Center for Missing and Exploited Children for the exchange of information and technical assistance in the missing children cases; and

(E) grant permission to the National Crime Information Center Terminal Contractor for the State to update the missing person record in the National Crime Information Center computer networks with additional information learned during the investigation relating to the missing person.

(Pub. L. 101-647, title XXXVII, §3702, Nov. 29, 1990, 104 Stat. 4967; Pub. L. 109-248, title I, §154(a), July 27, 2006, 120 Stat. 611; Pub. L. 114-22, title I, §116(b), May 29, 2015, 129 Stat. 244.)

#### CODIFICATION

Section was formerly classified to section 5780 of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare, prior to editorial reclassification and renumbering as this section.

#### AMENDMENTS

2015—Par. (2). Pub. L. 114–22, \$116(b)(1), struck out "and" at end.

Par. (3)(B) to (D). Pub. L. 114-22, §116(b)(2), added subpar. (B) and redesignated former subpars. (B) and (C) as (C) and (D), respectively.

Par. (4). Pub. L. 114-22, \$116(b)(3)(A), substituted "paragraph (3)" for "paragraph (2)" in introductory provisions.

Par. (4)(A). Pub. L. 114-22, §116(b)(3)(B), substituted "30 days" for "60 days" and inserted "and a photograph taken during the previous 180 days" after "dental records".

Par. (4)(B), (C). Pub. L. 114-22, \$116(b)(3)(C), (E), struck out "and" at end of subpar. (B) and added subpar. (C). Former subpar. (C) redesignated (D).

Par. (4)(D). Pub. L. 114-22, §116(b)(3)(F), inserted "State and local child welfare systems and" before "the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children" and substituted "; and" for period at end.

Pub. L. 114-22, \$116(b)(3)(D), redesignated subpar. (C) as (D).

Par. (4)(E). Pub. L. 114-22, 116(b)(3)(G), added subpar. (E).

2006—Pub. L. 109–248 added par. (2), redesignated former pars. (2) and (3) as (3) and (4), respectively, and substituted "within 2 hours of receipt" for "immediately" in concluding provisions of par. (3).

# § 41309. Reporting on human trafficking

# (a) Trafficking offense classification

The Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall—

- (1) classify the offense of human trafficking as a Part I crime in the Uniform Crime Reports;
- (2) to the extent feasible, establish subcategories for State sex crimes that involve—
  - (A) a person who is younger than 18 years of age;
    - (B) the use of force, fraud or coercion; or
  - (C) neither of the elements described in subparagraphs (A) and (B); and
- (3) classify the offense of human trafficking as a Group A offense for purpose of the National Incident-Based Reporting System.

#### (b) Additional information

The Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall revise the Uniform Crime Reporting System<sup>1</sup> and the National Incident-Based

Reporting System to distinguish between reports of—

- (1) incidents of assisting or promoting prostitution, which shall include crimes committed by persons who—
  - (A) do not directly engage in commercial sex acts; and
  - (B) direct, manage, or profit from such acts, such as State pimping and pandering crimes:
- (2) incidents of purchasing prostitution, which shall include crimes committed by persons who purchase or attempt to purchase or trade anything of value for commercial sex acts:
- (3) incidents of prostitution, which shall include crimes committed by persons providing or attempting to provide commercial sex acts;
- (4) incidents of assisting or promoting prostitution, child labor that is a violation of law, or forced labor of an individual under the age of 18 as described in paragraph (1); and
- (5) incidents of purchasing or soliciting commercial sex acts, child labor that is a violation of law, or forced labor with an individual under the age of 18 as described in paragraph (2).

(Pub. L. 110–457, title II, §237(a), (b), Dec. 23, 2008, 122 Stat. 5083; Pub. L. 115–392, §17, Dec. 21, 2018, 132 Stat. 5257.)

#### CODIFICATION

Section was formerly classified as a note under section 534 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure, prior to editorial reclassification and renumbering as this section.

Section is comprised of subsecs. (a) and (b) of section 237 of Pub. L. 110–457. Subsec. (c) of section 237 is not classified to the Code.

### AMENDMENTS

2018—Subsec. (b)(4), (5). Pub. L. 115–392 added pars. (4) and (5).

# §41310. Report on theft of trade secrets occurring abroad

#### (a) Definitions

In this section:

## (1) Director

The term "Director" means the Under Secretary of Commerce for Intellectual Property and Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

## (2) Foreign instrumentality, etc.

The terms "foreign instrumentality", "foreign agent", and "trade secret" have the meanings given those terms in section 1839 of title 18.

