testing of weapons of mass destruction, including systems designed in whole or in part for the delivery of such weapons; and

(II) has agreed to multilateral talks including the Government of the United States, with the goal of permanently and verifiably limiting North Korea's weapons of mass destruction and ballistic missile programs; or

(ii) the suspension is vital to the national security interests of the United States; and

(B) if the President submits a certification under subparagraph (A)(ii), an explanation of the reasons the suspension is vital to the national security interests of the United States.

(2) Omitted

(c) Termination

Subject to section 9265 of this title, any requirement to impose sanctions under this subtitle¹ or the amendments made by this subtitle, and any sanctions imposed pursuant to this subtitle¹ or any such amendment, shall terminate on the date on which the President makes the certification described in section 9252 of this title.

(Pub. L. 116-92, div. F, title LXXI, §7143, Dec. 20, 2019, 133 Stat. 2255.)

References in Text

This subtitle, referred to in subsecs. (b)(1) and (c), is subtitle A of title LXXI of div. F of Pub. L. 116-92, Dec. 20, 2019, 133 Stat. 2244, which enacted this subchapter and sections 262p-13, 286yy, 9221b, and 9221c of this title, amended sections 9202, 9212, 9214, 9223, 9224, 9228, 9241, and 9251 of this title, repealed sections 262p-13 and 286yy of this title, and enacted provisions set out as notes under sections 262p-13 and 286yy of this title. For complete classification of this subtitle to the Code, see Tables.

Section 7121 of this title, referred to in subsec. (b)(1), is section 7121 of title LXXI of div. F of Pub. L. 116-92, Dec. 20, 2019, 133 Stat. 2244, which enacted section 9221b of this title.

CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Otto Warmbier North Korea Nuclear Sanctions and Enforcement Act of 2019, and also as part of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020, and not as part of the North Korea Sanctions and Policy Enhancement Act of 2016 which comprises this chapter.

Section is comprised of section 7143 of Pub. L. 116-92. Subsec. (a) of section 7143 of Pub. L. 116-92 amended section 9228 of this title. Subsec. (b)(2) of section 7143 of Pub. L. 116-92 amended section 9251 of this title.

§ 9269c. Procedures for review of classified and certain other information

(a) In general

If a finding under this subtitle¹ or an amendment made by this subtitle, a prohibition, condition, or penalty imposed as a result of any such finding, or a penalty imposed under this subtitle¹ or an amendment made by this subtitle, is based on classified information (as defined in section 1(a) of the Classified Information Procedures Act (18 U.S.C. App.)), law enforcement information, or any other information protected from disclosure by statute, and a court reviews the finding or the imposition of the prohibition, condition, or penalty, the Secretary of the Treasury may submit such information to the court ex parte and in camera.

(b) Rule of construction

Nothing in this section shall be construed to confer or imply any right to judicial review of any finding under this subtitle¹ or an amendment made by this subtitle, any prohibition, condition, or penalty imposed as a result of any such finding, or any penalty imposed under this subtitle¹ or an amendment made by this subtitle.

(Pub. L. 116-92, div. F, title LXXI, §7144, Dec. 20, 2019, 133 Stat. 2256.)

References in Text

This subtitle, referred to in text, is subtitle A of title LXXI of div. F of Pub. L. 116-92, Dec. 20, 2019, 133 Stat. 2244, which enacted this subchapter and sections 262p-13, 286yy, 9221b, and 9221c of this title, amended sections 9202, 9212, 9214, 9223, 9224, 9228, 9241, and 9251 of this title, repealed sections 262p-13 and 286yy of this title, and enacted provisions set out as notes under sections 262p-13 and 286yy of this title. For complete classification of this subtitle to the Code, see Tables.

The Classified Information Procedures Act, referred to in subsec. (a), is Pub. L. 96-456, Oct. 15, 1980, 94 Stat. 2025, which is set out in the Appendix to Title 18, Crimes and Criminal Procedure.

CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Otto Warmbier North Korea Nuclear Sanctions and Enforcement Act of 2019, and also as part of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020, and not as part of the North Korea Sanctions and Policy Enhancement Act of 2016 which comprises this chapter.

§9269d. Exception relating to importation of goods

(a) In general

The authorities and requirements to impose sanctions authorized under this subtitle¹ or any amendment made by this subtitle shall not include the authority or requirement to impose sanctions on the importation of goods.

(b) Good defined

In this section, the term "good" means any article, natural or manmade substance, material, supply or manufactured product, including inspection and test equipment, and excluding technical data.

(Pub. L. 116-92, div. F, title LXXI, §7147, Dec. 20, 2019, 133 Stat. 2257.)

