Sec.

- (1) any certifications made under section 1885a of this title;
- (2) a description of the judicial review of the certifications made under section 1885a of this title: and
- (3) any actions taken to enforce the provisions of section 1885b of this title.

(Pub. L. 95-511, title VIII, §804, as added Pub. L. 110-261, title II, §201, July 10, 2008, 122 Stat. 2470.)

### CHAPTER 37—NATIONAL SECURITY SCHOL-ARSHIPS, FELLOWSHIPS, AND GRANTS

1901.	Short title, findings, and purposes.
1902.	Scholarship, fellowship, and grant program.
1903.	National Security Education Board.
1904.	National Security Education Trust Fund.
1905.	Regulations and administrative provisions.
1906.	Annual report.
1907.	Government Accountability Office audits.
1908.	Definitions.
1909.	Fiscal year 1992 funding.
1910.	Funding.
1911.	Additional annual authorization of appropria-
	tions.
1912.	Funding for scholarship program for ad-
	vanced English language studies by herit-
	age community citizens.
1913.	National Language Service Corps.
1914.	Department of Defense program to protect
	United States students against foreign
	agents.

#### § 1901. Short title, findings, and purposes

#### (a) Short title

This chapter may be cited as the "David L. Boren National Security Education Act of 1991".

#### (b) Findings

The Congress makes the following findings:

- (1) The security of the United States is and will continue to depend on the ability of the United States to exercise international leadership.
- (2) The ability of the United States to exercise international leadership is, and will increasingly continue to be, based on the political and economic strength of the United States, as well as on United States military strength around the world.
- (3) Recent changes in the world pose threats of a new kind to international stability as Cold War tensions continue to decline while economic competition, regional conflicts, terrorist activities, and weapon proliferations have dramatically increased.
- (4) The future national security and economic well-being of the United States will depend substantially on the ability of its citizens to communicate and compete by knowing the languages and cultures of other countries.
- (5) The Federal Government has an interest in ensuring that the employees of its departments and agencies with national security responsibilities are prepared to meet the challenges of this changing international environment.
- (6) The Federal Government also has an interest in taking actions to alleviate the problem of American undergraduate and graduate students being inadequately prepared to meet the challenges posed by increasing global interaction among nations.

(7) American colleges and universities must place a new emphasis on improving the teaching of foreign languages, area studies, counterproliferation studies, and other international fields to help meet those challenges.

#### (c) Purposes

The purposes of this chapter are as follows:

- (1) To provide the necessary resources, accountability, and flexibility to meet the national security education needs of the United States, especially as such needs change over time.
- (2) To increase the quantity, diversity, and quality of the teaching and learning of subjects in the fields of foreign languages, area studies, counterproliferation studies, and other international fields that are critical to the Nation's interest.
- (3) To produce an increased pool of applicants for work in the departments and agencies of the United States Government with national security responsibilities.
- (4) To expand, in conjunction with other Federal programs, the international experience, knowledge base, and perspectives on which the United States citizenry, Government employees, and leaders rely.
- (5) To permit the Federal Government to advocate the cause of international education.

(Pub. L. 102–183, title VIII, §801, Dec. 4, 1991, 105 Stat. 1271; Pub. L. 102–496, title IV, §404(a), Oct. 24, 1992, 106 Stat. 3185; Pub. L. 105–272, title III, §305(a)(1), Oct. 20, 1998, 112 Stat. 2400.)

#### AMENDMENTS

1998—Subsecs. (b)(7), (c)(2). Pub. L. 105–272 inserted "counterproliferation studies," after "area studies,". 1992—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 102–496 amended subsec. (a) generally, inserting "David L. Boren".

# § 1902. Scholarship, fellowship, and grant program

## (a) Program required

#### (1) In general

The Secretary of Defense shall carry out a program for—

- (A) awarding scholarships to undergraduate students who—
- (i) are United States citizens in order to enable such students to study, for at least one academic semester or equivalent term, in foreign countries that are critical countries (as determined under section 1903(d)(4)(A) of this title) in those languages and study areas where deficiencies exist (as identified in the assessments undertaken pursuant to section 1906(d) of this title); and
- (ii) pursuant to subsection (b)(2)(A), enter into an agreement to work in a national security position or work in the field of higher education in the area of study for which the scholarship was awarded;
- (B) awarding fellowships to graduate students who—
- (i) are United States citizens to enable such students to pursue education as part of a graduate degree program of a United