which would justify a reward by the Attorney General under this chapter or by the Secretary of State under section 36 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 may, in the discretion of the Attorney General, participate in the Attorney General's witness security program authorized under chapter 224 of this title.

(Added Pub. L. 98-533, title I, §101(a), Oct. 19, 1984, 98 Stat. 2707; amended Pub. L. 99-646, §45, Nov. 10, 1986, 100 Stat. 3601.)

Editorial Notes

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 36 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956, referred to in text, is classified to section 2708 of Title 22, Foreign Relations and Intercourse.

AMENDMENTS

 $1986\mathrm{-Pub}.$ L. $99\mathrm{-}646$ substituted "chapter 224 of this title" for "title V of the Organized Crime Control Act of 1970".

§ 3077. Definitions

As used in this chapter, the term—

- (1) "act of terrorism" means an act of domestic or international terrorism as defined in section 2331:
 - (2) "United States person" means-
 - (A) a national of the United States as defined in section 101(a)(22) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(22));
 - (B) an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States as defined in section 101(a)(20) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(20));
 - (C) any person within the United States;
 - (D) any employee or contractor of the United States Government, regardless of nationality, who is the victim or intended victim of an act of terrorism by virtue of that employment;
 - (E) a sole proprietorship, partnership, company, or association composed principally of nationals or permanent resident aliens of the United States; and
 - (F) a corporation organized under the laws of the United States, any State, the District of Columbia, or any territory or possession of the United States, and a foreign subsidiary of such corporation;
- (3) "United States property" means any real or personal property which is within the United States or, if outside the United States, the actual or beneficial ownership of which rests in a United States person or any Federal or State governmental entity of the United States:
- (4) "United States", when used in a geographical sense, includes Puerto Rico and all territories and possessions of the United States.
- (5) "State" includes any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and any other possession or territory of the United States;
- (6) "government entity" includes the Government of the United States, any State or political subdivision thereof, any foreign country, and any state, provincial, municipal, or

- other political subdivision of a foreign country:
- (7) "Attorney General" means the Attorney General of the United States or that official designated by the Attorney General to perform the Attorney General's responsibilities under this chapter; and
- (8) "act of espionage" means an activity that is a violation of—
 - (A) section 793, 794, or 798 of this title; or (B) section 4 of the Subversive Activities Control Act of 1950.

(Added Pub. L. 98-533, title I, \$101(a), Oct. 19, 1984, 98 Stat. 2707; amended Pub. L. 100-690, title VII, \$7051, Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4401; Pub. L. 101-647, title XXXV, \$3572, Nov. 29, 1990, 104 Stat. 4929; Pub. L. 103-322, title XXXIII, \$330021(1), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 2150; Pub. L. 103-359, title VIII, \$803(b), Oct. 14, 1994, 108 Stat. 3439; Pub. L. 104-294, title VI, \$605(g), Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3510; Pub. L. 107-56, title VIII, \$802(b), Oct. 26, 2001, 115 Stat. 376.)

Editorial Notes

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 4 of the Subversive Activities Control Act of 1950, referred to in par. (8)(B), is classified to section 783 of Title 50, War and National Defense.

AMENDMENTS

2001—Par. (1). Pub. L. 107–56 amended par. (1) generally. Prior to amendment, par. (1) read as follows: "'act of terrorism' means an activity that—

"(A) involves a violent act or an act dangerous to human life that is a violation of the criminal laws of the United States or of any State, or that would be a criminal violation if committed within the jurisdiction of the United States or of any State; and

"(B) appears to be intended—

"(i) to intimidate or coerce a civilian population; "(ii) to influence the policy of a government by intimidation or coercion; or

"(iii) to affect the conduct of a government by assassination or kidnapping;".

1996—Par. (8)(A). Pub. L. 104-294 substituted "this title" for "title 18, United States Code".

1994—Par. (1)(B)(iii). Pub. L. 103–322 substituted "kidnapping" for "kidnaping".

Par. (8). Pub. L. 103-359 added par. (8).

1990—Pub. L. 101–647 substituted a semicolon for a period at end of pars. (1) to (3), moved the comma from before the close quotation mark to after that mark in par. (4), substituted a semicolon for a period at end of par. (5), and substituted "; and" for period at end of par. (6).

1988—Par. (4). Pub. L. 100–690 amended par. (4) generally. Prior to amendment, par. (4) read as follows: "'United States'—

``(A) when used in a geographical sense, includes Puerto Rico and all territories and possessions of the United States; and

"(B) when used in the context of section 3073 shall have the meaning given to it in the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.)."

CHAPTER 205—SEARCHES AND SEIZURES

3101. Effect of rules of court—Rule. 3102. Authority to issue search warrant—Rule.

3103. Grounds for issuing search warrant—Rule. 3103a. Additional grounds for issuing warrant.

3104. Issuance of search warrant; contents—Rule. 3105. Persons authorized to serve search warrant.

3106. Officer authorized to serve search warrant—

Sec.