tering the territory of a NAFTA country inconsistent with the provisions of the Agreement, or have been undervalued in a manner that may raise concerns under United States trade laws, the President shall promptly take such action as may be appropriate under all relevant provisions of the Agreement, including article 317 and chapter 20, and under applicable United States trade statutes.

(Pub. L. 103-182, title II, §211, Dec. 8, 1993, 107 Stat. 2099.)

EFFECTIVE DATE

Section effective on the date the North American Free Trade Agreement enters into force with respect to the United States [Jan. 1, 1994], see section 213(b) of Pub. L. 103-182, set out as a note under section 3331 of this title.

TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

For transfer of functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the United States Customs Service of the Department of the Treasury, including functions of the Secretary of the Treasury relating thereto, to the Secretary of Homeland Security, and for treatment of related references, see sections 203(1), 551(d), 552(d), and 557 of Title 6, Domestic Security, and the Department of Homeland Security Reorganization Plan of November 25, 2002, as modified, set out as a note under section 542 of Title 6. For establishment of U.S. Customs and Border Protection in the Department of Homeland Security, treated as if included in Pub. L. 107–296 as of Nov. 25, 2002, see section 211 of Title 6, as amended generally by Pub. L. 114–125, and section 802(b) of Pub. L. 114–125, set out as a note under section 211 of Title 6.

North American Free Trade Agreement: Entry Into Force

The North American Free Trade Agreement entered into force on Jan. 1, 1994, see note set out under section 3311 of this title.

SUBCHAPTER III—APPLICATION OF AGREEMENT TO SECTORS AND SERVICES

PART A-SAFEGUARDS

SUBPART 1—RELIEF FROM IMPORTS BENEFITING FROM AGREEMENT

§3351. Definitions

As used in this subpart:

(1) Canadian article

The term "Canadian article" means an article that—

(A) is an originating good under chapter 4 of the Agreement; and

(B) qualifies under the Agreement to be marked as a good of Canada.

(2) Mexican article

The term "Mexican article" means an article that—

(A) is an originating good under chapter 4 of the Agreement; and

(B) qualifies under the Agreement to be marked as a good of Mexico.

(Pub. L. 103-182, title III, §301, Dec. 8, 1993, 107 Stat. 2100.)

References in Text

This subpart, referred to in text, was in the original "this part", meaning part 1 (§§ 301-308) of subtitle A of

title III of Pub. L. 103-182, Dec. 8, 1993, 107 Stat. 2100, which enacted this subpart and provisions set out as a note under section 2112 of this title, and amended provisions set out as a note under section 2112 of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Pub. L. 103-182, title III, §318, Dec. 8, 1993, 107 Stat. 2108, provided that: "Except as provided in section 308(b) [enacting provisions set out as a note under section 2112 of this title], the provisions of this subtitle [subtitle A (§§301-318) of title III of Pub. L. 103-182, enacting this part and amending section 2252 of this title and provisions set out as a note under section 2112 of this title] take effect on the date the Agreement enters into force with respect to the United States [Jan. 1, 1994]."

§3352. Commencing of action for relief

(a) Filing of petition

(1) In general

A petition requesting action under this subpart for the purpose of adjusting to the obligations of the United States under the Agreement may be filed with the International Trade Commission by an entity, including a trade association, firm, certified or recognized union, or group of workers, that is representative of an industry. The International Trade Commission shall transmit a copy of any petition filed under this subsection to the Trade Representative.

(2) Provisional relief

An entity filing a petition under this subsection may request that provisional relief be provided as if the petition had been filed under section 2252(a) of this title.

(3) Critical circumstances

An allegation that critical circumstances exist must be included in the petition or made on or before the 90th day after the date on which the investigation is initiated under subsection (b).

(b) Investigation and determination

Upon the filing of a petition under subsection (a), the International Trade Commission, unless subsection (d) applies, shall promptly initiate an investigation to determine whether, as a result of the reduction or elimination of a duty provided for under the Agreement, a Canadian article or a Mexican article, as the case may be, is being imported into the United States in such increased quantities (in absolute terms) and under such conditions so that imports of the article, alone, constitute a substantial cause of—

(1) serious injury; or

(2) except in the case of a Canadian article, a threat of serious injury;

to the domestic industry producing an article that is like, or directly competitive with, the imported article.

(c) Applicable provisions

The provisions of—

(1) paragraphs (1)(B), $(3)^1$ (except subparagraph (A)), and $(4)^1$ of subsection (b);

(2) subsection (c); and

(3) subsection (d),

¹See References in Text note below.