- (1) improving law enforcement effectiveness;
- (2) reducing crime in Indian country and nearby communities; and
- (3) developing successful cooperative relationships that effectively combat crime in Indian country and nearby communities.

(Pub. L. 111–211, title II, §222, July 29, 2010, 124 Stat. 2272.)

#### CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Tribal Law and Order Act of 2010, and not as part of the Indian Law Enforcement Reform Act which comprises this chapter.

### DEFINITIONS

For definitions of terms used in this section, see section 203(a) of Pub. L. 111-211, set out as a note under section 2801 of this title.

## CHAPTER 31—NATIVE AMERICAN LANGUAGES

Sec.

2901. Findings.

2902. Definitions.2903. Declaration of policy.

2904. No restrictions. 2905. Evaluations. 2906. Use of English.

### § 2901. Findings

The Congress finds that—

- (1) the status of the cultures and languages of Native Americans is unique and the United States has the responsibility to act together with Native Americans to ensure the survival of these unique cultures and languages;
- (2) special status is accorded Native Americans in the United States, a status that recognizes distinct cultural and political rights, including the right to continue separate identities;
- (3) the traditional languages of Native Americans are an integral part of their cultures and identities and form the basic medium for the transmission, and thus survival, of Native American cultures, literatures, histories, religions, political institutions, and values:
- (4) there is a widespread practice of treating Native Americans<sup>1</sup> languages as if they were anachronisms:
- (5) there is a lack of clear, comprehensive, and consistent Federal policy on treatment of Native American languages which has often resulted in acts of suppression and extermination of Native American languages and cultures;
- (6) there is convincing evidence that student achievement and performance, community and school pride, and educational opportunity is clearly and directly tied to respect for, and support of, the first language of the child or student:
- (7) it is clearly in the interests of the United States, individual States, and territories to encourage the full academic and human potential achievements of all students and citizens and to take steps to realize these ends;
- (8) acts of suppression and extermination directed against Native American languages and

- cultures are in conflict with the United States policy of self-determination for Native Americans:
- (9) languages are the means of communication for the full range of human experiences and are critical to the survival of cultural and political integrity of any people; and
- (10) language provides a direct and powerful means of promoting international communication by people who share languages.

(Pub. L. 101–477, title I, §102, Oct. 30, 1990, 104 Stat. 1153.)

### SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 101-477, title I, §101, Oct. 30, 1990, 104 Stat. 1153, provided that: "This title [enacting this chapter] may be cited as the 'Native American Languages Act'."

### § 2902. Definitions

For purposes of this chapter—

- (1) The term "Native American" means an Indian, Native Hawaiian, or Native American Pacific Islander.
- (2) The term "Indian" has the meaning given to such term under section 7491(3) of title 20.
- (3) The term "Native Hawaiian" has the meaning given to such term by section 7517 of title 20.
- (4) The term "Native American Pacific Islander" means any descendent of the aboriginal people of any island in the Pacific Ocean that is a territory or possession of the United States.
- (5) The terms "Indian tribe" and "tribal organization" have the respective meaning given to each of such terms under section 5304 of this title.
- (6) The term "Native American language" means the historical, traditional languages spoken by Native Americans.
- (7) The term "traditional leaders" includes Native Americans who have special expertise in Native American culture and Native American languages.
- (8) The term "Indian reservation" has the same meaning given to the term "reservation" under section 1452 of this title.

(Pub. L. 101–477, title I, §103, Oct. 30, 1990, 104 Stat. 1154; Pub. L. 104–109, §11, Feb. 12, 1996, 110 Stat. 765; Pub. L. 107–110, title VII, §702(f), Jan. 8, 2002, 115 Stat. 1947; Pub. L. 114–95, title IX, §9215(iii), Dec. 10, 2015, 129 Stat. 2187.)

### AMENDMENTS

2015—Par. (2). Pub. L. 114-95, 9215(iii)(1), made technical amendment to reference in original act which appears in text as reference to section 7491(3) of title 20.

Par. (3). Pub. L. 114-95, §9215(iii)(2), made technical amendment to reference in original act which appears in text as reference to section 7517 of title 20.

2002—Par. (2). Pub. L. 107-110, §702(f)(1), substituted "section 7491(3) of title 20" for "section 7881(4) of title 20".

Par. (3). Pub. L. 107–110, \$702(f)(2), substituted "section 7517 of title 20" for "section 7912(1) of title 20". 1996—Par. (2). Pub. L. 104–109, \$11(1), substituted "sec-

tion 7881(4) of title 20" for "section 2651(4) of this title". Par. (3). Pub. L. 104–109, §11(2), substituted "section 7912(1) of title 20" for "section 4909 of title 20".

# Effective Date of 2015 Amendment

Amendment by Pub. L. 114-95 effective Dec. 10, 2015, except with respect to certain noncompetitive pro-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> So in original. Probably should be "American".