

Congress receives the certification described in subsection (a) [set out below] before October 1, 1999, effective on that date the Act entitled 'An Act to authorize participation by the United States in the Interparliamentary Union', approved June 28, 1935 (22 U.S.C. 276-276a-4) is repealed." [The Secretary of State did not make the required certification.]

TERMINATION OF UNITED STATES MEMBERSHIP IN
BUREAU OF INTERPARLIAMENTARY UNION

Pub. L. 105-277, div. G, subdiv. B, title XXV, §2503(a), Oct. 21, 1998, 112 Stat. 2681-836, provided that: "Unless the Secretary of State certifies to Congress that the United States will be assessed not more than \$500,000 for its annual contribution to the Bureau of the Interparliamentary Union during fiscal year 1999, then effective October 1, 1999, the authority for further participation by the United States in the Bureau shall terminate in accordance with subsection (d) [set out above]." [The Secretary of State did not make the required certification.]

§ 276b. Repealed. Pub. L. 95-45, § 4(d)(4), June 15, 1977, 91 Stat. 223

Section, act Aug. 25, 1937, ch. 757, 50 Stat. 770, provided that, on and after Aug. 25, 1937, the certificate of the president and executive secretary of the American Group of the Interparliamentary Union be final and conclusive upon the accounting officers in the auditing of all accounts of the Group.

§ 276c. Designation of Senate delegates to Conferences of the Interparliamentary Union

On and after June 30, 1958, Senate delegates to Conferences of the Interparliamentary Union shall be designated by the Presiding Officer of the Senate. Not less than two Senators so designated shall be members of the Committee on Foreign Relations.

(Pub. L. 85-474, title I, June 30, 1958, 72 Stat. 246; Pub. L. 94-141, title II, §204(c), Nov. 29, 1975, 89 Stat. 762.)

AMENDMENTS

1975—Pub. L. 94-141 inserted at end "Not less than two Senators so designated shall be members of the Committee on Foreign Relations."

§ 276c-1. Reports of expenditures by members of American groups or delegations and employees; consolidated reports by congressional committees; public inspection

Each chairman or senior member of the House of Representatives and Senate group or delegation of the United States group or delegation to the Interparliamentary Union, the NATO Parliamentary Assembly, the Canada-United States Interparliamentary Group, the Mexico-United States Interparliamentary Group, or any similar interparliamentary group of which the United States is a member or participates, by whom or on whose behalf local currencies owned by the United States are made available and expended and/or expenditures are made from funds appropriated for the expenses of such group or delegation, shall file with the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate in the case of the group or delegation of the Senate, or with the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives in the case of the group or delegation of the House, an itemized report showing all such expenditures made by or on behalf of each Member or em-

ployee of the group or delegation together with the purposes of the expenditure, including per diem (lodging and meals), transportation, and other purposes. Within sixty days after the beginning of each regular session of Congress, the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations and the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs shall prepare consolidated reports showing with respect to each such group or delegation the total amount expended, the purposes of the expenditures, the amount expended for each such purpose, the names of the Members or employees by or on behalf of whom the expenditures were made and the amount expended by or on behalf of each Member or employee for each such purpose. The consolidated reports prepared by the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate shall be filed with the Secretary of the Senate, and the consolidated reports prepared by the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House shall be filed with the Clerk of the House and shall be open to public inspection.

(Pub. L. 86-628, §105(b), July 12, 1960, 74 Stat. 460; Pub. L. 90-137, pt. IV, §401(b), Nov. 14, 1967, 81 Stat. 463; Pub. L. 94-59, title XI, §1104, July 25, 1975, 89 Stat. 299; Pub. L. 103-437, §9(a)(2), Nov. 2, 1994, 108 Stat. 4588; Pub. L. 104-186, title II, §218(1), Aug. 20, 1996, 110 Stat. 1747; Pub. L. 106-113, div. B, §1000(a)(7) [div. A, title VII, §701(b)(2)], Nov. 29, 1999, 113 Stat. 1536, 1501A-459.)

AMENDMENTS

1999—Pub. L. 106-113 substituted "NATO Parliamentary Assembly" for "North Atlantic Assembly".

1996—Pub. L. 104-186 substituted "Clerk" for "Committee on House Administration" in last sentence.

1994—Pub. L. 103-437 substituted "Foreign Affairs" for "International Relations" wherever appearing.

1975—Pub. L. 94-59 brought reporting requirements into conformity with other foreign travel expense reporting requirements and into conformity with rules of House of Representatives.

1967—Pub. L. 90-137 substituted "North Atlantic Assembly" for "NATO parliamentarian's Conference".

§ 276c-2. Employee benefits for United States citizen-representatives to international financial institutions; Treasury Department as collecting, accounting, and depositing agency for employee payments; contributions from appropriated funds

Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, the Executive Directors and Directors and their alternates, representing the United States in the International Monetary Fund, the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Inter-American Development Bank, the Bank for Economic Cooperation and Development in the Middle East and North Africa, the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Fund, the African Development Bank, and the Inter-American Investment Corporation, shall, if they are citizens of the United States, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, each be eligible on the basis of such service and the total compensation received therefor, for all employee benefits afforded employees in the civil service of the United States. The Treasury Department shall

serve as the employing office for collecting, accounting for, and depositing in the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund, Employees Life Insurance Fund, and Employees Health Benefits Fund, all retirement and health insurance benefits payments made by these employees, and shall make any necessary agency contributions from funds appropriated to the Department of the Treasury.

