(Pub. L. 109–401, title II, §274, Dec. 18, 2006, 120 Stat. 2752.)

#### § 8175. Notice of IAEA notifications

The President shall notify Congress of any notifications issued by the IAEA to the United States under Article 10 of the Additional Protocol.

(Pub. L. 109–401, title II, §275, Dec. 18, 2006, 120 Stat. 2753.)

## SUBCHAPTER VIII—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

#### §8181. Authorization of appropriations

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this chapter

(Pub. L. 109-401, title II, §281, Dec. 18, 2006, 120 Stat. 2753.)

# CHAPTER 89—ADVANCING DEMOCRATIC VALUES

Sec.

8201. Findings.

8202. Statement of policy.

8203. Definitions.

SUBCHAPTER I—ACTIVITIES TO ENHANCE THE PROMOTION OF DEMOCRACY

8211. Democracy promotion at the Department of

State.

8212. Democracy Fellowship Program.

8213. Investigations of violations of international

humanitarian law.

SUBCHAPTER II—STRATEGIES AND REPORTS ON HUMAN RIGHTS AND THE PROMOTION OF DEMOCRACY

8221. Strategies, priorities, and annual report.

8222. Translation of human rights reports.

SUBCHAPTER III—ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON DE-MOCRACY PROMOTION AND THE INTERNET WEBSITE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE

8231. Advisory Committee on Democracy Promotion.

8232. Sense of Congress regarding the Internet website of the Department of State.

SUBCHAPTER IV—TRAINING IN DEMOCRACY AND HUMAN RIGHTS; INCENTIVES

8241. Training in democracy promotion and the protection of human rights.

8242. Sense of Congress regarding ADVANCE Democracy Award.

8243. Personnel policies at the Department of State.

SUBCHAPTER V—COOPERATION WITH DEMOCRATIC COUNTRIES

8251. Cooperation with democratic countries.

SUBCHAPTER VI—FUNDING FOR PROMOTION OF DEMOCRACY

8261. The United Nations Democracy Fund.

8262. United States democracy assistance programs.

### §8201. Findings

Congress finds the following:

(1) The United States Declaration of Independence, the United States Constitution, and the United Nations Universal Declaration of

Human Rights declare that all human beings are created equal and possess certain rights and freedoms, including the fundamental right to participate in the political life and government of their respective countries.

- (2) The development of democracy constitutes a long-term challenge that goes through unique phases and paces in individual countries as such countries develop democratic institutions such as a thriving civil society, a free media, and an independent judiciary, and must be led from within such countries, including by nongovernmental and governmental reformers.
- (3) Individuals, nongovernmental organizations, and movements that support democratic principles, practices, and values are under increasing pressure from some governments of nondemocratic countries (as well as, in some cases, from governments of democratic transition countries), including by using administrative and regulatory mechanisms to undermine the activities of such individuals, organizations, and movements.
- (4) Democratic countries have a number of instruments available for supporting democratic reformers who are committed to promoting effective, nonviolent change in non-democratic countries and who are committed to keeping their countries on the path to democracy.
- (5) United States efforts to promote democracy and protect human rights can be strengthened to improve assistance for such reformers, including through an enhanced role for United States diplomats when properly trained and given the right incentives.
- (6) The promotion of democracy requires a broad-based effort with cooperation between all democratic countries, including through the Community of Democracies.

(Pub. L. 110–53, title XXI, §2102, Aug. 3, 2007, 121 Stat. 526.)

## SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 110–53, title XXI, §2101, Aug. 3, 2007, 121 Stat. 526, provided that: "This title [enacting this chapter and amending provisions set out as a note under section 2151n of this title] may be cited as the 'Advance Democratic Values, Address Nondemocratic Countries, and Enhance Democracy Act of 2007' or the 'ADVANCE Democracy Act of 2007'."

DEEPENING U.S. GOVERNMENT EFFORTS TO COLLABORATE WITH AND STRENGTHEN CIVIL SOCIETY

Memorandum of President of the United States, Sept. 23, 2014, 79 F.R. 58237, provided:

Memorandum for the Heads of Executive Departments and Agencies

The participation of civil society is fundamental to democratic governance. Through civil society, citizens come together to hold their leaders accountable and address challenges that governments cannot tackle alone. Civil society organizations—such as community groups, non-governmental organizations, labor unions, indigenous groups, charitable organizations, faith-based organizations, professional associations, and foundations—often drive innovations and develop new ideas and approaches to solve social, economic, and political problems that governments can apply on a larger scale. Moreover, by giving people peaceful avenues to advance their interests and express their convictions, a free and flourishing civil society contributes to