

of Pub. L. 102-484, see Tables for classification] may be cited as the ‘Defense Conversion, Reinvestment, and Transition Assistance Act of 1992.’”

TREATMENT OF INTERAGENCY AND STATE AND LOCAL PURCHASES WHEN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ACTS AS CONTRACT INTERMEDIARY FOR THE GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Pub. L. 114-92, div. A, title VIII, § 897, Nov. 25, 2015, 129 Stat. 954, provided that: “Contracts executed by the Department of Defense as a result of the transfer of contracts from the General Services Administration or for which the Department serves as an item manager for products on behalf of the General Services Administration shall not be subject to requirements under chapter 148 of title 10, United States Code, to the extent such contracts are for purchases of products by other Federal agencies or State or local governments.”

APPLICATION OF 1993 AMENDMENTS TO EXISTING TECHNOLOGY REINVESTMENT PROJECTS

Amendment by section 1315(f) of Pub. L. 103-160 not to alter financial commitment requirements in effect on the day before Nov. 30, 1993, for non-Federal Government participants in a project funded under section 2511, 2512, 2513, 2523, or 2524 of this title, using funds appropriated for a fiscal year beginning before Oct. 1, 1993, see section 1315(g) of Pub. L. 103-160, set out as a note under section 2511 of this title.

CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS ON MILITARY SIGNIFICANCE OF COLLAPSE OF COMMUNISM

Pub. L. 102-484, div. D, title XLI, § 4101, Oct. 23, 1992, 106 Stat. 2658, which set out congressional findings concerning the effects the collapse of communism in Eastern Europe and the dissolution of the Soviet Union have had on the military requirements of the United States, was repealed by Pub. L. 115-232, div. A, title VIII, § 812(b)(54), Aug. 13, 2018, 132 Stat. 1850.

PURPOSES OF TITLE XLII OF PUB. L. 102-484

Pub. L. 102-484, div. D, title XLII, § 4201, Oct. 23, 1992, 106 Stat. 2659, provided that: “The purposes of this title [see Tables for classification] are to consolidate, revise, clarify, and reenact policies and requirements, and to enact additional policies and requirements, relating to the national technology and industrial base, defense reinvestment, and defense conversion programs that further national security objectives.”

TRANSITION PROVISION; “DEFENSE CRITICAL TECHNOLOGY” DEFINED

Pub. L. 102-484, div. D, title XLII, § 4203(b), Oct. 23, 1992, 106 Stat. 2662, provided that until first national technology and industrial base assessment was submitted to Congress by Secretary of Defense pursuant to former section 2506(e) of this title, the term “defense critical technology” for purposes of this chapter, would have meaning given such term in section 2521 of this title, as in effect on day before Oct. 23, 1992.

SUBCHAPTER II—POLICIES AND PLANNING

Sec.	
2501.	National security strategy for national technology and industrial base.
2502.	National Defense Technology and Industrial Base Council.
2503.	National defense program for analysis of the technology and industrial base.
2504.	Annual report to Congress.
2505.	National technology and industrial base: periodic defense capability assessments.
2506.	Department of Defense technology and industrial base policy guidance.
2507.	Data collection authority of President.
2508.	Industrial Base Fund

AMENDMENTS

2017—Pub. L. 115-91, div. A, title X, § 1081(g)(2), Dec. 12, 2017, 131 Stat. 1601, amended directory language of

Pub. L. 111-383, § 896(b)(2). See 2011 Amendment note below.

2013—Pub. L. 112-239, div. A, title XVI, § 1603(a)(2), Jan. 2, 2013, 126 Stat. 2063, substituted “National security strategy for national technology and industrial base” for “National security objectives concerning national technology and industrial base” in item 2501.

2011—Pub. L. 111-383, div. A, title VIII, § 896(b)(2), Jan. 7, 2011, 124 Stat. 4316, as amended by Pub. L. 115-91, div. A, title X, § 1081(g)(2), Dec. 12, 2017, 131 Stat. 1601, added item 2508.

1996—Pub. L. 104-201, div. A, title VIII, § 829(g), Sept. 23, 1996, 110 Stat. 2614, added item 2504 and substituted “Department of Defense technology and industrial base policy guidance” for “National technology and industrial base: periodic defense capability plan” in item 2506.

Pub. L. 104-106, div. A, title X, § 1081(i)(1), Feb. 10, 1996, 110 Stat. 455, substituted “National security objectives concerning national technology and industrial base” for “Congressional defense policy concerning national technology and industrial base, reinvestment, and conversion” in item 2501.

1993—Pub. L. 103-160, div. A, title XIII, § 1312(a)(2), Nov. 30, 1993, 107 Stat. 1786, struck out item 2504 “Center for the Study of Defense Economic Adjustment”.

§ 2501. National security strategy for national technology and industrial base

(a) NATIONAL SECURITY STRATEGY FOR NATIONAL TECHNOLOGY AND INDUSTRIAL BASE.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop a national security strategy for the national technology and industrial base. Such strategy shall be based on a prioritized assessment of risks and challenges to the defense supply chain and shall ensure that the national technology and industrial base is capable of achieving the following national security objectives:

(1) Supplying, equipping, and supporting the force structure of the armed forces that is necessary to achieve—

(A) the objectives set forth in the national security strategy report submitted to Congress by the President pursuant to section 108 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3043);

(B) the policy guidance of the Secretary of Defense provided pursuant to section 113(g) of this title; and

(C) the future-years defense program submitted to Congress by the Secretary of Defense pursuant to section 221 of this title.

(2) Sustaining production, maintenance, repair, logistics, and other activities in support of military operations of various durations and intensity.

(3) Maintaining advanced research and development activities to provide the armed forces with systems capable of ensuring technological superiority over potential adversaries.

(4) Reconstituting within a reasonable period the capability to develop, produce, and support supplies and equipment, including technologically advanced systems, in sufficient quantities to prepare fully for a war, national emergency, or mobilization of the armed forces before the commencement of that war, national emergency, or mobilization.

(5) Providing for the development, manufacture, and supply of items and technologies critical to the production and sustainment of