

in the escrow account that does not exceed 1/5 of the amount in the escrow account on the last day of the covered period.

**(e) Special rule for estimates for particular fiscal years**

**(1) Rule**

For purposes of subsection (a)(1), the amount of assessments estimated to be collected under section 8705 of this title in a fiscal year specified in paragraph (2) shall be equal to 62 percent of the amount of assessments actually collected under such section in the most recent fiscal year for which an audit report has been submitted under section 8704(f)(2)(B) of this title as of the beginning of the fiscal year for which the amount that may be obligated is being determined.

**(2) Fiscal years specified**

The fiscal years specified in this paragraph are the 9th and 10th fiscal years that begin on or after October 5, 2018.

**(f) Covered period defined**

In this section, the term “covered period” means the period that begins on October 5, 2018, and ends on the last day of the 11th fiscal year that begins on or after such date.

(Pub. L. 115–254, div. E, §1316, Oct. 5, 2018, 132 Stat. 3483.)

**§ 8716. Study and report by the Government Accountability Office**

Not later than 5 years after October 5, 2018, the Comptroller General of the United States shall prepare a study, and not later than 8 years after October 5, 2018, the Comptroller General shall submit to Congress and the Secretary a report, examining—

- (1) how the Board spends assessments collected;
- (2) the extent to which the reported activities of the Board help achieve the annual objectives of the Board;
- (3) any changes in demand for concrete masonry products relative to other building materials;
- (4) any impact of the activities of the Board on the market share of competing products;
- (5) any impact of the activities of the Board on the overall size of the market for building products;
- (6) any impact of the activities of the Board on the total number of concrete-masonry-related jobs, including manufacturing, sales, and installation;
- (7) any significant effects of the activities of the Board on downstream purchasers of concrete masonry products and real property into which concrete masonry products are incorporated;
- (8) effects on prices of concrete masonry products as a result of the activities of the Board;
- (9) the cost to the Federal Government of an increase in concrete masonry product prices, if any, as a result of the program established by this chapter;
- (10) the extent to which key statutory requirements are met;

(11) the extent and strength of Federal oversight of the program established by this chapter;

(12) the appropriateness of administering the program from within the Office of the Secretary of Commerce and the appropriateness of administering the program from within any division of the Department, including whether the Department has the expertise, knowledge, or other capabilities necessary to adequately administer the program; and

(13) any other topic that the Comptroller General considers appropriate.

(Pub. L. 115–254, div. E, §1317, Oct. 5, 2018, 132 Stat. 3484.)

**§ 8717. Study and report by the Department of Commerce**

Not later than 3 years after October 5, 2018, the Secretary shall prepare a study and submit to Congress a report examining the appropriateness and effectiveness of applying the commodity check-off program model (such as those programs established under the Commodity Promotion, Research, and Information Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7411 et seq.)) to a nonagricultural industry, taking into account the program established by this chapter and any other check-off program involving a nonagricultural industry.

(Pub. L. 115–254, div. E, §1318, Oct. 5, 2018, 132 Stat. 3485.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Commodity Promotion, Research, and Information Act of 1996, referred to in text, is subtitle B of title V of Pub. L. 104–127, Apr. 4, 1996, 110 Stat. 1032, which is classified generally to subchapter II (§7411 et seq.) of chapter 101 of Title 7, Agriculture. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 7401 of Title 7 and Tables.

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8852. National Quantum Information Science Research Centers.

### § 8801. Definitions

In this chapter:

#### (1) Advisory Committee

The term “Advisory Committee” means the National Quantum Initiative Advisory Committee established under section 8814(a) of this title.

#### (2) Appropriate committees of Congress

The term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(A) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate;

(B) the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate; and

(C) the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives.

#### (3) Coordination Office

The term “Coordination Office” means the National Quantum Coordination Office established under section 8812(a) of this title.

#### (4) Institution of higher education

The term “institution of higher education” has the meaning given the term in section 1001(a) of title 20.

#### (5) Program

The term “Program” means the National Quantum Initiative Program implemented under section 8811(a) of this title.

#### (6) Quantum information science

The term “quantum information science” means the use of the laws of quantum physics for the storage, transmission, manipulation, computing, or measurement of information.

#### (7) Subcommittee

The term “Subcommittee” means the Subcommittee on Quantum Information Science of the National Science and Technology Council established under section 8813(a) of this title.

(Pub. L. 115–368, § 2, Dec. 21, 2018, 132 Stat. 5092.)

#### SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 115–368, § 1(a), Dec. 21, 2018, 132 Stat. 5092, provided that: “This Act [enacting this chapter] may be cited as the ‘National Quantum Initiative Act’.”

### § 8802. Purposes

The purpose of this chapter is to ensure the continued leadership of the United States in quantum information science and its technology applications by—

(1) supporting research, development, demonstration, and application of quantum information science and technology—

(A) to expand the number of researchers, educators, and students with training in quantum information science and technology to develop a workforce pipeline;

(B) to promote the development and inclusion of multidisciplinary curriculum and research opportunities for quantum information science at the undergraduate, graduate, and postdoctoral level;

(C) to address basic research knowledge gaps, including computational research gaps;

(D) to promote the further development of facilities and centers available for quantum information science and technology research, testing and education; and

(E) to stimulate research on and promote more rapid development of quantum-based technologies;

(2) improving the interagency planning and coordination of Federal research and development of quantum information science and technology;

(3) maximizing the effectiveness of the Federal Government’s quantum information science and technology research, development, and demonstration programs;

(4) promoting collaboration among the Federal Government, Federal laboratories, industry, and universities; and

(5) promoting the development of international standards for quantum information science and technology security—

(A) to facilitate technology innovation and private sector commercialization; and

(B) to meet economic and national security goals.

(Pub. L. 115–368, § 3, Dec. 21, 2018, 132 Stat. 5093.)

#### SUBCHAPTER I—NATIONAL QUANTUM INITIATIVE

### § 8811. National Quantum Initiative Program

#### (a) In general

The President shall implement a National Quantum Initiative Program.

#### (b) Requirements

In carrying out the Program, the President, acting through Federal agencies, councils, working groups, subcommittees, and the Coordination Office, as the President considers appropriate, shall—

(1) establish the goals, priorities, and metrics for a 10-year plan to accelerate development of quantum information science and technology applications in the United States;

(2) invest in fundamental Federal quantum information science and technology research, development, demonstration, and other activities to achieve the goals established under paragraph (1);

(3) invest in activities to develop a quantum information science and technology workforce pipeline;

(4) provide for interagency planning and coordination of Federal quantum information science and technology research, development, demonstration, standards engagement, and other activities under the Program;

(5) partner with industry and universities to leverage knowledge and resources; and

(6) leverage existing Federal investments efficiently to advance Program goals and priorities established under paragraph (1).

(Pub. L. 115–368, title I, § 101, Dec. 21, 2018, 132 Stat. 5094.)

#### TERMINATION OF SECTION

*For termination of section, see section 8815 of this title.*