- this title (article 120), section 920b of this title (article 120b), or such other offense as the Secretary of Defense may specify by regulation.
- (3) Except as provided in subsection (d), the convening authority may act under this section only before entry of judgment.
- (4) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary concerned, a commissioned officer commanding for the time being, a successor in command, or any person exercising general court-martial jurisdiction may act under this section in place of the convening authority.
- (b) REDUCTION, COMMUTATION, AND SUSPENSION OF SENTENCES GENERALLY.—(1) Except as provided in subsection (c) or (d), the convening authority may not reduce, commute, or suspend any of the following sentences:
  - (A) A sentence of confinement, if the total period of confinement imposed for all offenses involved, running consecutively, is greater than six months.
  - (B) A sentence of dismissal, dishonorable discharge, or bad-conduct discharge.
    - (C) A sentence of death.
- (2) The convening authority may reduce, commute, or suspend any sentence not specified in paragraph (1).
- (c) SUSPENSION OF CERTAIN SENTENCES UPON RECOMMENDATION OF MILITARY JUDGE.—(1) Upon recommendation of the military judge, as included in the Statement of Trial Results, together with an explanation of the facts supporting the recommendation, the convening authority may suspend—
  - (A) a sentence of confinement, in whole or in part; or
  - (B) a sentence of dismissal, dishonorable discharge, or bad-conduct discharge.
- (2) The convening authority may not, under paragraph (1)—
  - (A) suspend a mandatory minimum sentence; or
  - (B) suspend a sentence to an extent in excess of the suspension recommended by the military judge.
- (d) REDUCTION OF SENTENCE FOR SUBSTANTIAL ASSISTANCE BY ACCUSED.—(1) Upon a recommendation by the trial counsel, if the accused, after sentencing and before entry of judgment, provides substantial assistance in the investigation or prosecution of another person, the convening authority may reduce, commute, or suspend a sentence, in whole or in part, including any mandatory minimum sentence.
- (2) Upon a recommendation by a trial counsel, designated in accordance with rules prescribed by the President, if the accused, after entry of judgment, provides substantial assistance in the investigation or prosecution of another person, a convening authority, designated under such regulations, may reduce, commute, or suspend a sentence, in whole or in part, including any mandatory minimum sentence.
- (3) In evaluating whether the accused has provided substantial assistance under this subsection, the convening authority may consider the presentence assistance of the accused.
- (e) SUBMISSIONS BY ACCUSED AND VICTIM.—(1) In accordance with rules prescribed by the

- President, in determining whether to act under this section, the convening authority shall consider matters submitted in writing by the accused or any victim of an offense. Such rules shall include—
  - (A) procedures for notice of the opportunity to make such submissions;
    - (B) the deadlines for such submissions; and
  - (C) procedures for providing the accused and any victim of an offense with a copy of the recording of any open sessions of the court-martial and copies of, or access to, any admitted, unsealed exhibits.
- (2) The convening authority shall not consider under this section any submitted matters that relate to the character of a victim unless such matters were presented as evidence at trial and not excluded at trial.
- (f) DECISION OF CONVENING AUTHORITY.—(1) The decision of the convening authority under this section shall be forwarded to the military judge, with copies provided to the accused and to any victim of the offense.
- (2) If, under this section, the convening authority reduces, commutes, or suspends the sentence, the decision of the convening authority shall include a written explanation of the reasons for such action.
- (3) If, under subsection (d)(2), the convening authority reduces, commutes, or suspends the sentence, the decision of the convening authority shall be forwarded to the chief trial judge for appropriate modification of the entry of judgment, which shall be transmitted to the Judge Advocate General for appropriate action.

(Added Pub. L. 114–328, div. E, title LIX, §5322, Dec. 23, 2016, 130 Stat. 2924.)

## EFFECTIVE DATE

Section effective on Jan. 1, 2019, as designated by the President, with implementing regulations and provisions relating to applicability to various situations, see section 5542 of Pub. L. 114–328 and Ex. Ord. 13825, set out as notes under section 801 of this title.

# § 860b. Art. 60b. Post-trial actions in summary courts-martial and certain general and special courts-martial

- (a) IN GENERAL.—(1) In a court-martial not specified in section 860a(a)(2) of this title (article 60a(a)(2)), the convening authority may—
  - (A) dismiss any charge or specification by setting aside the finding of guilty;
  - (B) change a finding of guilty to a charge or specification to a finding of guilty to a lesser included offense;
  - (C) disapprove the findings and the sentence and dismiss the charges and specifications;
  - (D) disapprove the findings and the sentence and order a rehearing as to the findings and the sentence;
  - (E) disapprove, commute, or suspend the sentence, in whole or in part; or
  - (F) disapprove the sentence and order a rehearing as to the sentence.
- (2) In a summary court-martial, the convening authority shall approve the sentence or take other action on the sentence under paragraph (1).
- (3) Except as provided in paragraph (4), the convening authority may act under this section only before entry of judgment.

