#### AMENDMENTS

1984—Pub. L. 98-473 struck out "parole or" before "probation" in section catchline and text, and struck out "parolee or" before "probationer" in text.

## EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1984 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 98–473 effective Nov. 1, 1987, and applicable only to offenses committed after the taking effect of such amendment, with section as in effect prior to such amendment to remain in effect for five years as and individual who committed an offense or an act of juvenile delinquency before Nov. 1, 1987, and as to a term of imprisonment during the period described in section 235(a)(1)(B) of Pub. L. 98–473, see section 235(a)(1), (b)(1)(D) of Pub. L. 98–473, set out as an Effective Date note under section 3551 of this title.

#### REPEALS

Section 512 of Pub. L. 93–415, title V, Sept. 7, 1974, 88 Stat. 1138, cited as a credit to this section, was repealed by Pub. L. 115–385, title III, §307, Dec. 21, 2018, 132 Stat. 5152

## § 5043. Juvenile solitary confinement

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—
  - (1) the term "covered juvenile" means—(A) a juvenile who—
    - (i) is being proceeded against under this chapter for an alleged act of juvenile delinquency; or
    - (ii) has been adjudicated delinquent under this chapter; or
  - (B) a juvenile who is being proceeded against as an adult in a district court of the United States for an alleged criminal offense:
- (2) the term "juvenile facility" means any facility where covered juveniles are—
  - (A) committed pursuant to an adjudication of delinquency under this chapter; or
  - (B) detained prior to disposition or conviction; and
- (3) the term "room confinement" means the involuntary placement of a covered juvenile alone in a cell, room, or other area for any reason
- (b) Prohibition on Room Confinement in Juvenile Facilities.—
  - (1) IN GENERAL.—The use of room confinement at a juvenile facility for discipline, punishment, retaliation, or any reason other than as a temporary response to a covered juvenile's behavior that poses a serious and immediate risk of physical harm to any individual, including the covered juvenile, is prohibited.
    - (2) JUVENILES POSING RISK OF HARM.—
    - (A) REQUIREMENT TO USE LEAST RESTRICTIVE TECHNIQUES.—
      - (i) IN GENERAL.—Before a staff member of a juvenile facility places a covered juvenile in room confinement, the staff member shall attempt to use less restrictive techniques, including—
        - (I) talking with the covered juvenile in an attempt to de-escalate the situation;
        - (II) permitting a qualified mental health professional to talk to the covered juvenile.
      - (ii) EXPLANATION.—If, after attempting to use less restrictive techniques as re-

- quired under clause (i), a staff member of a juvenile facility decides to place a covered juvenile in room confinement, the staff member shall first—
  - (I) explain to the covered juvenile the reasons for the room confinement; and
- (II) inform the covered juvenile that release from room confinement will occur—
  - (aa) immediately when the covered juvenile regains self-control, as described in subparagraph (B)(i); or
  - (bb) not later than after the expiration of the time period described in subclause (I) or (II) of subparagraph (B)(ii), as applicable.
- (B) MAXIMUM PERIOD OF CONFINEMENT.—If a covered juvenile is placed in room confinement because the covered juvenile poses a serious and immediate risk of physical harm to himself or herself, or to others, the covered juvenile shall be released—
  - (i) immediately when the covered juvenile has sufficiently gained control so as to no longer engage in behavior that threatens serious and immediate risk of physical harm to himself or herself, or to others; or
  - (ii) if a covered juvenile does not sufficiently gain control as described in clause (i), not later than—
    - (I) 3 hours after being placed in room confinement, in the case of a covered juvenile who poses a serious and immediate risk of physical harm to others; or
    - (II) 30 minutes after being placed in room confinement, in the case of a covered juvenile who poses a serious and immediate risk of physical harm only to himself or herself.
- (C) RISK OF HARM AFTER MAXIMUM PERIOD OF CONFINEMENT.—If, after the applicable maximum period of confinement under subclause (I) or (II) of subparagraph (B)(ii) has expired, a covered juvenile continues to pose a serious and immediate risk of physical harm described in that subclause—
- (i) the covered juvenile shall be transferred to another juvenile facility or internal location where services can be provided to the covered juvenile without relying on room confinement; or
- (ii) if a qualified mental health professional believes the level of crisis service needed is not currently available, a staff member of the juvenile facility shall initiate a referral to a location that can meet the needs of the covered juvenile.
- (D) SPIRIT AND PURPOSE.—The use of consecutive periods of room confinement to evade the spirit and purpose of this subsection shall be prohibited.

(Added Pub. L. 115–391, title VI,  $\S613(a)$ , Dec. 21, 2018, 132 Stat. 5247.)

# PART V—IMMUNITY OF WITNESSES CHAPTER 601—IMMUNITY OF WITNESSES

Sec.

6001. Definitions.

Sec.

