- (11)¹ Such other officers of the Department of Defense as the Secretary may designate.
- (c) CO-CHAIR.—The Council shall be co-chaired by the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, and the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.
- (d) RESPONSIBILITIES.—(1) The Council shall be responsible for oversight of the Department of Defense positioning, navigation, and timing enterprise, including positioning, navigation, and timing services provided to civil, commercial, scientific, and international users.
- (2) In carrying out the responsibility for oversight of the Department of Defense positioning, navigation, and timing enterprise as specified in paragraph (1), the Council shall be responsible for the following:
 - (A) Oversight of performance assessments (including interoperability).
 - (B) Vulnerability identification and mitigation.
 - (C) Architecture development.
 - (D) Resource prioritization.
 - (E) Such other responsibilities as the Secretary of Defense shall specify for purposes of this section.
- (e) ANNUAL REPORTS.—At the same time each year that the budget of the President is submitted to Congress under section 1105(a) of title 31, the Council shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the activities of the Council. Each report shall include the following:
 - (1) A description and assessment of the activities of the Council during the previous fiscal year.
 - (2) A description of the activities proposed to be undertaken by the Council during the period covered by the current future-years defense program under section 221 of this title.
 - (3) Any changes to the requirements of the Department of Defense positioning, navigation, and timing enterprise made during the previous year, along with an explanation for why the changes were made and a description of the effects of the changes to the capability of such enterprise.
 - (4) A breakdown of each program element in such budget that relates to the Department of Defense positioning, navigation, and timing enterprise, including how such program element relates to the operation and sustainment, research and development, procurement, or other activity of such enterprise.
- (f) BUDGET AND FUNDING MATTERS.—(1) Not later than 30 days after the President submits to Congress the budget for a fiscal year under section 1105(a) of title 31, the Commander of the United States Space Command shall submit to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff an assessment of—
 - (A) whether such budget allows the Federal Government to meet the required capabilities of the Department of Defense positioning, navigation, and timing enterprise during the fiscal year covered by the budget and the four subsequent fiscal years; and
 - (B) If the Commander determines that such budget does not allow the Federal Government

- to meet such required capabilities, a description of the steps being taken to meet such required capabilities.
- (2) Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff receives the assessment of the Commander of the United States Space Command under paragraph (1), the Chairman shall submit to the congressional defense committees—
 - (A) such assessment as it was submitted to the Chairman; and
 - (B) any comments of the Chairman.
- (3) If a House of Congress adopts a bill authorizing or appropriating funds for the activities of the Department of Defense positioning, navigation, and timing enterprise that, as determined by the Council, provides insufficient funds for such activities for the period covered by such bill, the Council shall notify the congressional defense committees of the determination.
- (g) NOTIFICATION OF ANOMALIES.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees written notification of an anomaly in the Department of Defense positioning, navigation, and timing enterprise that is reported to the Secretary or the Council by not later than 14 days after the date on which the Secretary or the Council learns of such anomaly, as the case may be.
- (2) In this subsection, the term "anomaly" means any unplanned, irregular, or abnormal event, whether unexplained or caused intentionally or unintentionally by a person or a system.
- (h) TERMINATION.—The Council shall terminate on the date that is 10 years after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016.
- (Added Pub. L. 114–92, div. A, title XVI, §1603(a), Nov. 25, 2015, 129 Stat. 1096; amended Pub. L. 116–92, div. A, title IX, §902(31), Dec. 20, 2019, 133 Stat. 1546; Pub. L. 116–283, div. A, title XVI, §1604(b), Jan. 1, 2021, 134 Stat. 4043.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016, referred to in subsec. (h), is the date of enactment of Pub. L. 114–92, which was approved Nov. 25, 2015.

AMENDMENTS

2021—Subsec. (b)(7) to (11). Pub. L. 116–283, §1604(b)(1), added par. (7) and redesignated former pars. (7) to (10) as (8) to (11) (relating to the Secretaries of the military departments) respectively

departments), respectively. Subsec. (f)(1), (2). Pub. L. 116–283, §1604(b)(2), substituted "Space Command" for "Strategic Command" in introductory provisions.

2019—Subsec. (b)(2) to (11). Pub. L. 116–92, §902(31)(A), added pars. (2) and (3), redesignated former pars. (3) to (10) as (4) to (11), respectively, and struck out former par. (2) which read as follows: "The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics."

Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics." Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 116-92, §902(31)(B), substituted "the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment," for "the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics".

[§ 2279c. Renumbered § 9081]

PRIOR PROVISIONS

A prior section 2279c was renumbered section 2279d of this title.

