

IMPLEMENTATION OF 1982 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 97-253, title II, §201(g), Sept. 8, 1982, 96 Stat. 790, provided that: "The amendments made by this section [amending this section and sections 1715e, 1715f, 1715y, and 1715z of this title], other than by subsection (b) [amending subsec. (c) of this section], may be implemented only if the Secretary determines that the program of advance payment of insurance premiums, with specific regard to the effect of the provisions authorized by the amendments made by this section, is actuarially sound."

EFFECT OF REPEAL OF SUBSEC. (b)(2)(B) OF THIS SECTION

Act Apr. 20, 1950, ch. 94, title I, §104(b), 64 Stat. 52, provided that: "The repeal of section 203(b)(2)(B) of said Act [former subsection (b)(2)(B) of this section], as provided by subsection (a) of this section, shall not affect the right of the Commissioner to insure under said section any mortgage (1) for the insurance of which application has been filed prior to the effective date of this Act [Apr. 20, 1950], or (2) with respect to a property covered by a mortgage insured under any section of the National Housing Act, as amended [this chapter]."

LIMITATION ON MORTGAGE INSURANCE PREMIUM INCREASES

Pub. L. 110-289, div. B, title I, §2130, July 30, 2008, 122 Stat. 2842, provided that:

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, including any provision of this title [see Short Title of 2008 Amendment note set out under section 1701 of this title] and any amendment made by this title—

"(1) for the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this title [July 30, 2008] and ending on October 1, 2009, the premiums charged for mortgage insurance under multifamily housing programs under the National Housing Act [12 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.] may not be increased above the premium amounts in effect under such program on October 1, 2006, unless the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development determines that, absent such increase, insurance of additional mortgages under such program would, under the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 [2 U.S.C. 661 et seq.], require the appropriation of new budget authority to cover the costs (as such term is defined in section 502 of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 [2 U.S.C. 661a][]) of such insurance; and

"(2) a premium increase pursuant to paragraph (1) may be made only if not less than 30 days prior to such increase taking effect, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development—

"(A) notifies the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives of such increase; and

"(B) publishes notice of such increase in the Federal Register.

"(b) WAIVER.—The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development may waive the 30-day notice requirement under subsection (a)(2), if the Secretary determines that waiting 30-days before increasing premiums would cause substantial damage to the solvency of multifamily housing programs under the National Housing Act [12 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.]"

MUTUAL MORTGAGE INSURANCE FUND PREMIUMS

Pub. L. 103-66, title III, §3005, Aug. 10, 1993, 107 Stat. 340, provided that: "To improve the actuarial soundness of the Mutual Mortgage Insurance Fund under the National Housing Act [12 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.], the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall increase the rate at which the Secretary earns the single premium payment collected at the time of insurance of a mortgage that is an obligation of such Fund (with respect to the rate in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act [Aug. 10, 1993]). In establishing such increased rate, the Secretary shall consider any current

audit findings and reserve analyses and information regarding the expected average duration of mortgages that are obligations of such Fund and may consider any other information that the Secretary determines to be appropriate."

REPORT ON HOME EQUITY CONVERSION MORTGAGES FOR THE ELDERLY

Pub. L. 98-181, title I [title IV, §448], Nov. 30, 1983, 97 Stat. 1228, directed Secretary of Housing and Urban Development to evaluate existing use of home equity conversion mortgages for the elderly and, not later than the expiration of the 1-year period following Nov. 30, 1983, submit to Congress a report setting forth the results of such evaluation. Such report to include an evaluation of whether use of such mortgages improves financial situation, or otherwise meets special needs, of elderly homeowners; an evaluation of any risks incurred by mortgagors as a result of use of such mortgages, and any recommendations of Secretary for appropriate safeguards to be included in such mortgages to minimize such risks; an evaluation of the potential for acceptance of such mortgages in the private market; and any recommendations of Secretary for establishment of a Federal program of insuring such mortgages.

STUDIES OF MORTGAGE INSURANCE PREMIUMS AND ALTERNATIVES TO STATUTORY MORTGAGE AMOUNTS

Pub. L. 96-153, title III, §309, Dec. 21, 1979, 93 Stat. 1114, directed Secretary of Housing and Urban Development to (a) conduct a study of the relative risks of loss for various classes of mortgages which may be insured under sections 1709(b) and 213 of this title, for the purpose of making recommendations on the advisability of reducing mortgage insurance premiums, and transmit the recommendations to Congress within 18 months from Dec. 21, 1979, and (b) conduct a study of alternatives to the present system of fixed statutory maximum amounts for mortgages insured under subchapters I and II of this chapter and report to Congress on the results of the study together with recommendations for legislative, by Mar. 1, 1980.

