rity, and the Department of Homeland Security Reorganization Plan of November 25, 2002, as modified, set out as a note under section 542 of Title 6.

## § 1056a. Reintegration of recovered Department of Defense personnel; post-isolation support activities for other recovered personnel

- (a) REINTEGRATION AND SUPPORT AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of Defense may carry out the following:
  - (1) Reintegration activities for recovered persons who are Department of Defense personnel.
  - (2) Post-isolation support activities for or on behalf of other recovered persons who are officers or employees of the United States Government, military or civilian officers or employees of an allied or coalition partner of the United States, or other United States or foreign nationals.
- (b) ACTIVITIES AUTHORIZED.—(1) The activities authorized by subsection (a) for or on behalf of a recovered person may include the following:
  - (A) The provision of food, clothing, necessary medical support, and essential sundry items for the recovered person.
  - (B) In accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, travel and transportation allowances for not more than three family members, or other designated individuals, determined by the commander or head of a military medical treatment facility to be beneficial for the reintegration of the recovered person and whose presence may contribute to improving the physical and mental health of the recovered person.
  - (C) Transportation or reimbursement for transportation in connection with the attendance of the recovered person at events or functions determined by the commander or head of a military medical treatment facility to contribute to the physical and mental health of the recovered person.
- (2) Medical support may be provided under paragraph (1)(A) to a recovered person who is not a member of the armed forces for not more than 20 days.
- (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "post-isolation support", in the case of a recovered person, means—
  - (A) the debriefing of the recovered person following a separation as described in paragraph (2);
  - (B) activities to promote or support the physical and mental health of the recovered person following such a separation; and
  - (C) other activities to facilitate return of the recovered person to military or civilian life as expeditiously as possible following such a separation.
- (2) The term "recovered person" means an individual who is returned alive from separation (whether as an individual or a group) while participating in or in association with a United States-sponsored military activity or mission in which the individual was detained in isolation or held in captivity by a hostile entity.
- (3) The term "reintegration", in the case of a recovered person, means—

- (A) the debriefing of the recovered person following a separation as described in paragraph (2):
- (B) activities to promote or support for the physical and mental health of the recovered person following such a separation; and
- (C) other activities to facilitate return of the recovered person to military duty or employment with the Department of Defense as expeditiously as possible following such a separation.

(Added Pub. L. 112–81, div. A, title V, §588(a), Dec. 31, 2011, 125 Stat. 1436.)

## § 1057. Use of armed forces insignia on State license plates

- (a) The Secretary concerned may approve an application by a State to use or imitate the seal or other insignia of the department (under the jurisdiction of such Secretary) or of armed forces (under the jurisdiction of such Secretary) on motor vehicle license plates issued by the State to an individual who is a member or former member of the armed forces.
- (b) The Secretary concerned may prescribe any regulations necessary regarding the display of the seal or other insignia of the department (under the jurisdiction of such Secretary) or of armed forces (under the jurisdiction of such Secretary) on the license plates described in subsection (a).
- (c) In this section, the term "State" includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, the Virgin Islands, and American Samoa.

(Added Pub. L. 102–484, div. A, title X, §1080(a), Oct. 23, 1992, 106 Stat. 2514.)

## § 1058. Responsibilities of military law enforcement officials at scenes of domestic violence

- (a) IMMEDIATE ACTIONS REQUIRED.—Under regulations prescribed pursuant to subsection (c), the Secretary concerned shall ensure, in any case of domestic violence in which a military law enforcement official at the scene determines that physical injury has been inflicted or a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument has been used, that military law enforcement officials—
  - (1) take immediate measures to reduce the potential for further violence at the scene; and
  - (2) within 24 hours of the incident, provide a report of the domestic violence to the appropriate commander and to a local military family advocacy representative exercising responsibility over the area in which the incident took place.
- (b) Family Advocacy Committee.—Under regulations prescribed pursuant to subsection (c), the Secretary concerned shall ensure that, whenever a report is provided to a commander under subsection (a)(2), a multidisciplinary family advocacy committee meets, with all due practicable speed, to review the situation and to make recommendations to the commander for appropriate action.
- (c) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of Defense, and the Secretary of Homeland Security with respect to the Coast Guard when it is not oper-