- (4) The convening authority may act under this section after entry of judgment in a general or special court-martial in the same manner as the convening authority may act under section 860a(d)(2) of this title (article 60a(d)(2)). Such action shall be forwarded to the chief trial judge, who shall ensure appropriate modification to the entry of judgment and shall transmit the entry of judgment to the Judge Advocate General for appropriate action.
- (5) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary concerned, a commissioned officer commanding for the time being, a successor in command, or any person exercising general court-martial jurisdiction may act under this section in place of the convening authority.
- (b) LIMITATIONS ON REHEARINGS.—The convening authority may not order a rehearing under this section—
  - (1) as to the findings, if there is insufficient evidence in the record to support the findings;
  - (2) to reconsider a finding of not guilty of any specification or a ruling which amounts to a finding of not guilty; or
  - (3) to reconsider a finding of not guilty of any charge, unless there has been a finding of guilty under a specification laid under that charge, which sufficiently alleges a violation of some article of this chapter.
- (c) SUBMISSIONS BY ACCUSED AND VICTIM.—In accordance with rules prescribed by the President, in determining whether to act under this section, the convening authority shall consider matters submitted in writing by the accused or any victim of the offense. Such rules shall include the matter required by section 860a(e) of this title (article 60a(e)).
- (d) DECISION OF CONVENING AUTHORITY.—(1) In a general or special court-martial, the decision of the convening authority under this section shall be forwarded to the military judge, with copies provided to the accused and to any victim of the offense.
- (2) If the convening authority acts on the findings or the sentence under subsection (a)(1), the decision of the convening authority shall include a written explanation of the reasons for such action.

(Added Pub. L. 114-328, div. E, title LIX, §5323, Dec. 23, 2016, 130 Stat. 2926.)

## EFFECTIVE DATE

Section effective on Jan. 1, 2019, as designated by the President, with implementing regulations and provisions relating to applicability to various situations, see section 5542 of Pub. L. 114-328 and Ex. Ord. 13825, set out as notes under section 801 of this title.

# §860c. Art. 60c. Entry of judgment

- (a) Entry of Judgment of General or Special Court-Martial.—(1) In accordance with rules prescribed by the President, in a general or special court-martial, the military judge shall enter into the record of trial the judgment of the court. The judgment of the court shall consist of the following:
  - (A) The Statement of Trial Results under section 860 of this title (article 60).
  - (B) Any modifications of, or supplements to, the Statement of Trial Results by reason of—

- (i) any post-trial action by the convening authority; or
- (ii) any ruling, order, or other determination of the military judge that affects a plea, a finding, or the sentence.
- (2) Under rules prescribed by the President, the judgment under paragraph (1) shall be—
  - (A) provided to the accused and to any victim of the offense; and
    - (B) made available to the public.
- (b) SUMMARY COURT-MARTIAL JUDGMENT.—The findings and sentence of a summary court-martial, as modified by any post-trial action by the convening authority under section 860b of this title (article 60b), constitutes the judgment of the court-martial and shall be recorded and distributed under rules prescribed by the President.

(Added Pub. L. 114-328, div. E, title LIX, §5324, Dec. 23, 2016, 130 Stat. 2927.)

#### EFFECTIVE DATE

Section effective on Jan. 1, 2019, as designated by the President, with implementing regulations and provisions relating to applicability to various situations, see section 5542 of Pub. L. 114-328 and Ex. Ord. 13825, set out as notes under section 801 of this title.

## § 861. Art. 61. Waiver of right to appeal; withdrawal of appeal

- (a) WAIVER OF RIGHT TO APPEAL.—After entry of judgment in a general or special court-martial, under procedures prescribed by the Secretary concerned, the accused may waive the right to appellate review in each case subject to such review under section 866 of this title (article 66). Such a waiver shall be—
  - (1) signed by the accused and by defense counsel; and
    - (2) attached to the record of trial.
- (b) WITHDRAWAL OF APPEAL.—In a general or special court-martial, the accused may withdraw an appeal at any time.
- (c) DEATH PENALTY CASE EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), an accused may not waive the right to appeal or withdraw an appeal with respect to a judgment that includes a sentence of death.
- (d) WAIVER OR WITHDRAWAL AS BAR.—A waiver or withdrawal under this section bars review under section 866 of this title (article 66).

(Aug. 10, 1956, ch. 1041, 70A Stat. 58; Pub. L. 98–209, §5(b)(1), Dec. 6, 1983, 97 Stat. 1397; Pub. L. 114–328, div. E, title LIX, §5325, Dec. 23, 2016, 130 Stat. 2928.)

## HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
861	50:648.	May 5, 1950, ch. 169, §1 (Art. 61), 64 Stat. 127.

The word "each" is substituted for the word "every".

## AMENDMENTS

2016—Pub. L. 114–328 amended section generally. Prior to amendment, section related to waiver or withdrawal of appeal.

1983—Pub. L. 98-209 amended section generally, substituting "Waiver or withdrawal of appeal" for "Same—General court-martial records" as section