER V—SEX OFFENSE PREVENTION AND CONTROL |
| 9511. | Grants for sex offense prevention and control. |
| 9512. | Repealed. |
| | SUBCHAPTER VI—MISCELLANEOUS |
| 9521. | Repealed. |

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| Sec. | |
| 9522. | Report on shelter and basic living needs of chronically mentally ill individuals. |
| 9523. | Repealed. |

§ 9401. Congressional statement of findings

The Congress finds—

(1) despite the significant progress that has been made in making community mental health services available and in improving residential mental health facilities since the original community mental health centers legislation was enacted in 1963, unserved and underserved populations remain and there are certain groups in the population, such as chronically mentally ill individuals, children and youth, elderly individuals, racial and ethnic minorities, women, poor persons, and persons in rural areas, which often lack access to adequate private and public mental health services and support services;

(2) the process of transferring or diverting chronically mentally ill individuals from unwarranted or inappropriate institutionalized settings to their home communities has frequently not been accompanied by a process of providing those individuals with the mental health and support services they need in community-based settings;

(3) the shift in emphasis from institutional care to community-based care has not always been accompanied by a process of affording training, retraining, and job placement for employees affected by institutional closure and conversion;

(4) the delivery of mental health and support services is typically uncoordinated within and among local, State, and Federal entities;

(5) mentally ill persons are often inadequately served by (A) programs of the Department of Health and Human Services such as medicare, medicaid, supplemental security income, and social services, and (B) programs of the Department of Housing and Urban Development, the Department of Labor, and other Federal agencies;

(6) health care systems often lack general health care personnel with adequate mental health care training and often lack mental health care personnel and consequently many individuals with some level of mental disorder do not receive appropriate mental health care;

(7) present knowledge of methods to prevent mental illness through discovery and elimination of its causes and through early detection and treatment is too limited;

(8) a comprehensive and coordinated array of appropriate private and public mental health and support services for all people in need within specific geographic areas, based upon a cooperative local-State-Federal partnership, remains the most effective and humane way to provide a majority of mentally ill individuals with mental health care and needed support; and

(9) because of the rising demand for mental health services and the wide disparity in the distribution of psychiatrists, clinical psychologists, social workers, and psychiatric nurses, there is a shortage in the medical specialty of psychiatry and there are also short-