§ 2279d. Limitation on construction on United States territory of satellite positioning ground monitoring stations of certain foreign governments

(a) LIMITATION.—

(1) CERTIFICATION.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The President may not authorize or permit the construction of a global navigation satellite system ground monitoring station directly or indirectly controlled by a foreign government (including a ground monitoring station owned, operated, or controlled on behalf of a foreign government) in the territory of the United States unless the Secretary of Defense and the Director of National Intelligence jointly certify to the appropriate congressional committees that such ground monitoring station will not possess the capability or potential to be used for the purpose of gathering intelligence in the United States or improving any foreign weapon system.
- (B) FORM.—Each certification under subparagraph (A) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- (2) NATIONAL SECURITY WAIVER.—The Secretary of Defense and the Director of National Intelligence may jointly waive the certification requirement in paragraph (1) for a ground monitoring station if—
- (A) the Secretary and the Director jointly determine that the waiver is in the vital interests of the national security of the United States: and
- (B) the Secretary and the Director ensure that—
 - (i) all data collected or transmitted from ground monitoring stations covered by the waiver are not encrypted;
 - (ii) all persons involved in the construction, operation, and maintenance of such ground monitoring stations are United States persons;
 - (iii) such ground monitoring stations are not located in geographic proximity to sensitive United States national security sites:
 - (iv) the United States approves all equipment to be located at such ground monitoring stations;
 - (v) appropriate actions are taken to ensure that any such ground monitoring stations do not pose a cyber espionage or other threat, including intelligence or counterintelligence, to the national security of the United States; and
 - (vi) any improvements to such ground monitoring stations do not reduce or compete with the advantages of Global Positioning System technology for users.
- (3) WAIVER REPORT.—For each waiver under paragraph (2), the Secretary of Defense and the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall jointly submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report containing—
 - (A) the reason why it is not possible to provide the certification under paragraph (1) for the ground monitoring stations covered by such waiver;

- (B) an assessment of the impact of the exercise of authority under paragraph (2) with respect to such ground monitoring stations on the national security of the United States:
- (C) a description of the means to be used to mitigate any such impact to the United States for the duration that such ground monitoring stations are operated in the territory of the United States; and
- (D) any other information in connection with the waiver that the Secretary of Defense and the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Secretary of State, consider appropriate.
- (4) Notice.—Not later than 30 days before the exercise of the authority to waive under paragraph (2) the certification requirement under paragraph (1) for a ground monitoring station, the Secretary of Defense and the Director of National Intelligence shall jointly provide to the appropriate congressional committees notice of the exercise of such authority and the report required under paragraph (3) with respect to such ground monitoring station
- (5) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Foreign Relations, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committee on Armed Services, the committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.
- (b) EXCEPTION.—The limitation in subsection (a) shall not apply to foreign governments that are allies of the United States.
- (c) SUNSET.—The limitation in subsection (a) shall terminate on December 31, 2023.

(Added and amended Pub. L. 115–91, div. A, title XVI, §1602, Dec. 12, 2017, 131 Stat. 1721, §2279c; renumbered §2279d, Pub. L. 115–232, div. A, title X, §1081(a)(18)(A), Aug. 13, 2018, 132 Stat. 1984; Pub. L. 116–92, div. A, title XVII, §1731(a)(35), Dec. 20, 2019, 133 Stat. 1814.)

CODIFICATION

Section 1602(b) of Pub. L. 113-66, formerly set out as a note under section 2281 of this title, which was transferred to and inserted as the first subsection of this section, redesignated as subsec. (a), and amended by Pub. L. 115-91, §1602(b), was based on Pub. L. 113-66, div. A, title XVI, §1602(b), Dec. 26, 2013, 127 Stat. 943.

AMENDMENTS

 $2019\mathrm{--Pub.}$ L. $116\mathrm{--92}$ struck out period at end of section catchline.

2018—Pub. L. 115–232 renumbered section 2279c of this title as this section.
2017—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 115–91, \$1602(b), transferred

2017—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 113-91, §1602(b), transferred section 1602(b) of Pub. L. 113-66 to this section, inserted it as the first subsection of this section, designated it as subsec. (a), substituted "Limitation" for "Limitation on Construction on United States Territory of Satellite Positioning Ground Monitoring Stations of Foreign Governments" in heading, and struck out par. (6). Prior to amendment, text of par. (6) read as follows: "Effective on the date that is five years after the date of the enactment of this Act, paragraphs (1) through (5) are repealed." See Codification note above.