INSURANCE PROGRAM OR HOMEOWNERS TO MEET MORTGAGE PAYMENTS IN TIMES OF PERSONAL ECONOMIC ADVERSITY

Pub. L. 90-448, §109, authorized Secretary of Housing and Urban Development to develop a plan of insurance to help homeowners meet mortgage payments in times of personal economic adversity, i.e., death, disability, illness, and unemployment; required the program to be actuarially sound through the use of premiums, fees, extended or increased payment schedules, or other similar methods in conjunction with federal participation as necessary; directed the Secretary to report to Congress within 6 months of Aug. 1, 1968 and to recommend legislation, authorizing him to contract with companies, corporations, or joint enterprises formed to provide home mortgage insurance protection for the purpose of reinsuring insurance reserve funds, subsidizing premium payments for lower income mortgagors, or otherwise making possible insurance protection of homeowners; and authorized the Secretary, in preparing his recommendations, to consult with other agencies or instrumentalities of the United States which insure or guarantee home mortgages in order that any recommended legislation afford equal benefits to mortgagors participating in their programs.

§ 1709-1. Repealed. Pub. L. 98-181, title I [title IV, §404(a)], Nov. 30, 1983, 97 Stat. 1208

Section, Pub. L. 90-301, §3(a), May 7, 1968, 82 Stat. 113; Pub. L. 90-448, title III, §315, Aug. 1, 1968, 82 Stat. 512; Pub. L. 91-78, §3, Sept. 30, 1969, 83 Stat. 125; Pub. L. 91-152, title IV, §401, Dec. 24, 1969, 83 Stat. 394; Pub. L. 91-351, title VI, §601, July 24, 1970, 84 Stat. 461; Pub. L. 92-213, §1, Dec. 22, 1971, 85 Stat. 775; Pub. L. 92-335, §1,

July 1, 1972, 86 Stat. 405; Pub. L. 93-85, § 2, Aug. 10, 1973, 87 Stat. 220; Pub. L. 93-117, § 3, Oct. 2, 1973, 87 Stat. 422; Pub. L. 93-234, title II, § 208, Dec. 31, 1973, 87 Stat. 984; Pub. L. 93-383, title III, §§ 309(e), 317, Aug. 22, 1974, 88 Stat. 682, 685; Pub. L. 95-60, § 2, June 30, 1977, 91 Stat. 257; Pub. L. 95-80, § 2, July 31, 1977, 91 Stat. 339; Pub. L. 95-128, title III, § 302, Oct. 12, 1977, 91 Stat. 1131; Pub. L. 95-406, § 2, Sept. 30, 1978, 92 Stat. 880; Pub. L. 95-557, title III, § 302, Oct. 31, 1978, 92 Stat. 2096; Pub. L. 96-71, § 2, Sept. 28, 1979, 93 Stat. 501; Pub. L. 96-105, § 2, Nov. 8, 1979, 93 Stat. 794; Pub. L. 96-153, title III, § 302, Dec. 21, 1979, 93 Stat. 1112; Pub. L. 96-372, § 3, Oct. 3, 1980, 94 Stat. 1364; Pub. L. 96-399, title III, §§ 302, 332, Oct. 8, 1980, 94 Stat. 1639, 1652; Pub. L. 97-35, title III, § 332, Aug. 13, 1981, 95 Stat. 413; Pub. L. 97-289, § 2, Oct. 6, 1982, 96 Stat. 1231; Pub. L. 98-35, § 2, May 26, 1983, 97 Stat. 197; Pub. L. 98-109, § 2, Oct. 1, 1983, 97 Stat. 746, authorized the Secretary, until Dec. 1, 1983, to set the maximum interest rates for certain mortgage insurance programs, notwithstanding the authority of the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development to establish such rates, specified the criteria to be considered in establishing such rates, authorized the Secretary to provide that the interest rate applicable under section 1709(b) of this title be the negotiated interest rate specified in the commitment agreement, limited the amount of mortgages with such negotiated interest rates which may be insured and prohibited such negotiated interest rates with respect to mortgages subject to section 1715z-10 of this title.

