

applicable with respect to cases commenced under this title before such effective date, except as otherwise provided, and amendment by section 322(b) of Pub. L. 109-8 applicable with respect to cases commenced under this title on or after Apr. 20, 2005, see section 1501 of Pub. L. 109-8, set out as a note under section 101 of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1994 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 103-394 effective Oct. 22, 1994, and not applicable with respect to cases commenced under this title before Oct. 22, 1994, see section 702 of Pub. L. 103-394, set out as a note under section 101 of this title.

ADJUSTMENT OF DOLLAR AMOUNTS

By notice dated Feb. 5, 2019, 84 F.R. 3488, the Judicial Conference of the United States adjusted the dollar amounts in provisions specified in subsec. (a) of this section, effective Apr. 1, 2019, as follows:

28 U.S.C.	Dollar amount to be adjusted	New (adjusted) dollar amount ¹
Section 1409(b)—a trustee may commence a proceeding arising in or related to a case to recover		
(1)—money judgment of or property worth less than.	\$1,300	\$1,375
(2)—a consumer debt less than	\$19,250	\$20,450
(3)—a non consumer debt against a non insider less than.	\$12,850	\$13,650
11 U.S.C.	Dollar amount to be adjusted	New (adjusted) dollar amount ¹
Section 101(3)—definition of assisted person.	\$192,450	\$204,425.
Section 101(18)—definition of family farmer.	\$4,153,150 (each time it appears).	\$4,411,400 (each time it appears)
Section 101(19A)—definition of family fisherman.	\$1,924,550 (each time it appears).	\$2,044,225 (each time it appears)
Section 101(51D)—definition of small business debtor.	\$2,566,050 (each time it appears).	\$2,725,625 (each time it appears)
Section 109(e)—debt limits for individual filing bankruptcy under chapter 13.	\$394,725 (each time it appears).	\$419,275 (each time it appears)
Section 303(b)—minimum aggregate claims needed for the commencement of an involuntary chapter 7 or 11 petition		
(1)—in paragraph (1)	\$15,775	\$16,750
(2)—in paragraph (2)	\$15,775	\$16,750
Section 507(a)—priority expenses and claims		
(1)—in paragraph (4)	\$12,850	\$13,650
(2)—in paragraph (5)(B)(i)	\$12,850	\$13,650
(3)—in paragraph (6)(B)	\$6,325	\$6,725
(4)—in paragraph (7)	\$2,850	\$3,025
Section 522(d)—value of property exemptions allowed to the debtor		
(1)—in paragraph (1)	\$23,675	\$25,150
(2)—in paragraph (2)	\$3,775	\$4,000
(3)—in paragraph (3)	\$600	\$625
(4)—in paragraph (4)	\$12,625	\$13,400
(5)—in paragraph (5)	\$1,600	\$1,700
(6)—in paragraph (6)	\$1,250	\$1,325
(7)—in paragraph (7)	\$11,850	\$12,575
(8)—in paragraph (8)	\$2,375	\$2,525
(9)—in paragraph (9)	\$12,625	\$13,400
(10)—in paragraph (10)(D)	\$23,675	\$25,150
Section 522(f)(3)—exception to lien avoidance under certain state laws.	\$6,425	\$6,825

