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109–241, title IX, \$902(a)(2), July 11, 2006, 120 Stat. 566.)

| Derivation | U.S. Code   | Revised Statutes and<br>Statutes at Large  |
|------------|---|--|
| (a)        | 4 U.S.C. 42 (as appli-<br>cable to civil com-<br>missions). | [None.]  |
| (b)        | 5 U.S.C. 11.  | Mar. 3, 1875, ch. 131, §14, 18<br>Stat. 420.<br>Mar. 28, 1896, ch. 73, 29 Stat.<br>75.<br>Mar. 3, 1905, ch. 1422, 33 |
| (c)        | 5 U.S.C. 12.  | Stat. 990.<br>Aug. 8, 1888, ch. 786, 25 Stat.<br>387.  |

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

In subsection (a), the words "Except as provided by subsections (b) and (c) of this section," are added on authority of former sections 11 and 12, which are codified in subsections (b) and (c) of this section. The words "the commission of an officer" are substituted for "all civil commissions for officers of the United States" because of the definition of "officer" in section 2104. The words "by the President" are coextensive with and substituted for "by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, or by the President alone".

and consent of the Senate, or by the President alone". In subsection (b), the words "officer in the civil service or uniformed services" are substituted for "officer" because of the definition of "officer" in section 2104. The words "direction and" are omitted as included within "the control". The words "the Secretary of Defense" are added on authority of the Acts of July 26, 1947, ch. 343, §305(a), 61 Stat. 508, and Aug. 10, 1949, ch. 412, §12(g), 63 Stat. 591. The words "the Secretary of a military department" are substituted for "the Sec-retary of War, the Secretary of the Navy" (appearing in the Act of Mar. 28, 1896) because of the definition of "military department" in section 102. The title of the Secretary of War was changed to Secretary of the Army by the Act of July 26, 1947, ch. 343, §205, 61 Stat. 501. "Secretary of the Air Force" is included on author-ity of the Act of July 26, 1947, ch. 343, §207(a), (f), 61 Stat. 502. The words "Secretary of Commerce" are substituted for "Secretary of Commerce and Labor" on authority of the Act of Mar. 4, 1913, ch. 141, §1, 37 Stat. 736. The words "under the departmental seal" are substituted for "and the departmental seal affixed thereto". The words "any laws to the contrary notwithstanding" are omitted as unnecessary. The last sentence of section 14 of the Act of Mar. 3, 1875, is omitted as executed.

In subsection (c), the words "and shall be" and "any laws to the contrary notwithstanding" are omitted as unnecessary.

Standard changes are made to conform with the definitions applicable and the style of this title as outlined in the preface to the report.

#### Amendments

2006—Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 109-241 inserted "the Secretary of Homeland Security," after "the Secretary of the Interior,".

1975—Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 94–183 struck out "the Postmaster General," after "under the control of".

#### §2903. Oath; authority to administer

(a) The oath of office required by section 3331 of this title may be administered by an individual authorized by the laws of the United States or local law to administer oaths in the State, District, or territory or possession of the United States where the oath is administered.

(b) An employee of an Executive agency designated in writing by the head of the Executive agency, or the Secretary of a military department with respect to an employee of his department, may administer(1) the oath of office required by section 3331 of this title, incident to entrance into the executive branch; or

(2) any other oath required by law in connection with employment in the executive branch.

(c) An oath authorized or required under the laws of the United States may be administered by—

# (1) the Vice President; or

(2) an individual authorized by local law to administer oaths in the State, District, or territory or possession of the United States where the oath is administered.

(Pub. L. 89-554, Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 411.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

| Derivation | U.S. Code  | Revised Statutes and<br>Statutes at Large  |
|------------|--|--|
| (a)        | 5 U.S.C. 18.   | R.S. §1758.  |
| (b)        | 5 U.S.C. 16a(a) (less<br>1st 9 words after<br>last comma). | June 26, 1943, ch. 145, §206<br>(less 1st 9 words after last<br>comma), 57 Stat. 196.  |
| (c)        | 5 U.S.C. 16a(b).   | Sept. 30, 1961, Pub. L. 87–332<br>(par. under "General Pro-<br>vision"), 75 Stat. 743. |
|            | 5 U.S.C. 92a.  | July 3, 1926, ch. 752, 44 Stat.<br>830.  |

In subsection (b), the words "On and after June 26, 1943" are omitted as executed, and the word "officer" is omitted as included in "employee". The words "Executive agency" are coextensive with and substituted for "executive departments or independent establishments, including any agency the majority of the stock of which is owned by the Government of the United States" because of the definition of "Executive agency" in section 105. The words "or the Secretary of a military department with respect to an employee of his department" are inserted to preserve the application of the source law. Before enactment of the National Security Act Amendments of 1949 (63 Stat. 578), the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, and the Department of the Air Force were Executive departments. The National Security Act Amendments of 1949 established the Department of Defense as an Executive Department including the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, and the Department of the Air Force as military departments, not as Executive departments. However, the source law for this section, which was in effect in 1949, remained applicable to the Secretaries of the military departments by virtue of section 12(g) of the National Security Act Amendments of 1949 (63 Stat. 591), which is set out in the reviser's note for section 301. The words "of the Federal Government" and "and to have the same force and effect as oaths administered by officers having seals" are omitted as unnecessary.

