

and specially trained, not to exceed 1,000 special agents and law enforcement officers of the Forest Service when in the performance of their duties shall have authority to—

(1) carry firearms;

(2) conduct, within the exterior boundaries of the National Forest System, investigations of violations of and enforce section 841 of title 21 and other criminal violations relating to marijuana and other controlled substances that are manufactured, distributed, or dispensed on National Forest System lands and to conduct such investigations and enforcement of such laws outside the exterior boundaries of the National Forest System for offenses committed within the National Forest System or which affect the administration of the National Forest System (including the pursuit of persons suspected of such offenses who flee the National Forest System to avoid arrest);

(3) make arrests with a warrant or process for misdemeanor violations, or without a warrant or process for violations of such misdemeanors that any such officer or employee has probable cause to believe are being committed in his presence or view, or for a felony with a warrant or without a warrant if he has probable cause to believe that the person to be arrested has committed or is committing such felony, for offenses committed within the National Forest System or which affect the administration of the National Forest System;<sup>1</sup>

(4) serve warrants and other process issued by a court or officer of competent jurisdiction;

(5) search with or without warrant or process any person, place, or conveyance according to Federal law or rule of law; and

(6) seize with or without warrant or process any evidentiary item according to Federal law or rule of law.

(Pub. L. 99-570, title XV, § 15003, Oct. 27, 1986, 100 Stat. 3207-191; Pub. L. 100-690, title VI, § 6254(b), Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4363.)

#### AMENDMENTS

1988—Pub. L. 100-690, § 6254(b)(1), in introductory provision substituted “1,000 special agents and law enforcement officers” for “500 officers and employees”, and struck out “within the boundaries of the National Forest System” after “shall have authority”.

Par. (2). Pub. L. 100-690, § 6254(b)(2), inserted “, within the exterior boundaries of the National Forest System,” after “conduct” and “and to conduct such investigations and enforcement of such laws outside the exterior boundaries of the National Forest System for offenses committed within the National Forest System or which affect the administration of the National Forest System (including the pursuit of persons suspected of such offenses who flee the National Forest System to avoid arrest)” before semicolon at end.

Par. (3). Pub. L. 100-690, § 6254(b)(3), inserted “, for offenses committed within the National Forest System or which affect the administration of the National Forest System;” before semicolon at end.

#### § 559d. Cooperation with other Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies

For the purposes of sections 559b to 559f of this title, in exercising the authority provided by section 559c of this title—

(1) the Forest Service shall cooperate with any other Federal law enforcement agency having primary investigative jurisdiction over the offense committed;

(2) the Secretary may authorize the Forest Service to cooperate with the law enforcement officials of any Federal agency, State, or political subdivision in the investigation of violations of and enforcement of section 401 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 841), other laws and regulations relating to marijuana and other controlled substances, and State drug control laws or ordinances for offenses committed within the National Forest System or which affect the administration of the National Forest System.<sup>1</sup>

(3) the Forest Service shall cooperate with the Attorney General in carrying out the seizure and forfeiture provisions of section 511 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 881) for violations of the Controlled Substances Act [21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.] relating to offenses committed within the National Forest System, or which affect the administration of the National Forest System;

(4) the Secretary is authorized to designate law enforcement officers of any other Federal agency, when the Secretary determines such designation to be economical and in the public interest, and with the concurrence of that agency, to exercise the powers and authorities of the Forest Service while assisting the Forest Service in the National Forest System, or for activities administered by the Forest Service; and

(5) the Forest Service is authorized to accept law enforcement designation from any other Federal agency or agency of a State or political subdivision thereof for the purpose of cooperating in a multi-agency law enforcement task force investigation of violations of the Controlled Substances Act [21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.] and other offenses committed in the course of or in connection with such violations.

(Pub. L. 99-570, title XV, § 15004, Oct. 27, 1986, 100 Stat. 3207-191; Pub. L. 100-690, title VI, § 6254(c), Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4364.)

#### REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Controlled Substances Act, referred to in pars. (3) and (5), is title II of Pub. L. 91-513, Oct. 27, 1970, 84 Stat. 1242, as amended, which is classified principally to subchapter I (§ 801 et seq.) of chapter 13 of Title 21, Food and Drugs. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 801 of Title 21 and Tables.

#### AMENDMENTS

1988—Par. (2). Pub. L. 100-690, § 6254(c)(2), substituted “for offenses committed within the National Forest System or which affect the administration of the National Forest System” for “, within the boundaries of the National Forest System”.

Pars. (3) to (5). Pub. L. 100-690, § 6254(c)(3), added pars. (3) to (5).

#### § 559e. Forest Service authorization

In order to improve Federal law enforcement activities relating to the use and production of

<sup>1</sup> So in original.

<sup>1</sup> So in original. The period probably should be a semicolon.

narcotics and controlled substances on lands administered by the Forest Service, from amounts appropriated there shall be made available to the Secretary, in addition to sums made available under other authority of law, \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 1989, and for each fiscal year thereafter, to be used for employment and training of additional and existing Forest Service law enforcement personnel, for expenses related to such employment, training, equipment, and facilities, and for cooperative programs with State and local law enforcement agencies.

(Pub. L. 99-570, title XV, § 15006, Oct. 27, 1986, 100 Stat. 3207-192; Pub. L. 100-690, title VI, § 6254(d)(1), Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4364.)