MORTGAGE CREDIT INTEREST RATES

Pub. L. 90-301, § 4, May 7, 1968, 82 Stat. 114, as amended by Pub. L. 90-565, Oct. 12, 1968, 82 Stat. 1001; Pub. L. 91-9, Apr. 11, 1969, 83 Stat. 7; Pub. L. 91-38, July 1, 1969, 83 Stat. 43, which established a Commission to study mortgage interest rates and to make recommendations to assure the availability of an adequate supply of mortgage credit at a reasonable cost to the consumer, directed the Commission to make an interim report not later than July 1, 1969, and a final report of its study and recommendations not later than August 1, 1969, to enable the President, Congress, and the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development to take necessary action before October 1, 1969, when the authorization for the increase in interest rates above present statutory ceilings will expire, and provided that the Commission cease to exist sixty days after the submission of its final report, was repealed by Pub. L. 98-181, title I [title IV, § 404(a)], Nov. 30, 1983, 97 Stat. 1208.

§ 1709-1a. State constitutional and legal limits upon interest chargeable on loans, mortgages, or other interim financing arrangements; applicability; covered arrangements

(a) The provisions of the constitution of any State expressly limiting the amount of interest which may be charged, taken, received, or reserved by certain classes of lenders and the provisions of any law of that State expressly limiting the amount of interest which may be charged, taken, received, or reserved shall not apply to—

(1) any loan or mortgage which is secured by a one- to four-family dwelling and which is (A) insured under title I or II [12 U.S.C. 1702 et seq. or 1707 et seq.] of the National Housing Act, or (B) insured, guaranteed, or made under chapter 37 of title 38; or

(2) any temporary construction loan or other interim financing if at the time such loan is made or financing is arranged, the intention to obtain permanent financing substantially by means of loans or mortgages so insured, guaranteed, or made is declared.

(b) The provisions of this section shall apply to such loans, mortgages, or other interim fi-

ancing made or executed in any State until the effective date (after June 30, 1976) of a provision of law of that State limiting the amount of interest which may be charged, taken, received, or reserved on such loans, mortgages, or financing.

(Pub. L. 94-324, § 8, June 30, 1976, 90 Stat. 722.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The National Housing Act, referred to in subsec. (a)(1), is act June 27, 1934, ch. 847, 48 Stat. 1246, as amended. Titles I and II of the National Housing Act are classified generally to subchapters I (§1702 et seq.) and II (§1707 et seq.), respectively, of this chapter. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see section 1701 of this title and Tables.

CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Veterans Housing Amendments Act of 1976, and not as part of the National Housing Act which comprises this chapter.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Section effective June 30, 1976, see section 9(a) of Pub. L. 94-324, set out as a note under section 3701 of Title 38, Veterans' Benefits.

§ 1709-2. Equity skimming; penalty; persons liable; one dwelling exemption

Whoever, with intent to defraud, willfully engages in a pattern or practice of—

(1) purchasing one- to four-family dwellings (including condominiums and cooperatives) which are subject to a loan in default at time of purchase or in default within one year subsequent to the purchase and the loan is secured by a mortgage or deed of trust insured or held by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development or guaranteed by the Department of Veterans Affairs, or the loan is made by the Department of Veterans Affairs,

(2) failing to make payments under the mortgage or deed of trust as the payments become due, regardless of whether the purchaser is obligated on the loan, and

(3) applying or authorizing the application of rents from such dwellings for his own use,

shall be fined not more than \$250,000 or imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both. This section shall apply to a purchaser of such a dwelling, or a beneficial owner under any business organization or trust purchasing such dwelling, or to an officer, director, or agent of any such purchaser. Nothing in this section shall apply to the purchaser of only one such dwelling.

(Pub. L. 91-609, title IX, § 912, Dec. 31, 1970, 84 Stat. 1814; Pub. L. 100-242, title IV, § 416(a), Feb. 5, 1988, 101 Stat. 1907; Pub. L. 102-54, § 13(d)(1), June 13, 1991, 105 Stat. 274.)

CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970, and not as part of the National Housing Act which comprises this chapter.

AMENDMENTS

1991—Par. (1). Pub. L. 102-54 substituted "Department of Veterans Affairs" for "Veterans' Administration" in two places.

1988—Pub. L. 100-242 inserted parenthetical reference to condominiums and cooperatives in par. (1), substituted "due, regardless of whether the purchaser is obligated on the loan" for "due" in par. (2), and sub-