- of 1984 (Public Law 98-547, 98 Stat. 2756), continues to be subject to the requirements of this section and section 33102 of this title unless the line is exempted under section 33106 of this title.
- (b) DETERMINING THEFT RATE FOR PASSENGER VEHICLES.—(1) In this subsection, "new passenger motor vehicle thefts", when used in reference to a calendar year, means thefts in the United States in that year of passenger motor vehicles with the same model-year designation as that calendar year.
- (2) Under subsection (a) of this section, the theft rate for passenger motor vehicles of a line shall be determined by a fraction—
 - (A) the numerator of which is the number of new passenger motor vehicle thefts for that line during the 2-year period referred to in subsection (a)(1)(A) of this section; and
 - (B) the denominator of which is the sum of the respective production volumes of all passenger motor vehicles of that line (as reported to the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency under chapter 329 of this title) that are of model years 1990 and 1991 and are distributed for sale in commerce in the United States.
- (3) Under subsection (a) of this section, the median theft rate for all new passenger motor vehicle thefts during that 2-year period is the theft rate midway between the highest and the lowest theft rates determined under paragraph (2) of this subsection. If there is an even number of theft rates determined under paragraph (2), the median theft rate is the arithmetic average of the 2 adjoining theft rates midway between the highest and the lowest of those theft rates.
- (4) In consultation with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Secretary periodically shall obtain from the most reliable source accurate and timely theft and recovery information and publish the information for review and comment. To the greatest extent possible, the Secretary shall use theft information reported by United States Government, State, and local police. After publication and opportunity for comment, the Secretary shall use the theft information to determine the median theft rate under this subsection. The Secretary and the Director shall take any necessary actions to improve the accuracy, reliability, and timeliness of the information, including ensuring that vehicles represented as stolen are really stolen.
- (5) The Secretary periodically (but not more often than once every 2 years) may redetermine and prescribe by regulation the median theft rate under this subsection.
- (c) Providing Information.—The Secretary by regulation shall require each manufacturer to provide information necessary to select under subsection (a)(3) of this section the high theft lines and the major parts to be subject to the standard.
- (d) APPLICATION.—Except as provided in section 33106 of this title, the Secretary may not make the standard inapplicable to a line that has been subject to the standard.
- (Pub. L. 103–272, 1(e), July 5, 1994, 108 Stat. 1079.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised Section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
33104(a)	15:2023(a)(1)-(4). 15:2023(a)(5).	Oct. 20, 1972, Pub. L. 92-513 86 Stat. 947, \$603(a)(1)-(4) (b)-(d); added Oct 25, 1984 Pub. L. 98-547, \$101(a), 9 Stat. 2757; Oct. 25, 1982 Pub. L. 102-519, \$303(1)-(3) (5), 106 Stat. 3396. Oct. 20, 1972, Pub. L. 92-513 86 Stat. 947, \$\$602(g) 603(a)(5); added Oct. 25 1992, Pub. L. 102-519 §\$302(2), 303(4), 106 Stat 3395, 3396.
33104(b)	15:2022(g). 15:2023(b).	
33104(c)	15:2023(c).	
33104(d)	15:2023(d).	

In subsection (a)(1)(A), the words "the 2-year period covering calendar years 1990 and 1991" are substituted for "the 2 calendar years immediately preceding the year in which the Anti Car Theft Act of 1992 is enacted" because that Act was enacted on October 25, 1992. The substitution also makes it clear that the 2-year period is to be treated as a single period.

In subsection (a)(1)(B), the words "after December 31, 1989," are substituted for "after the beginning of the 2-year period specified in subparagraph (A)" for consistency with clause (A).

In subsection (a)(6), the word "passenger" is added because the source provisions in the revised chapter apply to passenger motor vehicles.

In subsection (b)(2)(B), the words "Administrator of the" are added for clarity and consistency because of section 1(b) of Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1970 (eff. Dec. 2, 1970, 84 Stat. 2086). The words "model years 1983 and 1984" are substituted for "the 2 model years having the same model-year designations as the 2 calendar years specified in subsection (a)(1)(A) of this section" because the particular years are now known.

In subsection (b)(4), the words "Immediately upon enactment of this subchapter" are omitted as executed. The words "or sources" are omitted because of 1:1.

References in Text

Sections 602 and 603 of the Motor Vehicle Information and Cost Savings Act, referred to in subsec. (a)(6), are sections 602 and 603 of Pub. L. 92–513, which were classified to sections 2022 and 2023, respectively, of Title 15, Commerce and Trade, and were repealed and reenacted as sections 33102 to 33104 of this title by Pub. L. 103–272, §§1(e), 7(b), July 5, 1994, 108 Stat. 1077, 1379.

