Sec.

SUBCHAPTER V-MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

§6771. Prohibition

(a) In general

Neither the Secretary of Defense nor any other officer or employee of the United States may. directly or by contract-

(1) conduct any test or experiment involving the use of any chemical or biological agent on a civilian population: or

(2) use human subjects for the testing of chemical or biological agents.

(b) Construction

Nothing in subsection (a) may be construed to prohibit actions carried out for purposes not prohibited by this chapter (as defined in section 6701(8) of this title).

(c) "Biological agent" defined

In this section, the term "biological agent" means any micro-organism (including bacteria, viruses, fungi, rickettsiae or protozoa), pathogen, or infectious substance, or any naturally occurring, bio-engineered or synthesized component of any such micro-organism, pathogen, or infectious substance, whatever its origin or method of production, capable of causing-

(1) death, disease, or other biological malfunction in a human, an animal, a plant, or another living organism;

(2) deterioration of food, water, equipment, supplies, or materials of any kind; or

(3) deleterious alteration of the environment.

(Pub. L. 105-277, div. I, title VI, §602, Oct. 21, 1998, 112 Stat. 2681–886.)

References in Text

This chapter, referred to in subsec. (b), was in the original "this Act" and was translated as reading "this division", meaning div. I of Pub. L. 105-277, Oct. 21, 1998, 112 Stat. 2681-856, known as the Chemical Weapons Convention Implementation Act of 1998, to reflect the probable intent of Congress. For complete classification of division I to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 6701 of this title and Tables.

CHAPTER 76—ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES WITH LARGE POPULATIONS HAVING HIV/ AIDS

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§6801. Definitions

In this chapter:

(1) AIDS

The term "AIDS" means the acquired immune deficiency syndrome.

(2) Association

The term "Association" means the International Development Association.

(3) Bank

The term "Bank" or "World Bank" means the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

(4) HIV

The term "HIV" means the human immunodeficiency virus, the pathogen which causes AIDS.

(5) HIV/AIDS

The term "HIV/AIDS" means, with respect to an individual, an individual who is infected with HIV or living with AIDS.

(Pub. L. 106-264, title I, §102, Aug. 19, 2000, 114 Stat. 749.)

References in Text

This chapter, referred to in text, was in the original "this title", meaning title I of Pub. L. 106-264, Aug. 19, 2000, 114 Stat. 748, which is classified principally to this chapter. For complete classification of title I to the Code, see Short Title note set out below and Tables.

SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 106-264, §1, Aug. 19, 2000, 114 Stat. 748, provided that: "This Act [enacting this chapter, amending sections 2151b, 2222, 2293, 2367 and 2395 of this title, and enacting provisions set out as notes under this section and sections 2151 and 2151b of this title] may be cited as the 'Global AIDS and Tuberculosis Relief Act of 2000', ''

Pub. L. 106-264, title I, §101, Aug. 19, 2000, 114 Stat. 749, provided that: "This title [enacting this chapter and amending sections 2151b, 2222 and 2293 of this title] may be cited as the 'Global AIDS Research and Relief Act of 2000'.

§6802. Findings and purposes

(a) Findings

Congress makes the following findings:

(1) According to the Surgeon General of the United States, the epidemic of human immunodeficiency virus/acquired immune deficiency syndrome (HIV/AIDS) will soon become the worst epidemic of infectious disease in recorded history, eclipsing both the bubonic plague of the 1300's and the influenza epidemic of 1918-1919 which killed more than 20,000,000 people worldwide.

(2) According to the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), more than 34,300,000 people in the world today are living with HIV/AIDS, of which approximately 95 percent live in the developing world.

(3) UNAIDS data shows that among children age 14 and under worldwide, more than