

## HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES—CONTINUED

<i>Revised Section</i>	<i>Source (U.S. Code)</i>	<i>Source (Statutes at Large)</i>
1865(b) .....	16 U.S.C. 1912(d)	Pub. L. 94-429, §13(d), Sept. 28, 1976, 90 Stat. 1345.
1865(c) .....	16 U.S.C. 413	Mar. 3, 1897, ch. 372, §§1, 2, 5, 29 Stat. 621, 622.
1865(d) .....	16 U.S.C. 414.	

In subsection (a), the words “fined under this title” are substituted for “punished by a fine of not more than \$500” for consistency with chapter 227.

In subsection (b), the words “fined under this title” are substituted for “fined not more than \$2,500” for consistency with chapter 227.

In subsection (c), the words “fined under this title but not less than \$10” are substituted for “deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than \$10 nor more than \$1,000” for consistency with chapter 227.

In subsection (d), the words “fined under this title” are substituted for “guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not more than \$1,000” for consistency with chapter 227.

### § 1866. Historic, archeologic, or prehistoric items and antiquities

(a) VIOLATION OF REGULATIONS AUTHORIZED BY CHAPTER 3201 OF TITLE 54.—A person that violates any of the regulations authorized by chapter 3201 of title 54 shall be fined under this title and be adjudged to pay all cost of the proceedings.

(b) APPROPRIATION OF, INJURY TO, OR DESTRUCTION OF HISTORIC OR PREHISTORIC RUIN OR MONUMENT OR OBJECT OF ANTIQUITY.—A person that appropriates, excavates, injures, or destroys any historic or prehistoric ruin or monument or any other object of antiquity that is situated on land owned or controlled by the Federal Government without the permission of the head of the Federal agency having jurisdiction over the land on which the object is situated, shall be imprisoned not more than 90 days, fined under this title, or both.

(Added Pub. L. 113-287, §4(a)(1), Dec. 19, 2014, 128 Stat. 3261.)

## HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

<i>Revised Section</i>	<i>Source (U.S. Code)</i>	<i>Source (Statutes at Large)</i>
1866(a) .....	16 U.S.C. 462(k) (last sentence)	Aug. 21, 1935, ch. 593, §2(k) (last sentence), 49 Stat. 667.
1866(b) .....	16 U.S.C. 433	June 8, 1906, ch. 3060, §1, 34 Stat. 225.

In subsection (a), the provision is transferred to title 18 to make clear that it is a criminal penalty. The words “fined under this title” are substituted for “punished by a fine of not more than \$500” for consistency with chapter 227.

In subsection (b), the words “fined under this title” are substituted for “fined in a sum of not more than \$500” for consistency with chapter 227.

### CHAPTER 93—PUBLIC OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

Sec. 1901.	Collecting or disbursing officer trading in public property.
1902.	Disclosure of crop information and speculation thereon.
1903.	Speculation in stocks or commodities affecting crop insurance.

Sec. [1904. 1905.	Repealed.] Disclosure of confidential information generally.
1906.	Disclosure of information from a bank examination report.
1907.	Disclosure of information by farm credit examiner.
[1908. 1909. 1910.	Repealed.] Examiner performing other services. Nepotism in appointment of receiver or trustee.
1911. 1912. 1913.	Receiver mismanaging property. Unauthorized fees for inspection of vessels. Lobbying with appropriated moneys.
[1914. 1915. 1916.	Repealed.] Compromise of customs liabilities. Unauthorized employment and disposition of lapsed appropriations.
1917. 1918.	Interference with civil service examinations. Disloyalty and asserting the right to strike against the Government.
1919. 1920.	False statement to obtain unemployment compensation for Federal service. False statement or fraud to obtain Federal employees' compensation.
[1921. 1922.	Repealed.] False or withheld report concerning Federal employees' compensation.
1923. 1924.	Fraudulent receipt of payments of missing persons. Unauthorized removal and retention of classified documents or material.

## Editorial Notes

## AMENDMENTS

2020—Pub. L. 116-260, div. O, title X, §1003(e), Dec. 27, 2020, 134 Stat. 2156, struck out item 1921 “Receiving Federal employees' compensation after marriage”.

1996—Pub. L. 104-294, title VI, §604(b)(44), Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3509, substituted “employees'” for “employee's” in item 1920.

1994—Pub. L. 103-359, title VIII, §808(b), Oct. 14, 1994, 108 Stat. 3454, added item 1924.

Pub. L. 103-333, title I, §101(b)(2), Sept. 30, 1994, 108 Stat. 2548, substituted “or fraud to obtain Federal employee's compensation” for “to obtain Federal employees' compensation” in item 1920.

Pub. L. 103-322, title XXXIII, §330004(11), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 2141, struck out items 1904 “Disclosure of information or speculation in securities affecting Reconstruction Finance Corporation” and 1908 “Disclosure of information by National Agricultural Credit Corporation examiner”.

1990—Pub. L. 101-647, title XXXV, §3556, Nov. 29, 1990, 104 Stat. 4927, substituted “from a bank examination report” for “by bank examiner” in item 1906 and struck out item 1914 “Salary of Government officials and employees payable only by United States”.

1966—Pub. L. 89-554, §3(c), Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 608, added items 1916 to 1923.

### § 1901. Collecting or disbursing officer trading in public property

Whoever, being an officer of the United States concerned in the collection or the disbursement of the revenues thereof, carries on any trade or business in the funds or debts of the United States, or of any State, or in any public property of either, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than one year, or both; and shall be removed from office, and be incapable of holding any office under the United States.

(June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 790; Pub. L. 103-322, title XXXIII, §330016(1)(J), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 2147.)