Sept. 30, 1978, and struck out provisions authorizing appropriations of not to exceed \$2,000,000 for fiscal year 1974, and not to exceed \$1,500,000 for fiscal year 1975.

§ 1543. Construction with Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972

Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, no provision of this chapter shall take precedence over any more restrictive conflicting provision of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 [16 U.S.C. 1361 et seq.].

(Pub. L. 93-205, §17, Dec. 28, 1973, 87 Stat. 903.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This chapter, referred to in text, was in the original "this Act", meaning Pub. L. 93–205, Dec. 28, 1973, 81 Stat. 884, known as the Endangered Species Act of 1973, which is classified principally to this chapter. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1531 of this title and Tables.

The Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972, referred to in text, is Pub. L. 92–522, Oct. 21, 1972, 86 Stat. 1027, as amended, which is classified generally to chapter 31 (§1361 et seq.) of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1361 of this title and Tables.

§ 1544. Annual cost analysis by Fish and Wildlife Service

Notwithstanding section 3003 of Public Law 104-66 (31 U.S.C. 1113 note; 109 Stat. 734), on or before January 15, 1990, and each January 15 thereafter, the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Fish and Wildlife Service, shall submit to the Congress an annual report covering the preceding fiscal year which shall contain—

- (1) an accounting on a species by species basis of all reasonably identifiable Federal expenditures made primarily for the conservation of endangered or threatened species pursuant to this chapter; and
- (2) an accounting on a species by species basis of all reasonably identifiable expenditures made primarily for the conservation of endangered or threatened species pursuant to this chapter by States receiving grants under section 1535 of this title.

(Pub. L. 93–205, §18, as added Pub. L. 100–478, title I, §1012, Oct. 7, 1988, 102 Stat. 2314; amended Pub. L. 106–201, §1(a), May 18, 2000, 114 Stat. 307.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This chapter, referred to in text, was in the original "this Act", meaning Pub. L. 93–205, Dec. 28, 1973, 81 Stat. 884, known as the Endangered Species Act of 1973, which is classified principally to this chapter. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1531 of this title and Tables.

AMENDMENTS

2000—Pub. L. 106–201, in introductory provisions, substituted "Notwithstanding section 3003 of Public Law 104–66 (31 U.S.C. 1113 note; 109 Stat. 734), on" for "On".

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 2000 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 106-201, §1(b), May 18, 2000, 114 Stat. 307, provided that: "The amendment made by this section [amending this section] takes effect on the earlier of—

"(1) the date of enactment of this Act [May 18, 2000]; or

"(2) December 19, 1999."

CHAPTER 36—FOREST AND RANGELAND RENEWABLE RESOURCES PLANNING

SUBCHAPTER I_PLANNING

	SUBCHAPTER I—PLANNING			
Sec.				
1600.	Congressional findings.			
1601.	Renewable Resource Assessment.			
1602.	Renewable Resource Program; preparation by			
	Secretary and transmittal to President;			
	purpose and development of program; time			
	of preparation, updating and contents.			
1603.	National Forest System resource inventories;			
	development, maintenance, and updating by			
	Secretary as part of Assessment.			
1604.	National Forest System land and resource			
1005	management plans.			
1605.	Protection, use and management of renew-			
	able resources on non-Federal lands; utili-			
	zation of Assessment, surveys and Program			
1606	by Secretary to assist States, etc.			
1606.	Budget requests by President for Forest Service activities.			
1606a.	Reforestation Trust Fund.			
1607.	National Forest System renewable resources;			
1001.	development and administration by Sec-			
	retary in accordance with multiple use and			
	sustained yield concepts for products and			
	services; target year for operational posture			
	of resources; budget requests.			
1608.	National Forest Transportation System.			
1609.	National Forest System.			
1610.	Implementation of provisions by Secretary;			
	utilization of information and data of other			
	organizations; avoidance of duplication of			
	planning, etc.; "renewable resources" de-			
1011	fined.			
1611.	Timber.			
1612. 1613.	Public participation.			
1613. 1614.	Promulgation of regulations. Severability.			
1014.	· ·			
	SUBCHAPTER II—RESEARCH			
1641.	Findings and purpose.			
1642.	Investigations, experiments, tests, and other			
1040	activities.			
1643.	Implementation of provisions.			
1644.	Forestry and rangeland competitive research			
1645.	grants. General provisions.			
1646.	Authorization of appropriations.			
1647.	Other Federal programs.			
	Repealed.			
1649a.	Repealed.			
1650.	Hardwood technology transfer and applied re-			
	search.			
SUBCHAPTER III—EXTENSION PROGRAMS				
1671.	Congressional statement of findings.			
1672.	General program authorization.			
1673.	State programs.			
1674.	Renewable Resources Extension Program			
	plan.			
16740	Errandad programs			

1010.	Duanc progra	AIIID.		
1674.	Renewable	Resources	Extension	Program
	plan.			
1674a.	Expanded pr	rograms.		
1674b.	Sustainable	Forestry Ou	itreach Initi	ative.
1675.	Authorizati	on of appro	priations; cı	riteria for
	eligibility	of States fo	r funds.	
1676.	Issuance of	rules and r	egulations i	for imple-

676. Issuance of rules and regulations for implementation of provisions and coordination with agricultural, research, extension, and teaching provisions.

