Section 1736bb-6, Pub. L. 100-202,  $\S7$ , Dec. 22, 1987, 101 Stat. 1329-447; Pub. L. 100-418, title IV,  $\S4610(b)$ , Aug. 23, 1988, 102 Stat. 1411; Pub. L. 101-624, title XV,  $\S1515(b)$ , Nov. 28, 1990, 104 Stat. 3663; Pub. L. 102-237, title III,  $\S307$ , Dec. 13, 1991, 105 Stat. 1856, provided definitions for former sections 1736bb to 1736bb-6.

INAPPLICABILITY OF FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT TO AGRICULTURAL AID AND TRADE MISSIONS

Pub. L. 100–277, §7, Apr. 4, 1988, 102 Stat. 69, provided that any agricultural aid and trade mission established under this section and any other activity under sections 1736bb-6 of this title were not to be considered advisory committee for purposes of Federal Advisory Committee Act, 5 App. U.S.C., prior to repeal by Pub. L. 104–127, title II, §271(b), Apr. 4, 1996, 110 Stat.

#### § 1736cc. Repealed. Pub. L. 101-624, title XV, § 1577, Nov. 28, 1990, 104 Stat. 3702

Section, Pub. L. 101–220, §13, Dec. 12, 1989, 103 Stat. 1884, prohibited duty drawback claims by exporters who used certain export promotion programs.

# SUBCHAPTER V—FARMER-TO-FARMER PROGRAM

# § 1737. John Ogonowski and Doug Bereuter Farmer-to-Farmer Program

#### (a) Definitions

In this section:

## (1) Caribbean Basin country

The term "Caribbean Basin country" means a country eligible for designation as a beneficiary country under section 2702 of title 19.

### (2) Emerging market

The term "emerging market" means a country that the Secretary determines—

- (A) is taking steps toward a market-oriented economy through the food, agriculture, or rural business sectors of the economy of the country; and
- (B) has the potential to provide a viable and significant market for United States agricultural commodities or products of United States agricultural commodities.

#### (3) Middle income country

The term "middle income country" means a country that has developed economically to the point at which the country does not receive bilateral development assistance from the United States.

# (4) Sub-Saharan African country

The term "sub-Saharan African country" has the meaning given the term in section 3706 of title 19.

#### (b) Provision

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, to further assist developing countries, middle-income countries, emerging markets, sub-Saharan African countries, and Caribbean Basin countries to increase farm production and farmer incomes, the President may—

- (1) establish and administer a program, to be known as the "John Ogonowski and Doug Bereuter Farmer-to-Farmer Program", of farmer-to-farmer assistance between the United States and such countries to assist in—
  - (A) increasing food production and distribution; and

- (B) improving the effectiveness of the farming and marketing operations of agricultural producers in those countries;
- (2) use United States agricultural producers, agriculturalists, colleges and universities (including historically black colleges and universities, land grant colleges or universities, and foundations maintained by colleges or universities), private agribusinesses, private organizations (including grassroots organizations with an established and demonstrated capacity to carry out such a bilateral exchange program), private corporations, and nonprofit farm organizations to work in conjunction with agricultural producers and farm organizations in those countries, on a voluntary basis—
  - (A) to improve agricultural and agribusiness operations and agricultural systems in those countries, including improving—
    - (i) animal care and health;
    - (ii) field crop cultivation;
    - (iii) fruit and vegetable growing;
    - (iv) livestock operations;
    - (v) food processing and packaging;
    - (vi) farm credit;
    - (vii) marketing;
    - (viii) inputs; and
    - (ix) agricultural extension; and
  - (B) to strengthen cooperatives and other agricultural groups in those countries;
- (3) transfer the knowledge and expertise of United States agricultural producers and businesses, on an individual basis, to those countries while enhancing the democratic process by supporting private and public agriculturally related organizations that request and support technical assistance activities through cash and in-kind services;
- (4) to the maximum extent practicable, make grants to or enter into contracts or other cooperative agreements with private voluntary organizations, cooperatives, land grant universities, private agribusiness, or nonprofit farm organizations to carry out this section (except that any such contract or other agreement may obligate the United States to make outlays only to the extent that the budget authority for such outlays is available under subsection (d) or has otherwise been provided in advance in appropriation Acts):
- (5) coordinate programs established under this section with other foreign assistance programs and activities carried out by the United States; and
- (6) to the extent that local currencies can be used to meet the costs of a program established under this section, augment funds of the United States that are available for such a program through the use, within the country in which the program is being conducted, of—
  - (A) foreign currencies that accrue from the sale of agricultural commodities and products under this chapter; and
  - (B) local currencies generated from other types of foreign assistance activities.