(3) Bases for determinations

In making a determination required under this subsection, the Secretary shall—

- (A) use the best scientific information available; and
- (B) consider the adequacy of regulatory and enforcement mechanisms in all countries of origin for the species, including such mechanisms for control of illegal trade.

(b) Captive bred species

The Secretary shall include a species of exotic birds in the list under subsection (a) if the Secretary determines that—

- (1) the species is regularly bred in captivity and no wild-caught birds of the species are in trade; or
- (2) the species is bred in a qualifying facility.

(c) Non-captive bred species

The Secretary shall include in the list under subsection (a) a species of exotic birds that is listed in an Appendix to the Convention if the Secretary finds the Convention is being effectively implemented with respect to that species because of each of the following:

- (1) Each country of origin for which the species is listed is effectively implementing the Convention, particularly with respect to—
 - (A) the establishment of a scientific authority or other equivalent authority;
 - $\left(B\right)$ the requirements of Article IV of the Convention with respect to that species; and
 - (C) remedial measures recommended by the Parties to the Convention with respect to that species.
- (2) A scientifically-based management plan for the species has been developed which—
 - (A) provides for the conservation of the species and its habitat and includes incentives for conservation;
 - (B) ensures that the use of the species is biologically sustainable and maintained throughout the range of the species in the country to which the plan applies at a level that is consistent with the role of the species in the ecosystem and is well above the level at which the species might become threatened with extinction; and
 - (C) addresses factors relevant to the conservation of the species, including illegal trade, domestic trade, subsistence use, disease, and habitat loss.
- (3) The management plan is implemented and enforced.
- (4) The methods of capture, transport, and maintenance of the species minimizes the risk of injury or damage to health, including inhumane treatment.

(Pub. L. 102–440, title I, §106, Oct. 23, 1992, 106 Stat. 2227.)

§ 4906. Qualifying facilities

(a) Determination

Upon submission of a petition under section 4909 of this title by any person, the Secretary shall determine whether an exotic bird breeding facility is a qualifying facility. Such determina-

tion shall be effective for a period specified by the Secretary, which may not exceed 3 years. The Secretary shall, from time to time, publish a list of qualifying facilities in the Federal Register.

(b) Criteria

The Secretary shall determine under subsection (a) that a facility is a qualifying facility for a species of exotic birds if the Secretary finds each of the following:

- (1) The facility has demonstrated the capability of producing captive bred birds of the species in the numbers to be imported into the United States from that facility.
- (2) The facility is operated in a manner that is not detrimental to the survival of the species in the wild.
- (3) The facility is operated in a humane manner.
- (4) The appropriate governmental authority of the country in which the facility is located has certified in writing, and the Secretary is satisfied, that the facility has the capability of breeding the species in captivity.
- (5) The country in which the facility is located is a Party to the Convention.
- (6) All birds exported from the facility are bred at the facility.

(Pub. L. 102–440, title I, §107, Oct. 23, 1992, 106 Stat. 2228.)

§ 4907. Moratoria for species not covered by Convention

(a) In general

The Secretary shall—

- (1) review periodically the trade in species of exotic birds that are not listed in any Appendix to the Convention; and
- (2) after notice and an opportunity for public comment, establish a moratorium or quota on—
 - (A) importation of any species of exotic birds from one or more countries of origin for the species, if the Secretary determines that—
 - (i) the findings described in section 4905(c)(2), (3), and (4) of this title cannot be made with respect to the species; and
 - (ii) the moratorium or quota is necessary for the conservation of the species or is otherwise consistent with the purpose of this chapter; or
 - (B) the importation of all species of exotic birds from a particular country, if—
 - (i) the country has not developed and implemented a management program for exotic birds in trade generally, that ensures both the conservation and the humane treatment of exotic birds during capture, transport, and maintenance; and
 - (ii) the Secretary finds that the moratorium or quota is necessary for the conservation of the species or is otherwise consistent with the purpose of this chapter.

(b) Termination of quota or moratorium

The Secretary shall terminate a quota or moratorium established under subsection (a) if the