(Pub. L. 91-599, ch. 5, §51, Dec. 30, 1970, 84 Stat. 1659; Pub. L. 95-612, §4, Nov. 8, 1978, 92 Stat. 3092; Pub. L. 97-35, title XIII, §1342(d), Aug. 13, 1981, 95 Stat. 743; Pub. L. 98-473, title I, §101(1) [title I], Oct. 12, 1984, 98 Stat. 1884, 1885; Pub. L. 101-513, title V, §562(c)(10)(C), Nov. 5, 1990, 104 Stat. 2036; Pub. L. 104-208, div. A, title I, §101(c) [title VII, §710(c)], Sept. 30, 1996, 110 Stat. 3009-121, 3009-181.)

CODIFICATION

Amendment by Pub. L. 98-473 is based on section 211(b) of title II of S. 2416, Ninety-eighth Congress, as introduced in the Senate on Mar. 13, 1984, which was enacted into permanent law by Pub. L. 98-473.

AMENDMENTS

1996—Pub. L. 104-208 inserted “the Bank for Economic Cooperation and Development in the Middle East and North Africa,” after “the Inter-American Development Bank.”

1990—Pub. L. 101-513 inserted “the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development,” before “the Inter-American Development Bank.”

1984—Pub. L. 98-473 inserted reference to the Inter-American Investment Corporation.

1981—Pub. L. 97-35 inserted reference to the African Development Bank.

1978—Pub. L. 95-612 prescribed requirement of citizenship to be eligible for employee benefits, extended the benefits to representatives to the African Development Fund, substituted provision for contributions from appropriated funds for prior provision for contributions from the fund established under section 822a(a) of title 31, and struck out provision making section effective Dec. 14, 1966.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1981 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 97-35 effective Aug. 13, 1981, see section 1372 of Pub. L. 97-35, set out as an Effective Date note under section 290i of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1978 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 95-612, §7, Nov. 8, 1978, 92 Stat. 3092, provided that: “This Act [amending this section, section 5108 of Title 5, Government Organization and Employees, and section 822a of former Title 31, Money and Finance, and enacting provisions set out as a note under section 5108 of Title 5] shall take effect on October 1, 1978, or on such later date as funds are made available pursuant to appropriation Acts authorized by section 5 of this Act [authorizing appropriations of \$24,000,000 for fiscal year 1979; not classified to the Code].” Section 7 of Pub. L. 95-612 was repealed as executed by Pub. L. 97-258, §5(b), Sept. 13, 1982, 96 Stat. 1088, section 1 of which enacted Title 31, Money and Finance.

§ 276c-3. Repealed. Pub. L. 101-240, title V, §541(d)(7), Dec. 19, 1989, 103 Stat. 2518

Section, Pub. L. 98-181, title I [title X, §1006], Nov. 30, 1983, 97 Stat. 1287, related to personnel practices at the Inter-American Development Bank, Asian Development Bank, and African Development Bank.

§ 276c-4. Employment of United States citizens by certain international organizations

Not later than 180 days after December 16, 2016, and annually thereafter for 3 years, the

Secretary of State shall submit to Congress a report that provides—

(1) for each international organization that had a geographic distribution formula in effect on January 1, 1991, an assessment of whether that organization—

(A) is taking good faith steps to increase the staffing of United States citizens, including, as appropriate, as assessment of any additional steps the organization could be taking to increase such staffing; and

(B) has met the requirements of its geographic distribution formula; and

(2) an assessment of United States representation among professional and senior-level positions at the United Nations, including—

(A) an assessment of the proportion of United States citizens employed at the United Nations Secretariat and at all United Nations specialized agencies, funds, and programs relative to the total employment at the United Nations Secretariat and at all such agencies, funds, and programs;

(B) an assessment of compliance by the United Nations Secretariat and such agencies, funds, and programs with any applicable geographic distribution formula; and

(C) a description of any steps taken or planned to be taken by the United States to increase the staffing of United States citizens at the United Nations Secretariat and such agencies, funds and programs.

(Pub. L. 102-138, title I, §181, Oct. 28, 1991, 105 Stat. 682; Pub. L. 114-323, title III, §308, Dec. 16, 2016, 130 Stat. 1923.)

AMENDMENTS

2016—Pub. L. 114-323 amended section generally. Prior to amendment, text read as follows: “Not less than 180 days after October 28, 1991, and each year thereafter, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the Congress concerning each international organization which had a geographic distribution formula in effect on January 1, 1991, of whether each such organization—

“(1) is taking good faith steps to increase the staffing of United States citizens; and

“(2) has met its geographic distribution formula.”

SUBCHAPTER I—CANADA-UNITED STATES INTERPARLIAMENTARY GROUP

§ 276d. United States group; appointment; term; meetings

Not to exceed twenty-four Members of Congress shall be appointed to meet jointly and at least annually and when Congress is not in session (except that this restriction shall not apply during the first session of the Eighty-sixth Congress or to meetings held in the United States) with representatives of the House of Commons and Senate of the Canadian Parliament for discussion of common problems in the interests of relations between the United States and Canada. Of the Members of the Congress to be appointed for the purposes of this subchapter (hereinafter designated as the United States group) half shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House from Members of the House (not less than four of whom shall be from the Foreign Affairs Committee), and half shall be appointed by the President of the Senate upon recommendations of the