### (3) State

The term "State" includes the District of Columbia and any commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States.

#### (4) United States company

The term "United States company" means an organization organized under the laws of the United States or a State or political subdivision thereof.

# (b) Reports

Not later than 1 year after May 11, 2016, and biannually thereafter, the Attorney General, in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>So in original. Probably should be "Program".

consultation with the Intellectual Property Enforcement Coordinator, the Director, and the heads of other appropriate agencies, shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Senate, and make publicly available on the Web site of the Department of Justice and disseminate to the public through such other means as the Attorney General may identify, a report on the following:

- (1) The scope and breadth of the theft of the trade secrets of United States companies occurring outside of the United States.
- (2) The extent to which theft of trade secrets occurring outside of the United States is sponsored by foreign governments, foreign instrumentalities, or foreign agents.
- (3) The threat posed by theft of trade secrets occurring outside of the United States.
- (4) The ability and limitations of trade secret owners to prevent the misappropriation of trade secrets outside of the United States, to enforce any judgment against foreign entities for theft of trade secrets, and to prevent imports based on theft of trade secrets overseas.
- (5) A breakdown of the trade secret protections afforded United States companies by each country that is a trading partner of the United States and enforcement efforts available and undertaken in each such country, including a list identifying specific countries where trade secret theft, laws, or enforcement is a significant problem for United States companies.
- (6) Instances of the Federal Government working with foreign countries to investigate, arrest, and prosecute entities and individuals involved in the theft of trade secrets outside of the United States.
- (7) Specific progress made under trade agreements and treaties, including any new remedies enacted by foreign countries, to protect against theft of trade secrets of United States companies outside of the United States.
- (8) Recommendations of legislative and executive branch actions that may be undertaken to—
  - (A) reduce the threat of and economic impact caused by the theft of the trade secrets of United States companies occurring outside of the United States;
  - (B) educate United States companies regarding the threats to their trade secrets when taken outside of the United States;
  - (C) provide assistance to United States companies to reduce the risk of loss of their trade secrets when taken outside of the United States; and
  - (D) provide a mechanism for United States companies to confidentially or anonymously report the theft of trade secrets occurring outside of the United States.

(Pub. L. 114–153, §4, May 11, 2016, 130 Stat. 382.)

#### CODIFICATION

Section was formerly classified as a note under section 1832 of Title 18, Crimes and Criminal Procedure, prior to editorial reclassification and renumbering as this section.

# § 41311. Improving Department of Justice data collection on mental illness involved in crime

#### (a) In general

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, on or after the date that is 90 days after the date on which the Attorney General promulgates regulations under subsection (b), any data prepared by, or submitted to, the Attorney General or the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation with respect to the incidences of homicides, law enforcement officers killed, seriously injured assaulted, or individuals killed or seriously injured by law enforcement officers shall include data with respect to the involvement of mental illness in such incidences, if any.

#### (b) Regulations

Not later than 90 days after December 13, 2016, the Attorney General shall promulgate or revise regulations as necessary to carry out subsection (a).

(Pub. L. 114–255, div. B, title XIV, §14015, Dec. 13, 2016, 130 Stat. 1306.)

#### CODIFICATION

Section was formerly classified as a note under section 534 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure, prior to editorial reclassification and renumbering as this section.

# CHAPTER 415—RESOURCE CENTERS, TASK FORCES, DATABASES, AND PROGRAMS

41501. Financial institutions fraud task forces.

41502. Morgan P. Hardiman Child Abduction and Serial Murder Investigative Resources Center.

41503. Fugitive Apprehension Task Forces.

41504. Project Safe Neighborhoods.

41505. Organized retail theft database.

41506. United States-Mexico Border Violence Task Force.

41507. National Gang Intelligence Center.

41508. Grants to States for threat assessment databases.

# § 41501. Financial institutions fraud task forces

# (a) Establishment

The Attorney General shall establish such financial institutions fraud task forces as the Attorney General deems appropriate to ensure that adequate resources are made available to investigate and prosecute crimes in or against financial institutions and to recover the proceeds of unlawful activities from persons who have committed fraud or have engaged in other criminal activity in or against the financial services industry.

#### (b) Supervision

The Attorney General shall determine how each task force shall be supervised and may provide for the supervision of any task force by the Special Counsel.

# (c) Senior interagency group

## (1) Establishment

The Attorney General shall establish a senior interagency group to assist in identifying the most significant financial institution fraud cases and in allocating investigative and prosecutorial resources where they are most proceded.