6002. Immunity generally.

6003. Court and grand jury proceedings. 6004. Certain administrative proceedings.

6005. Congressional proceedings.

#### AMENDMENTS

 $1994 — Pub.\ L.\ 103-322,\ title\ XXXIII,\ \S330013(1),\ Sept.\ 13,\\ 1994,\ 108\ Stat.\ 2146,\ added\ heading\ for\ chapter\ 601.\\ 1970 — Pub.\ L.\ 91-452,\ title\ II,\ \S201(a),\ Oct.\ 15,\ 1970,\ 84\\ Stat.\ 926,\ added\ part\ V\ and\ items\ 6001\ to\ 6005.$ 

## § 6001. Definitions

As used in this chapter—

- (1) "agency of the United States" means any executive department as defined in section 101 of title 5, United States Code, a military department as defined in section 102 of title 5, United States Code, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the China Trade Act registrar appointed under 53 Stat. 1432 (15 U.S.C. sec. 143), the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, the Federal Communications Commission, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Maritime Commission, the Federal Power Commission, the Federal Trade Commission, the Surface Transportation Board, the National Labor Relations Board, the National Transportation Safety Board, the Railroad Retirement Board, an arbitration board established under 48 Stat. 1193 (45 U.S.C. sec. 157), the Securities and Exchange Commission, or a board established under 49 Stat. 31 (15 U.S.C. sec. 715d);
  (2) "other information" includes any book,
- (2) "other information" includes any book, paper, document, record, recording, or other material:
- (3) "proceeding before an agency of the United States" means any proceeding before such an agency with respect to which it is authorized to issue subpenas and to take testimony or receive other information from witnesses under oath; and
- (4) "court of the United States" means any of the following courts: the Supreme Court of the United States, a United States court of appeals, a United States district court established under chapter 5, title 28, United States Code, a United States bankruptcy court established under chapter 6, title 28, United States Code, the District of Columbia Court of Appeals, the Superior Court of the District of Columbia, the District Court of Guam, the District Court of the Virgin Islands, the United States Court of Federal Claims, the Tax Court of the United States, the Court of International Trade, and the Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces.

(Added Pub. L. 91–452, title II, §201(a), Oct. 15, 1970, 84 Stat. 926; amended Pub. L. 95–405, §25, Sept. 30, 1978, 92 Stat. 877; Pub. L. 95–598, title III, §314(*l*), Nov. 6, 1978, 92 Stat. 2678; Pub. L. 96–417, title VI, §601(1), Oct. 10, 1980, 94 Stat. 1744; Pub. L. 97–164, title I, §164(1), Apr. 2, 1982, 96 Stat. 50; Pub. L. 102–550, title XV, §1543, Oct. 28, 1992, 106 Stat. 4069; Pub. L. 102–572, title IX, §902(b)(1), Oct. 29, 1992, 106 Stat. 4516; Pub. L. 103–272, §4(d), July 5, 1994, 108 Stat. 1361; Pub. L. 103–322, title XXXIII, §330013(2), (3), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 2146; Pub. L. 103–337, div. A, title

IX, §924(d)(1)(B), Oct. 5, 1994, 108 Stat. 2832; Pub. L. 104-88, title III, §303(2), Dec. 29, 1995, 109 Stat. 943)

## AMENDMENTS

1995—Par. (1). Pub. L. 104-88 substituted "Surface Transportation Board" for "Interstate Commerce Commission"

1994—Pub. L. 103–322,  $\S 330013(3)$ , substituted "chapter" for "part" in introductory provisions.

Par. (1). Pub. L. 103–322, §330013(2), substituted "Nuclear Regulatory Commission" for "Atomic Energy Commission" and struck out "the Subversive Activities Control Board," after "Securities and Exchange Commission,"

Pub. L. 103-272 struck out "the Civil Aeronautics Board," before "the Commodity Futures".

Par. (4). Pub. L. 103-337 substituted "Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces" for "Court of Military Appeals". 1992—Par. (1). Pub. L. 102-550 inserted "the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System," after "the Atomic Energy Commission,".

Par. (4). Pub. L. 102-572 substituted "United States Court of Federal Claims" for "United States Claims Court".

1982—Par. (4). Pub. L. 97–164 substituted "the United States Claims Court" for "the United States Court of Claims, the United States Court of Customs and Patent Appeals".

1980—Par. (4). Pub. L. 96-417 redesignated the Customs Court as the Court of International Trade.

1978—Par. (1). Pub. L. 95-405 inserted "the Commodity Futures Trading Commission," after "Civil Aeronautics Board.".

Par. (4). Pub. L. 95-598 inserted "a United States bankruptcy court established under chapter 6, title 28, United States Code," after "title 28, United States Code."

# EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1995 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 104-88 effective Jan. 1, 1996, see section 2 of Pub. L. 104-88, set out as an Effective Date note under section 1301 of Title 49, Transportation.

# EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1992 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 102-572 effective Oct. 29, 1992, see section 911 of Pub. L. 102-572, set out as a note under section 171 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure.

# EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1982 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 97–164 effective Oct. 1, 1982, see section 402 of Pub. L. 97–164, set out as a note under section 171 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure.

# EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1980 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 96-417 effective Nov. 1, 1980, and applicable with respect to civil actions pending on or commenced on or after such date, see section 701(a) of Pub. L. 96-417, set out as a note under section 251 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure.

# EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1978 AMENDMENTS

Amendment by Pub. L. 95-598 effective Oct. 1, 1979, see section 402(a) of Pub. L. 95-598, set out as an Effective Date note preceding section 101 of Title 11, Bankruntey

Amendment by Pub. L. 95–405 effective Oct. 1, 1978, see section 28 of Pub. L. 95–405, set out as a note under section 2 of Title 7, Agriculture.

# EFFECTIVE DATE; SAVINGS PROVISION

Pub. L. 91-452, title II, §260, Oct. 15, 1970, 84 Stat. 931, provided that: "The provisions of part V of title 18, United States Code, added by title II of this Act [this part], and the amendments and repeals made by title II