§ 33105. Cost limitations

- (a) MAXIMUM MANUFACTURER COSTS.—A standard under section 33102 or 33103 of this title may not impose—
 - (1) on a manufacturer of motor vehicles, compliance costs of more than \$15 a motor vehicle; or
 - (2) on a manufacturer of major replacement parts, compliance costs for each part of more than the reasonable amount (but less than \$15) that the Secretary of Transportation specifies in the standard.
- (b) COSTS INVOLVED IN ENGINES AND TRANS-MISSIONS.—For a manufacturer engaged in identifying engines or transmissions on October 25, 1984, in a way that substantially complies with the standard—
 - (1) the costs of identifying engines and transmissions may not be considered in calculating the manufacturer's costs under subsection (a) of this section; and
 - (2) the manufacturer may not be required under the standard to conform to any identi-

fication system for engines and transmissions that imposes greater costs on the manufacturer than are incurred under the identification system used by the manufacturer on October 25, 1984.

- (c) Cost Adjustments.—(1) In this subsection—
 - (A) "base period" means calendar year 1984. (B) "price index" means the average over a
 - (B) "price index" means the average over a calendar year of the Consumer Price Index (all items—United States city average) published monthly by the Secretary of Labor.
- (2) At the beginning of each calendar year, as necessary data become available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the Secretary of Labor shall certify to the Secretary of Transportation and publish in the Federal Register the percentage difference between the price index for the 12 months before the beginning of the calendar year and the price index for the base period. For model years beginning in that calendar year, the amounts specified in subsection (a) of this section shall be adjusted by the percentage difference.

(Pub. L. 103–272, §1(e), July 5, 1994, 108 Stat. 1081.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised Section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
33105	15:2024.	Oct. 20, 1972, Pub. L. 92–513, 86 Stat. 947, \$604; added Oct. 25, 1984, Pub. L. 98–547, \$101(a), 98 Stat. 2758.

In subsection (a)(1) and (2), the words "compliance costs" are substituted for "costs... to comply with such standard" to eliminate unnecessary words. In clause (2), the words "reasonable amount (but less than \$15)" are substituted for "reasonable lesser amount" for clarity.

In subsection (c)(2), the words "commencing on or after January 1, 1985" are omitted as obsolete.

$\S 33106$. Exemption for passenger motor vehicles equipped with anti-theft devices

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—
- (1) "anti-theft device" means a device to reduce or deter theft that—
- (A) is in addition to the theft-deterrent devices required by motor vehicle safety standard numbered 114 in section 571.114 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations;
- (B) the manufacturer believes will be effective in reducing or deterring theft of motor vehicles; and
- (C) does not use a signaling device reserved by State law for use on police, emergency, or official vehicles, or on schoolbuses.
- (2) "standard equipment" means equipment already installed in a motor vehicle when it is delivered from the manufacturer and not an accessory or other item that the first purchaser customarily has the option to have installed.
- (b) Granting Exemptions and Limitations.—
 (1) A manufacturer may petition the Secretary of Transportation for an exemption from a requirement of a standard prescribed under section 33102 or 33103 of this title for a line of pas-

senger motor vehicles equipped as standard equipment with an anti-theft device that the Secretary decides is likely to be as effective in reducing and deterring motor vehicle theft as compliance with the standard.

- (2) The Secretary may grant an exemption—
- (A) for model year 1987, for not more than 2 lines of a manufacturer;
- (B) for each of the model years 1988–1996, for not more than 2 additional lines of a manufacturer:
- (C) for each of the model years 1997–2000, for not more than one additional line of a manufacturer; and
- (D) for each of the model years after model year 2000, for the number of lines that the Attorney General decides under section 33103(d)(3) of this title.
- (3) An additional exemption granted under paragraph (2)(B) or (C) of this subsection does not affect an exemption previously granted.
- (c) PETITIONING PROCEDURE.—A petition must be filed not later than 8 months before the start of production for the first model year covered by the petition. The petition must include—
 - (1) a detailed description of the device;
 - (2) the reasons for the manufacturer's conclusion that the device will be effective in reducing and deterring theft of motor vehicles; and
 - (3) additional information the Secretary reasonably may require to make the decision described in subsection (b)(1) of this section.
- (d) DECISIONS AND APPROVALS.—The Secretary shall make a decision about a petition filed under this section not later than 120 days after the date the petition is filed. A decision approving a petition must be based on substantial evidence. The Secretary may approve a petition in whole or in part. If the Secretary does not make a decision within the 120-day period, the petition shall be deemed to be approved and the manufacturer shall be exempt from the standard for the line covered by the petition for the subsequent model year.
- (e) RESCISSIONS.—The Secretary may rescind an exemption if the Secretary decides that the anti-theft device has not been as effective in reducing and deterring motor vehicle theft as compliance with the standard. A rescission may be effective only—
 - (1) for a model year after the model year in which the rescission occurs; and
 - (2) at least 6 months after the manufacturer receives written notice of the rescission from the Secretary.

(Pub. L. 103–272, §1(e), July 5, 1994, 108 Stat. 1082; Pub. L. 103–429, §6(45), Oct. 31, 1994, 108 Stat. 4383.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES
PUB. L. 103–272

	Revised Section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
	33106(a)(1)		Oct. 20, 1972, Pub. L. 92–513, 86 Stat. 947, \$605(a)(1), (3), (b)–(e); added Oct. 25, 1984, Pub. L. 98–547, \$101(a), 98 Stat. 2759.
	33106(a)(2)	15·2025(a)(3)	