

the seriousness of the violation and any good faith efforts to comply with applicable requirements.

**(d) Finality of order; request for hearing**

An order under subsection (a)(1) shall become final unless, not later than 30 days after the order is served, a person named in the order requests a hearing on the record.

**(e) Hearing**

On receiving a request under subsection (d), the Administrator shall promptly conduct a hearing on the record.

**(f) Subpoena power**

In connection with any hearing on the record under this section, the Administrator may issue subpoenas for the attendance and testimony of witnesses and for the production of relevant papers, books, and documents.

**(g) Continued violation after expiration of period for compliance**

If a violator fails to take corrective action within the time specified in an order under subsection (a)(1), the Administrator may assess a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 for the continued noncompliance with the order.

**(h) Savings provision**

The Administrator may not take any enforcement action against a person for selling, offering for sale, or offering for promotional purposes to the ultimate consumer a battery or product covered by this chapter that was—

- (1) purchased ready for sale to the ultimate consumer; and
- (2) sold, offered for sale, or offered for promotional purposes without modification.

The preceding sentence shall not apply to a person—

- (A) who is the importer of a battery covered by this chapter, and
- (B) who has knowledge of the chemical contents of the battery

when such chemical contents make the sale, offering for sale, or offering for promotional purposes of such battery unlawful under subchapter III of this chapter.

(Pub. L. 104-142, § 5, May 13, 1996, 110 Stat. 1331.)

**§ 14305. Information gathering and access**

**(a) Records and reports**

A person who is required to carry out the objectives of this chapter, including—

- (1) a regulated battery manufacturer;
- (2) a rechargeable consumer product manufacturer;
- (3) a mercury-containing battery manufacturer; and
- (4) an authorized agent of a person described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3),

shall establish and maintain such records and report such information as the Administrator may by regulation reasonably require to carry out the objectives of this chapter.

**(b) Access and copying**

The Administrator or the Administrator's authorized representative, on presentation of cre-

dentials of the Administrator, may at reasonable times have access to and copy any records required to be maintained under subsection (a).

**(c) Confidentiality**

The Administrator shall maintain the confidentiality of documents and records that contain proprietary information.

(Pub. L. 104-142, § 6, May 13, 1996, 110 Stat. 1332.)

**§ 14306. State authority**

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit a State from enacting and enforcing a standard or requirement that is identical to a standard or requirement established or promulgated under this chapter. Except as provided in sections 14322(e) and 14323 of this title, nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit a State from enacting and enforcing a standard or requirement that is more stringent than a standard or requirement established or promulgated under this chapter.

(Pub. L. 104-142, § 7, May 13, 1996, 110 Stat. 1332.)

**§ 14307. Authorization of appropriations**

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this chapter.

(Pub. L. 104-142, § 8, May 13, 1996, 110 Stat. 1332.)

SUBCHAPTER II—RECYCLING OF  
RECHARGEABLE BATTERIES

**§ 14321. Purpose**

The purpose of this subchapter is to facilitate the efficient recycling or proper disposal of used nickel-cadmium rechargeable batteries, used small sealed lead-acid rechargeable batteries, other regulated batteries, and such rechargeable batteries in used consumer products, by—

- (1) providing for uniform labeling requirements and streamlined regulatory requirements for regulated battery collection programs; and
- (2) encouraging voluntary industry programs by eliminating barriers to funding the collection and recycling or proper disposal of used rechargeable batteries.

(Pub. L. 104-142, title I, § 102, May 13, 1996, 110 Stat. 1332.)

**§ 14322. Rechargeable consumer products and labeling**

**(a) Prohibition**

**(1) In general**

No person shall sell for use in the United States a regulated battery that is ready for retail sale or a rechargeable consumer product that is ready for retail sale, if such battery or product was manufactured on or after the date 12 months after May 13, 1996, unless the labeling requirements of subsection (b) are met and, in the case of a regulated battery, the regulated battery—

- (A) is easily removable from the rechargeable consumer product; or
- (B) is sold separately.

**(2) Application**

Paragraph (1) does not apply to any of the following: