uals from the Civil Rights movement so future generations will be able to learn of their struggle and sacrifice through primary-source, eyewitness material. A coordinated Federal project would also focus attention on the efforts undertaken by various public and private entities to collect and interpret articles in all formats relating to the Civil Rights movement, and serve as a model for future projects undertaken in museums, libraries, and universities throughout the Nation.

(6) The Library of Congress and the Smithsonian Institution are appropriate repositories to collect, preserve, and make available to the public a collection of these oral histories. The Library and Smithsonian have expertise in the management of documentation projects, and experience in the development of cultural and educational programs for the public.

(b) Purpose

It is the purpose of this subchapter to create a new federally sponsored, authorized, and funded project that will coordinate at a national level the collection of video and audio recordings of personal histories and testimonials of individuals who participated in the American Civil Rights movement that will build upon and complement previous and ongoing documentary work on this subject, and to assist and encourage local efforts to preserve the memories of such individuals so that Americans of all current and future generations may hear from them directly and better appreciate the sacrifices they made.

(Pub. L. 111–19, §2, May 12, 2009, 123 Stat. 1612.) SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 111-19, §1, May 12, 2009, 123 Stat. 1612, provided that: "This Act [enacting this subchapter] may be cited as the 'Civil Rights History Project Act of 2009'."

§ 80s-1. Establishment of joint project at Library of Congress and National Museum of African American History and Culture to collect video and audio recordings of histories of participants in American Civil Rights movement

(a) Establishment of project

(1) In general

Within the limits of available funds, the Librarian of Congress (hereafter referred to as the "Librarian") and the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution (hereafter referred to as the "Secretary)", 1 acting jointly, shall establish an oral history project—

- (A) to survey, during the initial phase of the project, collections of audio and video recordings of the reminiscences of participants in the Civil Rights movement that are housed in archives, libraries, museums, and other educational institutions, as well as ongoing documentary work, in order to augment and complement these endeavors and avoid duplication of effort:
 - (B) to solicit, reproduce, and collect—
 - (i) video and audio recordings of personal histories and testimonials of individuals

- who participated in the Civil Rights movement, and
- (ii) visual and written materials (such as letters, diaries, photographs, and ephemera) relevant to the personal histories of individuals:
- (C) to create a collection of the recordings and other materials obtained, and to catalog and index the collection in a manner the Librarian and the Secretary consider appropriate; and
- (D) to make the collection available for public use through the Library of Congress and the National Museum of African American History and Culture, as well as through such other methods as the Librarian and the Secretary consider appropriate.

(2) Role of Director of museum

The Secretary shall carry out the Secretary's duties under this subchapter through the Director of the National Museum of African American History and Culture.

(b) Use of and consultation with other entities

The Librarian and the Secretary may carry out the activities described in subsection (a)(1) through agreements and partnerships entered into with other government and private entities, and may otherwise consult with interested persons (within the limits of available resources) and develop appropriate guidelines and arrangements for soliciting, acquiring, and making available recordings under the project under this subchapter.

(c) Services of experts and consultants; acceptance of volunteer services; advance payments

In carrying out activities described in subsection (a)(1), the Librarian and the Secretary may—

- (1) procure temporary and intermittent services under section 3109 of title 5;
- (2) accept and utilize the services of volunteers and other uncompensated personnel and reimburse them for travel expenses, including per diem, as authorized under section 5703 of title 5; and
- (3) make advances of money and payments in advance in accordance with section 3324 of title 31.

(d) Timing

As soon as practicable after May 12, 2009, the Librarian and the Secretary shall begin collecting video and audio recordings and other materials under subsection (a)(1), and shall attempt to collect the first such recordings from the oldest individuals involved.

(e) Definition

In this subchapter, the term "Civil Rights movement" means the movement to secure racial equality in the United States for African Americans that, focusing on the period 1954 through 1968, challenged the practice of racial segregation in the Nation and achieved equal rights legislation for all American citizens.

(Pub. L. 111-19, §3, May 12, 2009, 123 Stat. 1613.)

¹So in original. The closing quotation marks probably should precede the closing parenthesis.