References in Text

This subtitle, referred to in subsec. (a), is subtitle A of title LXXI of div. F of Pub. L. 116-92, Dec. 20, 2019, 133 Stat. 2244, which enacted this subchapter and sections 262p-13, 286yy, 9221b, and 9221c of this title, amended sections 9202, 9212, 9214, 9223, 9224, 9228, 9241, and 9251 of this title, repealed sections 262p-13 and 286yy of this title, and enacted provisions set out as notes under sections 262p-13 and 286yy of this title. For complete classification of this subtitle to the Code, see Tables.

¹See References in Text note below.

¹See References in Text note below.

CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Otto Warmbier North Korea Nuclear Sanctions and Enforcement Act of 2019, and also as part of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020, and not as part of the North Korea Sanctions and Policy Enhancement Act of 2016 which comprises this chapter.

CHAPTER 100—GLOBAL FOOD SECURITY

Sec. 9301

- Findings. 9302. Statement of policy objectives; sense of Congress.
- 9303 Definitions.
- 9304. Comprehensive Global Food Security Strategy.
- 9305 Assistance to implement the Global Food Security Strategy. Emergency Food Security Program.
- 9306
- 9307. Reports. 9308 Rule of construction.

§9301. Findings

Congress makes the following findings:

(1) According to the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (referred to in this section as the "FAO"), 805,000,000 people worldwide suffer from chronic hunger. Hunger and malnutrition rob people of health and productive lives and stunt the mental and physical development of future generations.

(2) According to the January 2014 "Worldwide Threat Assessment of the US Intelligence Community'

(A) the "[l]ack of adequate food will be a destabilizing factor in countries important to US national security that do not have the financial or technical abilities to solve their internal food security problems"; and

(B) "[f]ood and nutrition insecurity in weakly governed countries might also provide opportunities for insurgent groups to capitalize on poor conditions, exploit international food aid, and discredit governments for their inability to address basic needs".

(3) A comprehensive approach to sustainable food and nutrition security should not only respond to emergency food shortages, but should also address malnutrition, resilience to food and nutrition insecurity, building the capacity of poor, rural populations to improve their agricultural productivity and incomes, removing institutional impediments to agricultural development, value chain access and efficiency, including processing and storage, enhancing agribusiness development, access to markets and activities that address the specific needs and barriers facing women and small-scale producers, education, and collaborative research.

(Pub. L. 114-195, §2, July 20, 2016, 130 Stat. 675.)

SHORT TITLE OF 2018 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 115-266, §1, Oct. 11, 2018, 132 Stat. 3755, provided that: "This Act [amending sections 2292a, 9305, and 9307 of this title] may be cited as the 'Global Food Security Reauthorization Act of 2017'.'

SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 114-195, §1, July 20, 2016, 130 Stat. 675, provided that: "This Act [enacting this chapter and amending sections 2292 and 2292a of this title] may be cited as the 'Global Food Security Act of 2016'."

§9302. Statement of policy objectives; sense of Congress

(a) Statement of policy objectives

It is in the national interest of the United States to promote global food security, resilience. and nutrition, consistent with national food security investment plans, which is reinforced through programs, activities, and initiatives that-

(1) place food insecure countries on a path toward self-sufficiency and economic freedom through the coordination of United States foreign assistance programs;

(2) accelerate inclusive, agricultural-led economic growth that reduces global poverty, hunger, and malnutrition, particularly among women and children;

(3) increase the productivity, incomes, and livelihoods of small-scale producers, especially women, by working across agricultural value chains, enhancing local capacity to manage agricultural resources effectively and expanding producer access to local and international markets:

(4) build resilience to food shocks among vulnerable populations and households while reducing reliance upon emergency food assistance:

(5) create an enabling environment for agricultural growth and investment, including through the promotion of secure and transparent property rights;

(6) improve the nutritional status of women and children, with a focus on reducing child stunting, including through the promotion of highly nutritious foods, diet diversification, and nutritional behaviors that improve maternal and child health:

(7) demonstrably meet, align with and leverage broader United States strategies and investments in trade, economic growth, national security, science and technology, agriculture research and extension. maternal and child health, nutrition, and water, sanitation, and hygiene:

(8) continue to strengthen partnerships between United States-based universities, including land-grant colleges, and universities and institutions in target countries and communities that build agricultural capacity; and

(9) ensure the effective use of United States taxpayer dollars to further these objectives.

(b) Sense of Congress

It is the sense of the Congress that the President, in providing assistance to implement the Global Food Security Strategy, should-

(1) coordinate, through a whole-of-government approach, the efforts of relevant Federal departments and agencies to implement the Global Food Security Strategy;

(2) seek to fully utilize the unique capabilities of each relevant Federal department and agency while collaborating with and leveraging the contributions of other key stakeholders; and

(3) utilize open and streamlined solicitations to allow for the participation of a wide range of implementing partners through the most appropriate procurement mechanisms, which