- (1) the health risks associated with obesity, inactivity, and poor nutrition;
- (2) ways in which to incorporate physical activity into daily living; and
- (3) the benefits of good nutrition and strategies to improve eating habits.

(b) Authorization of appropriations

There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2001 through 2005

(July 1, 1944, ch. 373, title III, §399Y, as added Pub. L. 106-310, div. A, title XXIV, §2401, Oct. 17, 2000, 114 Stat. 1160.)

\$280h-3. Health professional education and training

(a) In general

The Secretary, acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, in collaboration with the Administrator of the Health Resources and Services Administration and the heads of other agencies, and in consultation with appropriate health professional associations, shall develop and carry out a program to educate and train health professionals in effective strategies to—

- (1) better identify and assess patients with obesity or an eating disorder or patients atrisk of becoming obese or developing an eating disorder;
- (2) counsel, refer, or treat patients with obesity or an eating disorder; and
- (3) educate patients and their families about effective strategies to improve dietary habits and establish appropriate levels of physical activity.

(b) Authorization of appropriations

There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2001 through 2005

(July 1, 1944, ch. 373, title III, §399Z, as added Pub. L. 106-310, div. A, title XXIV, §2401, Oct. 17, 2000, 114 Stat. 1160.)

EDUCATION AND TRAINING ON EATING DISORDERS

Pub. L. 114-255, div. B, title XIII, §13006, Dec. 13, 2016, 130 Stat. 1287, provided that: "The Secretary of Health and Human Services may facilitate the identification of model programs and materials for educating and training health professionals in effective strategies to—

- "(1) identify individuals with eating disorders;
- $\lq\lq(2)$ provide early intervention services for individuals with eating disorders;
- "(3) refer patients with eating disorders for appropriate treatment;
- ``(4) prevent the development of eating disorders; and
- "(5) provide appropriate treatment services for individuals with eating disorders."

§ 280h-4. Grants for the establishment of schoolbased health centers

(1) Program

The Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall establish a program to award grants to eligible entities to support the operation of school-based health centers.

(2) Eligibility

To be eligible for a grant under this section, an entity shall— $\,$

- (A) be a school-based health center or a sponsoring facility of a school-based health center; and
- (B) submit an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require, including at a minimum an assurance that funds awarded under the grant shall not be used to provide any service that is not authorized or allowed by Federal, State, or local law.

(3) Preference

In awarding grants under this section,¹ the Secretary shall give preference to awarding grants for school-based health centers that serve a large population of children eligible for medical assistance under the State Medicaid plan under title XIX of the Social Security Act [42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.] or under a waiver of such plan or children eligible for child health assistance under the State child health plan under title XXI of that Act (42 U.S.C. 1397aa et seq.).

(4) Limitation on use of funds

An eligible entity shall use funds provided under a grant awarded under this section only for expenditures for facilities (including the acquisition or improvement of land, or the acquisition, construction, expansion, replacement, or other improvement of any building or other facility), equipment, or similar expenditures, as specified by the Secretary. No funds provided under a grant awarded under this section shall be used for expenditures for personnel or to provide health services.

(5) Appropriations

Out of any funds in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, there is appropriated for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2013, \$50,000,000 for the purpose of carrying out this section. Funds appropriated under this paragraph shall remain available until expended.

(6) Definitions

In this section, the terms "school-based health center" and "sponsoring facility" have the meanings given those terms in section 2110(c)(9) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1397jj(c)(9)).

(Pub. L. 111–148, title IV, §4101(a), Mar. 23, 2010, 124 Stat. 546.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This section, referred to in par. (3) and in par. (4) the second place it appears, was in the original "this section", meaning section 4101 of Pub. L. 111-148, which enacted this section and section 280h-5 of this title.