§ 80s-2. Private support for civil rights history project

(a) Encouraging solicitation and acceptance of donations

The Librarian of Congress and the Secretary are encouraged to solicit and accept donations of funds and in-kind contributions to support activities under section 80s-1 of this title.

(b) Dedication of funds provided to Library of Congress

Notwithstanding any other provision of law—
(1) any funds donated to the Librarian of Congress to support the activities of the Librarian under section 80s-1 of this title shall be deposited entirely into an account established for such purpose;

(2) the funds contained in such account shall be used solely to support such activities; and

(3) the Librarian of Congress may not deposit into such account any funds donated to the Librarian which are not donated for the exclusive purpose of supporting such activities.

(Pub. L. 111-19, §4, May 12, 2009, 123 Stat. 1614.)

§80s-3. Authorization of appropriations

There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subchapter—

- (1) \$500,000 for fiscal year 2010; and
- (2) such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2011 through 2014.

(Pub. L. 111-19, §5, May 12, 2009, 123 Stat. 1615.)

SUBCHAPTER XVI—WOMEN'S HISTORY MUSEUM

§80t. Findings

Congress finds the following:

- (1) Since its founding, the United States has greatly benefitted from the contributions of women
- (2) Historical accounts, monuments, memorials, and museums disproportionately represent men's achievements and contributions and often neglect those of women. For example—
 - (A) a study of 18 United States history textbooks concluded that 10 percent of the material documented contributions of women:
 - (B) 9 statues out of 91 in the United States Capitol's National Statuary Hall depict women; and
 - (C) only one of the 44 monuments operated by the National Park Service specifically honors the achievements of women after the 2016 designation of the Belmont-Paul Women's Equality National Monument.
- (3) There exists no national museum in the United States that is devoted to the documentation of women's contributions throughout the Nation's history.
- (4) On December 19, 2014, Congress created a Congressional Commission to study the potential for an American museum of women's history. The bipartisan Commission unanimously concluded that the United States needs and deserves a physical national museum dedi-

cated to showcasing the historical experiences and impact of women in the United States.

- (5) A comprehensive women's history museum would document the full spectrum of the experiences of women in the United States, represent a diverse range of viewpoints, experiences, and backgrounds, more accurately depict the history of the United States, and add value to the Smithsonian Institution.
- (6) The collections, exhibits, historical narrative materials, and museum programming of the women's history museum should be inclusive, comprehensive, and innovative. Such collections, exhibits, materials, and programming should present the diverse range of experiences and viewpoints of all women in the United States, reflecting upon the things that set women apart from one another while also highlighting the experiences that many of these women share.

(Pub. L. 116–260, div. T, title I, §102, Dec. 27, 2020, 134 Stat. 2272.)

SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 116–260, div. T, title I, §101, Dec. 27, 2020, 134 Stat. 2272, provided that: "This title [enacting this subchapter] may be cited as the 'Smithsonian American Women's History Museum Act'."

§80t-1. Establishment of Museum

(a) Establishment

There is established within the Smithsonian Institution a comprehensive women's history museum, to be named by the Board of Regents in consultation with the council established under section 80t-2 of this title (referred to in this subchapter 1 as the "Museum").

(b) Purpose

The purpose of the Museum established under this section shall be to provide for—

- (1) the collection and study of, and the establishment of programs relating to, women's contributions to various fields and throughout different periods of history that have influenced the direction of the United States;
- (2) collaboration with other Smithsonian Institution museums and facilities, outside museums, and educational institutions; and
- (3) the creation of exhibitions and programs that recognize diverse perspectives on women's history and contributions.

(Pub. L. 116-260, div. T, title I, §103, Dec. 27, 2020, 134 Stat. 2273.)

References in Text

This subchapter, referred to in subsec. (a), was in the original "this Act", and was translated as reading "this title", meaning title I of div. T of Pub. L. 116–260, known as the Smithsonian American Women's History Museum Act, which is classified to this subchapter, to reflect the probable intent of Congress.

§80t-2. Council

(a) Establishment

There is established within the Smithsonian Institution a council to carry out the duties set forth under subsection (b) and other provisions

¹ See References in Text note below.