SUBCHAPTER IV—WOOD RESIDUE UTILIZATION

50	BUHAPTER IV—WOOD RESIDUE UTILIZATION
1681.	Congressional statement of purpose.
1682.	Pilot projects and demonstrations.
1683.	Pilot projects; requirements; residue removal
	credits as compensation; implementation
	guidelines.
1684.	Annual reports.
1685.	Regulations.

Sec.

1686. Definitions.

1687. Authorization of appropriations.

SUBCHAPTER I—PLANNING

§ 1600. Congressional findings

The Congress finds that—

- (1) the management of the Nation's renewable resources is highly complex and the uses, demand for, and supply of the various resources are subject to change over time;
- (2) the public interest is served by the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture, in cooperation with other agencies, assessing the Nation's renewable resources, and developing and preparing a national renewable resource program, which is periodically reviewed and updated;
- (3) to serve the national interest, the renewable resource program must be based on a comprehensive assessment of present and anticipated uses, demand for, and supply of renewable resources from the Nation's public and private forests and rangelands, through analysis of environmental and economic impacts, coordination of multiple use and sustained yield opportunities as provided in the Multiple-Use Sustained-Yield Act of 1960 (74 Stat. 215; 16 U.S.C. 528-531), and public participation in the development of the program;
- (4) the new knowledge derived from coordinated public and private research programs will promote a sound technical and ecological base for effective management, use, and protection of the Nation's renewable resources;
- (5) inasmuch as the majority of the Nation's forests and rangeland is under private, State, and local governmental management and the Nation's major capacity to produce goods and services is based on these nonfederally managed renewable resources, the Federal Government should be a catalyst to encourage and assist these owners in the efficient long-term use and improvement of these lands and their renewable resources consistent with the principles of sustained yield and multiple use;
- (6) the Forest Service, by virtue of its statutory authority for management of the National Forest System, research and cooperative programs, and its role as an agency in the Department of Agriculture, has both a responsibility and an opportunity to be a leader in assuring that the Nation maintains a natural resource conservation posture that will meet the requirements of our people in perpetuity; and
- (7) recycled timber product materials are as much a part of our renewable forest resources as are the trees from which they originally came, and in order to extend our timber and timber fiber resources and reduce pressures for timber production from Federal lands, the Forest Service should expand its research in the use of recycled and waste timber product materials, develop techniques for the substitution of these secondary materials for primary materials, and promote and encourage the use of recycled timber product materials.

(Pub. L. 93–378, §2, as added Pub. L. 94–588, §2, Oct. 22, 1976, 90 Stat. 2949.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Multiple-Use Sustained-Yield Act of 1960, referred to in par. (3), is Pub. L. 86-517, June 12, 1960, 74 Stat. 215, as amended, which is classified generally to sections 528 to 531 of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 528 of this title and Tables.

SHORT TITLE OF 1988 AMENDMENTS

Pub. L. 100–521, §1, Oct. 24, 1988, 102 Stat. 2601, provided that: "This Act [amending section 1642 of this title and enacting provisions set out as a note under section 1642 of this title] may be cited as the 'Forest Ecosystems and Atmospheric Pollution Research Act of 1988'."

Pub. L. 100–231, §1, Jan. 5, 1988, 101 Stat. 1565, provided that: "This Act [amending sections 1674 and 1675 of this title and provisions set out as a note under section 1671 of this title] may be cited as the 'Renewable Resources Extension Act Amendments of 1987'."

SHORT TITLE OF 1980 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 96–554, §1, Dec. 19, 1980, 94 Stat. 3257, provided: "That this Act [enacting subchapter IV of this chapter and enacting provision set out as a note under section 1681 of this title] may be cited as the 'Wood Residue Utilization Act of 1980'."

SHORT TITLE OF 1978 AMENDMENTS

Pub. L. 95–307, §1, June 30, 1978, 92 Stat. 353, provided: "That this Act [enacting subchapter II of this chapter, repealing sections 581 to 581i of this title, and enacting provisions set out as a note under section 1641 of this title] may be cited as the 'Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Research Act of 1978'."

Pub. L. 95–306, §1, June 30, 1978, 92 Stat. 349, provided: "That this Act [enacting subchapter III of this chapter and provision set out as a note under section 1671 of this title] may be cited as the 'Renewable Resources Extension Act of 1978'."

SHORT TITLE OF 1976 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 94–588, §1, Oct. 22, 1976, 90 Stat. 2949, provided: "That this Act [enacting this section and sections 472a, 521b, and 1611 to 1614 of this title, amending sections 500, 515, 516, 518, 576b, 581h, and 1601 to 1610 of this title, repealing sections 476, 513 and 514 of this title, and enacting provisions set out as notes under this section and sections 476, 513, 528, and 594–2 of this title] may be cited as the 'National Forest Management Act of 1976'."

SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 93–378, §1, Aug. 17, 1974, 88 Stat. 476, provided: "That this Act [enacting this subchapter and amending section 581h of this title] may be cited as the 'Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974'".

SEPARABILITY

Pub. L. 94–588, §21, Oct. 22, 1976, 90 Stat. 2963, provided that: "If any provision of this Act [see Short Title of 1976 Amendment note set out above] or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of the Act and of the application of such provision to other persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby."

§ 1601. Renewable Resource Assessment

(a) Preparation by Secretary of Agriculture; time of preparation, updating and contents

In recognition of the vital importance of America's renewable resources of the forest, range, and other associated lands to the Nation's social and economic well-being, and of the necessity for a long term perspective in plan-