#### AMENDMENTS

1988—Pub. L. 100-690 amended section generally. Prior to amendment, section read as follows: “There is authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for each fiscal year to carry out sections 559b to 559f of this title.”

#### § 559f. Approval of Secretary of Agriculture and Attorney General

The authorities conferred herein shall be exercised pursuant to an agreement approved by the Secretary of Agriculture and the Attorney General.

(Pub. L. 99-570, title XV, § 15007, Oct. 27, 1986, 100 Stat. 3207-192.)

#### REFERENCES IN TEXT

Herein, referred to in text, probably means title XV of Pub. L. 99-570, Oct. 27, 1986, 100 Stat. 3207-191, known as the National Forest System Drug Control Act of 1986, which enacted sections 559b to 559f of this title, amended section 841 of Title 21, Food and Drugs, and enacted provisions set out as a note under section 559b of this title. For complete classification of title XV to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 559b of this title and Tables.

#### § 559g. Designation authority of Secretary of Agriculture

##### (a) Purpose

It is the purpose of this section to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to make law enforcement operations more efficient in connection with the administration and use of the National Forest System.

##### (b) Officers of other agencies

The Secretary is authorized to designate law enforcement officers of any other Federal agency, when the Secretary determines such designation to be economical and in the public interest, and with the concurrence of that agency, to exercise the powers and authorities of the Forest Service while assisting the Forest Service in the National Forest System, or for activities administered by the Forest Service.

##### (c) Acceptance by Forest Service

The Forest Service is authorized to accept law enforcement designation from any other Federal agency or agency of a State or political subdivision thereof for the purpose of cooperating in the investigation and enforcement of any Federal or State law or ordinance and regulation of any such agency, when such investigation or enforcement is mutually beneficial to the National

Forest System and the cooperating agency or jurisdiction, upon entering into a memorandum of understanding or cooperative agreement with such agency or jurisdiction.

(Pub. L. 99-570, title XV, § 15008, as added Pub. L. 100-690, title VI, § 6254(e), Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4365.)

#### § 560. Use of timber for telephone lines for fire protection

The Secretary of Agriculture, whenever he may deem it necessary for the protection of the national forests from fire, may permit the use of timber free of charge for the construction of telephone lines.

(Mar. 4, 1913, ch. 145, § 1 (part), 37 Stat. 843.)

#### § 560a. Omitted

#### CODIFICATION

Section, Pub. L. 93-404, title II, Aug. 31, 1974, 88 Stat. 817, which prohibited expenditure of funds appropriated to the Forest Service for the purchase of twine manufactured from commodities or materials produced outside of the United States except to provide materials required for research or experimental work where no suitable domestic product was available, was from the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1975, and was not repeated in subsequent appropriation acts. Similar provisions were contained in the following prior appropriation acts:

Oct. 4, 1973, Pub. L. 93-120, title II, 87 Stat. 442.  
 Aug. 10, 1972, Pub. L. 92-369, title II, 86 Stat. 521.  
 Aug. 10, 1971, Pub. L. 92-76, title II, 85 Stat. 241.  
 July 31, 1970, Pub. L. 91-361, title II, 84 Stat. 682.  
 Oct. 29, 1969, Pub. L. 91-98, title II, 83 Stat. 161.  
 July 26, 1968, Pub. L. 90-425, title II, 82 Stat. 440.  
 June 24, 1967, Pub. L. 90-28, title II, 81 Stat. 72.  
 May 31, 1966, Pub. L. 89-435, title II, 80 Stat. 184.  
 June 28, 1965, Pub. L. 89-52, title II, 79 Stat. 188.  
 July 7, 1964, Pub. L. 88-356, title II, 78 Stat. 287.  
 July 26, 1963, Pub. L. 88-79, title II, 77 Stat. 110.  
 Aug. 9, 1962, Pub. L. 87-578, title II, 76 Stat. 348.  
 Aug. 3, 1961, Pub. L. 87-122, title II, § 201, 75 Stat. 259.  
 May 13, 1960, Pub. L. 86-455, title II, § 202, 74 Stat. 116.  
 June 23, 1959, Pub. L. 86-60, title II, § 202, 73 Stat. 105.  
 June 4, 1958, Pub. L. 85-439, title II, § 202, 72 Stat. 168.  
 July 1, 1957, Pub. L. 85-77, title II, § 202, 71 Stat. 270.  
 June 13, 1956, ch. 380, title II, § 203, 70 Stat. 270.  
 June 16, 1955, ch. 147, title II, § 204, 69 Stat. 156.

#### § 561. Repealed. Oct. 31, 1951, ch. 654, § 1(45), 65 Stat. 703

Section, act Mar. 15, 1920, ch. 100, §§ 3, 4, 41 Stat. 531, related to transfer of surplus telephone supplies from the Military Establishment to the Department of Agriculture for use of the Forest Service.

#### § 562. Forest experiment station in California

In order to determine and demonstrate the best methods for the conservative management of forest and forest lands and the protection of timber and other forest products, the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed (1) to establish and maintain, in cooperation with the State of California and with the surrounding States, a forest experiment station at such place or places as he may determine to be most suitable, and (2) to conduct, independently or in cooperation with other branches of the Federal Government, the States, universities, colleges, county and municipal agencies, business organizations, and individuals, such silvicultural,