The Social Security Act, referred to in par. (3), is act Aug. 14, 1935, ch. 531, 49 Stat. 620. Titles XIX and XXI of the Act are classified generally to subchapters XIX (§1396 et seq.) and XXI (§1397aa et seq.), respectively, of chapter 7 of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see section 1305 of this title and Tables.

¹ See References in Text note below.

CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, and not as part of the Public Health Service Act which comprises this chapter.

§ 280h-5. School-based health centers

(a) Definitions; establishment of criteria

In this section:

(1) Comprehensive primary health services

The term "comprehensive primary health services" means the core services offered by school-based health centers, which shall include the following:

(A) Physical

Comprehensive health assessments, diagnosis, and treatment of minor, acute, and chronic medical conditions, and referrals to, and follow-up for, specialty care and oral and vision health services.

(B) Mental health

Mental health and substance use disorder assessments, crisis intervention, counseling, treatment, and referral to a continuum of services including emergency psychiatric care, community support programs, inpatient care, and outpatient programs.

(2) Medically underserved children and adolescents

(A) In general

The term "medically underserved children and adolescents" means a population of children and adolescents who are residents of an area designated as a medically underserved area or a health professional shortage area by the Secretary.

(B) Criteria

The Secretary shall prescribe criteria for determining the specific shortages of personal health services for medically underserved children and adolescents under subparagraph (A) that shall—

- (i) take into account any comments received by the Secretary from the chief executive officer of a State and local officials in a State; and
- (ii) include factors indicative of the health status of such children and adolescents of an area, including the ability of the residents of such area to pay for health services, the accessibility of such services, the availability of health professionals to such children and adolescents, and other factors as determined appropriate by the Secretary.

(3) School-based health center

The term "school-based health center" means a health clinic that—

- (A) meets the definition of a school-based health center under section 1397jj(c)(9)(A) of this title and is administered by a sponsoring facility (as defined in section 1397jj(c)(9)(B) of this title);
- (B) provides, at a minimum, comprehensive primary health services during school hours to children and adolescents by health professionals in accordance with established

standards, community practice, reporting laws, and other State laws, including parental consent and notification laws that are not inconsistent with Federal law; and

(C) does not perform abortion services.

(b) Authority to award grants

The Secretary shall award grants for the costs of the operation of school-based health centers (referred to in this section as "SBHCs") that meet the requirements of this section.

(c) Applications

To be eligible to receive a grant under this section, an entity shall—

- (1) be an SBHC (as defined in subsection (a)(3)); and
- (2) submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing—
- (A) evidence that the applicant meets all criteria necessary to be designated an SBHC;
- (B) evidence of local need for the services to be provided by the SBHC;

(C) an assurance that—

- (i) SBHC services will be provided to those children and adolescents for whom parental or guardian consent has been obtained in cooperation with Federal, State, and local laws governing health care service provision to children and adolescents;
- (ii) the SBHC has made and will continue to make every reasonable effort to establish and maintain collaborative relationships with other health care providers in the catchment area of the SBHC;
- (iii) the SBHC will provide on-site access during the academic day when school is in session and 24-hour coverage through an on-call system and through its backup health providers to ensure access to services on a year-round basis when the school or the SBHC is closed;
- (iv) the SBHC will be integrated into the school environment and will coordinate health services with school personnel, such as administrators, teachers, nurses, counselors, and support personnel, as well as with other community providers co-located at the school;
- (v) the SBHC sponsoring facility assumes all responsibility for the SBHC administration, operations, and oversight; and
- (vi) the SBHC will comply with Federal, State, and local laws concerning patient privacy and student records, including regulations promulgated under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 and section 1232g of title 20; and
- (D) such other information as the Secretary may require.

(d) Preferences and consideration

In reviewing applications:

- (1) The Secretary may give preference to applicants who demonstrate an ability to serve the following:
- (A) Communities that have evidenced barriers to primary health care and mental health and substance use disorder prevention services for children and adolescents.
- (B) Communities with high per capita numbers of children and adolescents who are