conversion to a new special use authorization form; or

(B) to include nondiscretionary environmental standards or to conform with current law.

(Pub. L. 108-7, div. F, title V, §507, Feb. 20, 2003, 117 Stat. 297.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, referred to in subsec. (a), is Pub. L. 91–190, Jan. 1, 1970, 83 Stat. 852, as amended, which is classified generally to chapter 55 (§ 4321 et seq.) of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 4321 of Title 42 and Tables.

CHAPTER 82—GREAT APE CONSERVATION

Sec

6301. Findings and purposes.

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§ 6301. Findings and purposes

(a) Findings

Congress finds that—

- (1) great ape populations have declined to the point that the long-term survival of the species in the wild is in serious jeopardy;
- (2) the chimpanzee, gorilla, bonobo, orangutan, and gibbon are listed as endangered species under section 1533 of this title and under Appendix I of the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (27 UST 1087; TIAS 8249);
- (3) because the challenges facing the conservation of great apes are so immense, the resources available to date have not been sufficient to cope with the continued loss of habitat due to human encroachment and logging and the consequent diminution of great ape populations;
- (4) because great apes are flagship species for the conservation of the tropical forest habitats in which they are found, conservation of great apes provides benefits to numerous other species of wildlife, including many other endangered species;
- (5) among the threats to great apes, in addition to habitat loss, are population fragmentation, hunting for the bushmeat trade, live capture, and exposure to emerging or introduced diseases;
- (6) great apes are important components of the ecosystems they inhabit, and studies of their wild populations have provided important biological insights;
- (7) although subsistence hunting of tropical forest animals has occurred for hundreds of years at a sustainable level, the tremendous increase in the commercial trade of tropical forest species is detrimental to the future of these species; and
- (8) the reduction, removal, or other effective addressing of the threats to the long-term viability of populations of great apes in the wild will require the joint commitment and effort of countries that have within their boundaries any part of the range of great apes, the United

States and other countries, and the private sector.

(b) Purposes

The purposes of this chapter are—

- (1) to sustain viable populations of great apes in the wild; and
- (2) to assist in the conservation and protection of great apes by supporting conservation programs of countries in which populations of great apes are located and by supporting the CITES Secretariat.

(Pub. L. 106-411, §2, Nov. 1, 2000, 114 Stat. 1789.)
SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 106-411, §1, Nov. 1, 2000, 114 Stat. 1789, provided that: "This Act [enacting this chapter] may be cited as the 'Great Ape Conservation Act of 2000'."

§ 6302. Definitions

In this chapter:

(1) CITES

The term "CITES" means the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora, done at Washington March 3, 1973 (27 UST 1087; TIAS 8249), including its appendices.

(2) Conservation

The term "conservation"—

- (A) means the use of methods and procedures necessary to prevent the diminution of, and to sustain viable populations of, a species; and
- (B) includes all activities associated with wildlife management, such as—
 - (i) conservation, protection, restoration, acquisition, and management of habitat;
 - (ii) in-situ research and monitoring of populations and habitats;
 - (iii) assistance in the development, implementation, and improvement of management plans for managed habitat ranges:
 - (iv) enforcement and implementation of CITES:
 - (v) enforcement and implementation of domestic laws relating to resource management;
 - (vi) development and operation of sanctuaries for members of a species rescued from the illegal trade in live animals;
 - (vii) training of local law enforcement officials in the interdiction and prevention of the illegal killing of great apes;
 - (viii) programs for the rehabilitation of members of a species in the wild and release of the members into the wild in ways which do not threaten existing wildlife populations by causing displacement or the introduction of disease;
 - (ix) conflict resolution initiatives:
 - (x) community outreach and education; and
 - (xi) strengthening the capacity of local communities to implement conservation programs.

(3) Fund

The term "Fund" means the Great Ape Conservation Fund established by section 6304 of this title.