

a legal proceeding to terminate an existing marital relationship was commenced before November 1, 1990, by an individual described in subsection (b) if that proceeding directly resulted in the termination of such marriage.

“(b) COVERED INDIVIDUALS.—An individual referred to in subsection (a) is an individual who, but for the marital relationship referred to in subsection (a), would be considered to be the surviving spouse of a veteran.”

Pub. L. 102-86, title V, §502, Aug. 14, 1991, 105 Stat. 424, provided that: “The amendments made by section 8004 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-508) [amending this section] shall not apply with respect to any individual who on October 31, 1990, was a surviving spouse or child within the meaning of title 38, United States Code, unless after that date that individual (1) marries, or (2) in the case of a surviving spouse, begins to live with another person while holding himself or herself out openly to the public as that person's spouse.”

REINSTATEMENT OF BENEFITS SUBSEQUENT TO TERMINATION OF RELATIONSHIP OR CONDUCT RESTRICTING PAYMENT OF BENEFITS; EFFECTIVE DATE OF AWARD

Pub. L. 91-376, §5, Aug. 12, 1970, 84 Stat. 789, effective January 1, 1971, provided that:

“(a) If a widow terminates a relationship or conduct which resulted in imposition of a prior restriction on payment of benefits, in the nature of inference or presumption of remarriage, or relating to open and notorious adulterous cohabitation or similar conduct, she shall not be denied any benefits by the Veterans' Administration, other than insurance, solely because of such prior relationship or conduct.

“(b) The effective date of an award of benefits resulting from enactment of subsection (a) of this section shall not be earlier than the date of receipt of application therefor, filed after termination of the particular relationship or conduct and after December 31, 1970.”

§ 104. Approval of educational institutions

(a) For the purpose of determining whether or not benefits are payable under this title (except chapter 35 of this title) for a child over the age of eighteen years and under the age of twenty-three years who is attending a school, college, academy, seminary, technical institute, university, or other educational institution, the Secretary may approve or disapprove such educational institutions.

(b) The Secretary may not approve an educational institution under this section unless such institution has agreed to report to the Secretary the termination of attendance of any child. If any educational institution fails to report any such termination promptly, the approval of the Secretary shall be withdrawn.

(Pub. L. 85-857, Sept. 2, 1958, 72 Stat. 1110; Pub. L. 91-24, §1(c), June 11, 1969, 83 Stat. 33; Pub. L. 99-576, title VII, §701(3), Oct. 28, 1986, 100 Stat. 3290; Pub. L. 102-83, §4(b)(1), (2)(E), Aug. 6, 1991, 105 Stat. 404, 405.)

AMENDMENTS

1991—Pub. L. 102-83 substituted “Secretary” for “Administrator” wherever appearing.

1986—Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 99-576 substituted “report to the Administrator” for “report to him”.

1969—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 91-24 substituted “the age of twenty-three years” for “the age of twenty-one years”.

§ 105. Line of duty and misconduct

(a) An injury or disease incurred during active military, naval, or air service will be deemed to have been incurred in line of duty and not the

result of the veteran's own misconduct when the person on whose account benefits are claimed was, at the time the injury was suffered or disease contracted, in active military, naval, or air service, whether on active duty or on authorized leave, unless such injury or disease was a result of the person's own willful misconduct or abuse of alcohol or drugs. Venereal disease shall not be presumed to be due to willful misconduct if the person in service complies with the regulations of the appropriate service department requiring the person to report and receive treatment for such disease.

(b) The requirement for line of duty will not be met if it appears that at the time the injury was suffered or disease contracted the person on whose account benefits are claimed (1) was avoiding duty by deserting the service or by absenting himself or herself without leave materially interfering with the performance of military duties; (2) was confined under sentence of court-martial involving an unremitted dishonorable discharge; or (3) was confined under sentence of a civil court for a felony (as determined under the laws of the jurisdiction where the person was convicted by such court).

(c) For the purposes of any provision relating to the extension of a delimiting period under any education-benefit or rehabilitation program administered by the Secretary, the disabling effects of chronic alcoholism shall not be considered to be the result of willful misconduct.

(Pub. L. 85-857, Sept. 2, 1958, 72 Stat. 1110; Pub. L. 99-576, title VII, §701(4), Oct. 28, 1986, 100 Stat. 3290; Pub. L. 100-689, title I, §109, Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4170; Pub. L. 101-508, title VIII, §8052(a)(1), Nov. 5, 1990, 104 Stat. 1388-351; Pub. L. 102-83, §4(a)(1), Aug. 6, 1991, 105 Stat. 403.)

AMENDMENTS

1991—Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 102-83 substituted “administered by the Secretary” for “administered by the Veterans' Administration”.

1990—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 101-508 substituted “a result of the person's own willful misconduct or abuse of alcohol or drugs” for “the result of the person's own willful misconduct”.

1988—Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 100-689 added subsec. (c).

1986—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 99-576, §701(4)(A), substituted “result of the person's” for “result of his” and “requiring the person” for “requiring him”.

Subsec. (b)(1). Pub. L. 99-576, §701(4)(B), substituted “service or by absenting himself or herself” for “service, or by absenting himself”.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1990 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 101-508, title VIII, §8052(b), Nov. 5, 1990, 104 Stat. 1388-351, provided that: “The amendments made by subsection (a) [amending this section and sections 310 and 331 [now 1110 and 1131] of this title] shall take effect with respect to claims filed after October 31, 1990.”

§ 106. Certain service deemed to be active service

(a)(1) Service as a member of the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps for ninety days or more by any woman who before October 1, 1943, was honorably discharged for disability incurred or aggravated in line of duty which rendered her physically unfit to perform further service in the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps or the Women's Army Corps shall be considered active duty