

(E) any State, the District of Columbia, any possession of the United States, any political subdivision of any of the foregoing, or any wholly owned agency or instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing,

(F) any bank (as defined in section 581),

(G) any real estate investment trust (as defined in section 856),

(H) any regulated investment company (as defined in section 851),

(I) any common trust fund (as defined in section 584(a)), and

(J) any trust which—

(i) is exempt from tax under section 664(c), or

(ii) is described in section 4947(a)(1).

(4) Withholding agent

The term “withholding agent” means all persons, in whatever capacity acting, having the control, receipt, custody, disposal, or payment of any withholdable payment.

(5) Foreign entity

The term “foreign entity” means any entity which is not a United States person.

(Added Pub. L. 111–147, title V, §501(a), Mar. 18, 2010, 124 Stat. 103.)

§ 1474. Special rules

(a) Liability for withheld tax

Every person required to deduct and withhold any tax under this chapter is hereby made liable for such tax and is hereby indemnified against the claims and demands of any person for the amount of any payments made in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

(b) Credits and refunds

(1) In general

Except as provided in paragraph (2), the determination of whether any tax deducted and withheld under this chapter results in an overpayment by the beneficial owner of the payment to which such tax is attributable shall be made as if such tax had been deducted and withheld under subchapter A of chapter 3.

(2) Special rule where foreign financial institution is beneficial owner of payment

(A) In general

In the case of any tax properly deducted and withheld under section 1471 from a specified financial institution payment—

(i) if the foreign financial institution referred to in subparagraph (B) with respect to such payment is entitled to a reduced rate of tax with respect to such payment by reason of any treaty obligation of the United States—

(I) the amount of any credit or refund with respect to such tax shall not exceed the amount of credit or refund attributable to such reduction in rate, and

(II) no interest shall be allowed or paid with respect to such credit or refund, and

(ii) if such foreign financial institution is not so entitled, no credit or refund shall be allowed or paid with respect to such tax.

(B) Specified financial institution payment

The term “specified financial institution payment” means any payment if the beneficial owner of such payment is a foreign financial institution.

(3) Requirement to identify substantial United States owners

No credit or refund shall be allowed or paid with respect to any tax properly deducted and withheld under this chapter unless the beneficial owner of the payment provides the Secretary such information as the Secretary may require to determine whether such beneficial owner is a United States owned foreign entity (as defined in section 1471(d)(3)) and the identity of any substantial United States owners of such entity.

(c) Confidentiality of information

(1) In general

For purposes of this chapter, rules similar to the rules of section 3406(f) shall apply.

(2) Disclosure of list of participating foreign financial institutions permitted

The identity of a foreign financial institution which meets the requirements of section 1471(b) shall not be treated as return information for purposes of section 6103.

(d) Coordination with other withholding provisions

The Secretary shall provide for the coordination of this chapter with other withholding provisions under this title, including providing for the proper crediting of amounts deducted and withheld under this chapter against amounts required to be deducted and withheld under such other provisions.

(e) Treatment of withholding under agreements

Any tax deducted and withheld pursuant to an agreement described in section 1471(b) shall be treated for purposes of this title as a tax deducted and withheld by a withholding agent under section 1471(a).

(f) Regulations

The Secretary shall prescribe such regulations or other guidance as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of, and prevent the avoidance of, this chapter.

(Added Pub. L. 111–147, title V, §501(a), Mar. 18, 2010, 124 Stat. 104.)

PRIOR PROVISIONS

For prior sections 1481 and 1482, see Prior Provisions note preceding section 1471 of this title.

[CHAPTER 5—REPEALED]

§§ 1491, 1492. Repealed. Pub. L. 105–34, title XI, § 1131(a), Aug. 5, 1997, 111 Stat. 978]

Section 1491, acts Aug. 16, 1954, ch. 736, 68A Stat. 365; Oct. 4, 1976, Pub. L. 94–455, title X, §1015(a), 90 Stat. 1617; Nov. 6, 1978, Pub. L. 95–600, title VII, §701(u)(14)(A), 92 Stat. 2919; Aug. 20, 1996, Pub. L. 104–188, title I, §1907(b)(1), 110 Stat. 1916, imposed tax on transfers to avoid income tax.

Section 1492, acts Aug. 16, 1954, ch. 736, 68A Stat. 365; Jan. 12, 1971, Pub. L. 91–681, §1(b), 84 Stat. 2066; Oct. 4, 1976, Pub. L. 94–455, title X, §1015(b), title XIX,

§1906(b)(13)(A), 90 Stat. 1618, 1834; Nov. 6, 1978, Pub. L. 95-600, title VII, §701(u)(14)(B), 92 Stat. 2919; July 18, 1984, Pub. L. 98-369, div. A, title I, §131(f)(1), 98 Stat. 665, related to nontaxable transfers.

[§ 1493. Repealed. Pub. L. 89-809, title I, § 103(I)(2), Nov. 13, 1966, 80 Stat. 1554]

Section, act Aug. 16, 1954, ch. 736, 68A Stat. 365, defined foreign trust.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

Repeal applicable with respect to taxable years beginning after Dec. 31, 1966, see section 103(n)(1) of Pub. L. 89-809, set out as an Effective Date of 1966 Amendment note under section 871 of this title.