In subsection (c), the word "Constitution" is omitted because "laws", as used in this title, encompasses the Constitution. In subsection (c)(1), the words "of the United States" are omitted as unnecessary. In subsection (c)(2), the words "an individual authorized by local law to administer oaths in the State, District, or territory, or possession of the United States where the oath is administered" are coextensive with and substituted for "notaries public duly appointed in any State, District, or Territory of the United States, by clerks and prothonotaries of courts of record of any such State, District, or Territory, by the deputies of such clerks and prothonotaries, and by all magistrates authorized by the laws of or pertaining to any such State, District, or Territory to administer oaths".

Standard changes are made to conform with the definitions applicable and the style of this title as outlined in the preface to the report.

## §2904. Oath; administered without fees

An employee of an Executive agency who is authorized to administer the oath of office required by section 3331 of this title, or any other oath required by law in connection with employment in the executive branch, may not charge or receive a fee or pay for administering the oath.

#### (Pub. L. 89-554, Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 412.)

## HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

| Derivation | U.S. Code   | Revised Statutes and<br>Statutes at Large   |
|------------|---|---|
|            | 5 U.S.C. 16a(a) (1st 9<br>words after last<br>comma). | June 26, 1943, ch. 145, §206<br>(1st 9 words after last<br>comma), 57 Stat. 196.<br>Sept. 30, 1961, Pub. L. 87-332<br>(so much of par. under<br>"General Provision" as<br>inserted "(a)"), 75 Stat.<br>743. |
|            | 5 U.S.C. 20.  | Aug. 29, 1890, ch. 820, §1 (2d<br>sentence under "Fourth<br>Auditor's Office"), 26<br>Stat. 371.  |

The section is restated to combine former sections 16a(a) (1st 9 words after last comma) and 20. The prohibition is restated in positive form. The words "officer" and "clerk" are omitted as included in "employee". Reference to oaths taken on promotion is omitted as unnecessary.

Standard changes are made to conform with the definitions applicable and the style of this title as outlined in the preface to the report.

### §2905. Oath; renewal

(a) An employee of an Executive agency or an individual employed by the government of the District of Columbia who, on original appointment, subscribed to the oath of office required by section 3331 of this title is not required to renew the oath because of a change in status so long as his service is continuous in the agency in which he is employed, unless, in the opinion of the head of the Executive agency, the Secretary of a military department with respect to an employee of his department, or the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, the public interest so requires.

(b) An individual who, on appointment as an employee of a House of Congress, subscribed to the oath of office required by section 3331 of this title is not required to renew the oath so long as his service as an employee of that House of Congress is continuous.

### (Pub. L. 89-554, Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 412.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

| Derivation | U.S. Code     | Revised Statutes and<br>Statutes at Large |
|------------|---------------|---|
| (a)        | 5 U.S.C. 17b. | Aug. 14, 1937, ch. 624, 50<br>Stat. 640.  |
|            |               | Nov. 22, 1943, ch. 303, 57<br>Stat. 591.  |
| (b)        | 5 U.S.C. 17c. | Mar. 28, 1955, ch. 17, 69 Stat.<br>14.    |

In subsection (a), the word "civilian" is omitted as unnecessary because of the definition of "employee" in section 2105. The words "Executive agency" are coextensive with and substituted for "executive departments and independent establishments of the United States" because of the definition of "Executive agen cy" in section 105. The words "the Secretary of a military department with respect to an employee of his department" are inserted to preserve the application of the source law. Before enactment of the National Security Act Amendments of 1949 (63 Stat. 578), the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, and the Department of the Air Force were Executive departments. The National Security Act Amendments of 1949 established the Department of Defense as an Executive Department including the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, and the Department of the Air Force as military departments, not as Executive departments. However, the source law for this section, which was in effect in 1949, remained applicable to the Secretaries of the military departments by virtue of section 12(g) of the National Security Act Amendments of 1949 (63 Stat. 591), which is set out in the reviser's note for section 301.

Standard changes are made to conform with the definitions applicable and the style of this title as outlined in the preface to the report.

#### § 2906. Oath; custody

The oath of office taken by an individual under section 3331 of this title shall be delivered by him to, and preserved by, the House of Congress, agency, or court to which the office pertains.

(Pub. L. 89-554, Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 412.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

| Derivation | U.S. Code    | Revised Statutes and<br>Statutes at Large |
|------------|--------------|---|
|            | 5 U.S.C. 21. | R.S. §1759.                               |

Standard changes are made to conform with the definitions applicable and the style of this title as outlined in the preface to the report.

#### SUBCHAPTER II—REPORTS

## §2951. Reports to the Office of Personnel Management

The President may prescribe rules which shall provide, as nearly as conditions of good administration warrant, that—

(1) the appointing authority notify the Office of Personnel Management in writing of the following actions and their dates as to each individual selected for appointment in the competitive service from among those who have been examined—

(A) appointment and residence of appointee;

- (B) separation during probation;
- (C) transfer;
- (D) resignation; and
- (E) removal; and

(2) the Office keep records of these actions.

(Pub. L. 89-554, Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 412; Pub. L. 95-454, title IX, §906(a)(2), (3), (16), Oct. 13, 1978, 92 Stat. 1224, 1226.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

| Derivation | U.S. Code                                 | Revised Statutes and<br>Statutes at Large                               |
|------------|---|---|
|            | 5 U.S.C. 633(2)8 (less<br>last sentence). | Jan. 16, 1883, ch. 27, §2(2)8<br>(less last sentence), 22<br>Stat. 404. |

The authority of the President to prescribe rules is added on authority of former section 633(1), which is carried into section 3302.