11 U.S.C.	Dollar amount to be adjusted	New (adjusted) dollar amount ¹
Section 522(f)(4)—items excluded from definition of household goods for lien avoidance purposes.	\$675 (each time it appears).	\$725 (each time it appears)
Section 522(n)—maximum aggregate value of assets in individual retirement accounts exempted.	\$1,283,025	\$1,362,800
Section 522(p)—qualified homestead exemption.	\$160,375	\$170,350
Section 522(q)—state homestead exemption.	\$160,375	\$170,350
Section 523(a)(2)(C)—exceptions to discharge		
(1)—in paragraph (i)(I)—consumer debts for luxury goods or services incurred < 90 days before filing owed to a single creditor in the aggregate.	\$675	\$725
(2)—in paragraph (i)(II)—cash advances incurred < 70 days before filing in the aggregate.	\$950	\$1,000
Section 541(b)—property of the estate exclusions		
(1)—in paragraph (5)(C)—education IRA funds in the aggregate.	\$6,425	\$6,825
(2)—in paragraph (6)(C)—pre-purchased tuition credits in the aggregate.	\$6,425	\$6,825
(3)—in paragraph (10)(C)—qualified ABLE program funds in the aggregate.	\$6,425	\$6,825
Section 547(c)(9)—preferences, trustee may not avoid a transfer if, in a case filed by a debtor whose debts are not primarily consumer debts, the aggregate value of property is less than.	\$6,425	\$6,825
Section 707(b)—dismissal of a chapter 7 case or conversion to chapter 11 or 13 (means test)		
(1)—in paragraph (2)(A)(i)(I)	\$7,700	\$8,175
(2)—in paragraph (2)(A)(i)(II)	\$12,850	\$13,650
(3)—in paragraph (2)(A)(ii)(IV)	\$1,925	\$2,050
(4)—in paragraph (2)(B)(iv)(I)	\$7,700	\$8,175
(5)—in paragraph (2)(B)(iv)(II)	\$12,850	\$13,650
(6)—in paragraph (5)(B)	\$1,300	\$1,375
(7)—in paragraph (6)(C)	\$700	\$750
(8)—in paragraph (7)(A)(iii)	\$700	\$750
Section 1322(d)—contents of chapter 13 plan, monthly income.	\$700 (each time it appears).	\$750 (each time it appears)
Section 1325(b)—chapter 13 confirmation of plan, disposable income.	\$700 (each time it appears).	\$750 (each time it appears)
Section 1326(b)(3)—payments to former chapter 7 trustee.	\$25	\$25

¹ The New (Adjusted) Dollar Amounts reflect a 6.218 percent increase, rounded to the nearest \$25.

² So in original. Probably should indicate "each time it appears".

Similar notices by the Judicial Conference of the United States adjusting the dollar amounts in provisions specified in subsec. (a) of this section were contained in the following:

- Feb. 16, 2016, 81 F.R. 8748, effective Apr. 1, 2016.
- Feb. 12, 2013, 78 F.R. 12089, effective Apr. 1, 2013.
- Feb. 19, 2010, 75 F.R. 8747, effective Apr. 1, 2010.
- Feb. 7, 2007, 72 F.R. 7082, effective Apr. 1, 2007.
- Feb. 18, 2004, 69 F.R. 8482, effective Apr. 1, 2004.
- Feb. 13, 2001, 66 F.R. 10910, effective Apr. 1, 2001.
- Feb. 3, 1998, 63 F.R. 7179, effective Apr. 1, 1998.

§ 105. Power of court

(a) The court may issue any order, process, or judgment that is necessary or appropriate to carry out the provisions of this title. No provision of this title providing for the raising of an issue by a party in interest shall be construed to preclude the court from, sua sponte, taking any action or making any determination necessary or appropriate to enforce or implement court orders or rules, or to prevent an abuse of process.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a court may not appoint a receiver in a case under this title.

(c) The ability of any district judge or other officer or employee of a district court to exercise any of the authority or responsibilities conferred upon the court under this title shall be determined by reference to the provisions relating to such judge, officer, or employee set forth in title 28. This subsection shall not be interpreted to exclude bankruptcy judges and other officers or employees appointed pursuant to chapter 6 of title 28 from its operation.

(d) The court, on its own motion or on the request of a party in interest—

(1) shall hold such status conferences as are necessary to further the expeditious and economical resolution of the case; and

(2) unless inconsistent with another provision of this title or with applicable Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, may issue an order at any such conference prescribing such limitations and conditions as the court deems appropriate to ensure that the case is handled expeditiously and economically, including an order that—

(A) sets the date by which the trustee must assume or reject an executory contract or unexpired lease; or

(B) in a case under chapter 11 of this title—

(i) sets a date by which the debtor, or trustee if one has been appointed, shall file a disclosure statement and plan;

(ii) sets a date by which the debtor, or trustee if one has been appointed, shall solicit acceptances of a plan;

(iii) sets the date by which a party in interest other than a debtor may file a plan;

(iv) sets a date by which a proponent of a plan, other than the debtor, shall solicit acceptances of such plan;

(v) fixes the scope and format of the notice to be provided regarding the hearing on approval of the disclosure statement; or

(vi) provides that the hearing on approval of the disclosure statement may be combined with the hearing on confirmation of the plan.