[§ 1494. Repealed. Pub. L. 105-34, title XI, § 1131(a), Aug. 5, 1997, 111 Stat. 978]

Section, acts Aug. 16, 1954, ch. 736, 68A Stat. 365; Oct. 4, 1976, Pub. L. 94-455, title XIX, §1906 (b)(13)(A), 90 Stat. 1834; July 18, 1984, Pub. L. 98-369, div. A, title I, §131(f)(2), 98 Stat. 665; Aug. 20, 1996, Pub. L. 104-188, title I, §1902(a), 110 Stat. 1909, provided for payment and collection of the tax imposed under section 1491 of this title.

CHAPTER 6—CONSOLIDATED RETURNS

Subchapter	Sec. ¹
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Subchapter A—Returns and Payment of Tax

Sec.	
1501.	Privilege to file consolidated returns.
1502.	Regulations.
1503.	Computation and payment of tax.
1504.	Definitions.
1505.	Cross references.

§ 1501. Privilege to file consolidated returns

An affiliated group of corporations shall, subject to the provisions of this chapter, have the privilege of making a consolidated return with respect to the income tax imposed by chapter 1 for the taxable year in lieu of separate returns. The making of a consolidated return shall be upon the condition that all corporations which at any time during the taxable year have been members of the affiliated group consent to all the consolidated return regulations prescribed under section 1502 prior to the last day prescribed by law for the filing of such return. The making of a consolidated return shall be considered as such consent. In the case of a corporation which is a member of the affiliated group for a fractional part of the year, the consolidated return shall include the income of such corporation for such part of the year as it is a member of the affiliated group.

(Aug. 16, 1954, ch. 736, 68A Stat. 367.)

§ 1502. Regulations

The Secretary shall prescribe such regulations as he may deem necessary in order that the tax liability of any affiliated group of corporations making a consolidated return and of each corporation in the group, both during and after the period of affiliation, may be returned, deter-

mined, computed, assessed, collected, and adjusted, in such manner as clearly to reflect the income-tax liability and the various factors necessary for the determination of such liability, and in order to prevent avoidance of such tax liability. In carrying out the preceding sentence, the Secretary may prescribe rules that are different from the provisions of chapter 1 that would apply if such corporations filed separate returns.

(Aug. 16, 1954, ch. 736, 68A Stat. 367; Pub. L. 94-455, title XIX, §1906(b) (13)(A), Oct. 4, 1976, 90 Stat. 1834; Pub. L. 108-357, title VIII, §844(a), Oct. 22, 2004, 118 Stat. 1600.)

AMENDMENTS

2004—Pub. L. 108-357 inserted at end “In carrying out the preceding sentence, the Secretary may prescribe rules that are different from the provisions of chapter 1 that would apply if such corporations filed separate returns.”

1976—Pub. L. 94-455 struck out “or his delegate” after “Secretary”.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 2004 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 108-357, title VIII, §844(c), Oct. 22, 2004, 118 Stat. 1600, provided that: “This section [amending this section], and the amendment made by this section, shall apply to taxable years beginning before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this Act [Oct. 22, 2004].”

DUAL RESIDENT COMPANIES

Pub. L. 100-647, title VI, §6126, Nov. 10, 1988, 102 Stat. 3713, provided that:

“(a) GENERAL RULE.—In the case of a transaction which—

“(1) involves the transfer after the date of the enactment of this Act [Nov. 10, 1988] by a domestic corporation, with respect to which there is a qualified excess loss account, of its assets and liabilities to a foreign corporation in exchange for all of the stock of such foreign corporation, followed by the complete liquidation of the domestic corporation into the common parent, and

“(2) qualifies, pursuant to Revenue Ruling 87-27, as a reorganization which is described in section 368(a)(1)(F) of the 1986 Code, then, solely for purposes of applying Treasury Regulation section 1.1502-19 to such qualified excess loss account, such foreign corporation shall be treated as a domestic corporation in determining whether such foreign corporation is a member of the affiliated group of the common parent.

“(b) TREATMENT OF INCOME OF NEW FOREIGN CORPORATION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—In any case to which subsection (a) applies, for purposes of the 1986 Code—

“(A) the source and character of any item of income of the foreign corporation referred to in subsection (a) shall be determined as if such foreign corporation were a domestic corporation,

“(B) the net amount of any such income shall be treated as subpart F income (without regard to section 952(c) of the 1986 Code), and

“(C) the amount in the qualified excess loss account referred to in subsection (a) shall—

“(i) be reduced by the net amount of any such income, and

“(ii) be increased by the amount of any such income distributed directly or indirectly to the common parent described in subsection (a).

“(2) LIMITATION.—Paragraph (1) shall apply to any item of income only to the extent that the net amount of such income does not exceed the amount in the qualified excess loss account after being reduced under paragraph (1)(C) for prior income.

¹ Section numbers editorially supplied.