(Pub. L. 95-598, Nov. 6, 1978, 92 Stat. 2555; Pub. L. 98-353, title I, § 118, July 10, 1984, 98 Stat. 344; Pub. L. 99-554, title II, § 203, Oct. 27, 1986, 100 Stat. 3097; Pub. L. 103-394, title I, § 104(a), Oct. 22, 1994, 108 Stat. 4108; Pub. L. 109-8, title IV, § 440, Apr. 20, 2005, 119 Stat. 114; Pub. L. 111-327, § 2(a)(3), Dec. 22, 2010, 124 Stat. 3557.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

SENATE REPORT NO. 95-989

Section 105 is derived from section 2a (15) of present law [section 11(a)(15) of former title 11], with two changes. First, the limitation on the power of a bankruptcy judge (the power to enjoin a court being reserved to the district judge) is removed as inconsistent with the increased powers and jurisdiction of the new bankruptcy court. Second, the bankruptcy judge is prohibited from appointing a receiver in a case under title 11 under any circumstances. The bankruptcy code has ample provision for the appointment of a trustee when needed. Appointment of a receiver would simply circumvent the established procedures.

This section is also an authorization, as required under 28 U.S.C. 2283, for a court of the United States to stay the action of a State court. As such, *Toucey v. New York Life Insurance Company*, 314 U.S. 118 (1941), is overruled.

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, referred to in subsec. (d)(2), are set out in the Appendix to this title.

AMENDMENTS

2010—Subsec. (d)(2). Pub. L. 111-327 inserted “may” after “Procedure,” in introductory provisions.

2005—Subsec. (d). Pub. L. 109-8, § 440(1), struck out “, may” after “party in interest” in introductory provisions.

Subsec. (d)(1). Pub. L. 109-8, § 440(2), added par. (1) and struck out former par. (1) which read as follows: “hold a status conference regarding any case or proceeding under this title after notice to the parties in interest; and”.

1994—Subsec. (d). Pub. L. 103-394 added subsec. (d).

1986—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 99-554 inserted at end “No provision of this title providing for the raising of an issue by a party in interest shall be construed to preclude the court from, sua sponte, taking any action or making any determination necessary or appropriate to enforce or implement court orders or rules, or to prevent an abuse of process.”

1984—Subsecs. (a), (b). Pub. L. 98-353, § 118(1), struck out “bankruptcy” before “court”.

Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 98-353, § 118(2), added subsec. (c).

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 2005 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 109-8 effective 180 days after Apr. 20, 2005, and not applicable with respect to cases commenced under this title before such effective date, except as otherwise provided, see section 1501 of Pub. L. 109-8, set out as a note under section 101 of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1994 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 103-394 effective Oct. 22, 1994, and not applicable with respect to cases commenced under this title before Oct. 22, 1994, see section 702 of Pub. L. 103-394, set out as a note under section 101 of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1986 AMENDMENT

Effective date and applicability of amendment by Pub. L. 99-554 dependent upon the judicial district involved, see section 302(d), (e) of Pub. L. 99-554, set out as a note under section 581 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1984 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 98-353 effective July 10, 1984, see section 122(a) of Pub. L. 98-353, set out as an Effective Date note under section 151 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure.

§ 106. Waiver of sovereign immunity

(a) Notwithstanding an assertion of sovereign immunity, sovereign immunity is abrogated as to a governmental unit to the extent set forth in this section with respect to the following:

(1) Sections 105, 106, 107, 108, 303, 346, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 502, 503, 505, 506, 510, 522, 523, 524, 525, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 722, 724, 726, 744, 749, 764, 901, 922, 926, 928, 929, 944, 1107, 1141, 1142, 1143, 1146, 1201, 1203, 1205, 1206, 1227, 1231, 1301, 1303, 1305, and 1327 of this title.

(2) The court may hear and determine any issue arising with respect to the application of such sections to governmental units.