Editorial Notes

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Mutual Security Act of 1954, referred to in text, is act Aug. 26, 1954, ch. 937, 68 Stat. 832, as amended by acts July 8, 1955, ch. 301, 69 Stat. 283; July 18, 1956, ch. 627, §§2 to 11, 70 Stat. 555; Aug. 14, 1957, Pub. L. 85–141, 71 Stat. 355; June 30, 1958, Pub. L. 85–477, ch. 1, §§101 to 103, ch. II, §\$201 to 205, ch. III, §301, ch. IV, §401, ch. V, §501, 72 Stat. 261; July 24, 1959, Pub. L. 86–108, §2, ch. 1, §101, ch. II, §\$201 to 205(a) to (i), (k) to (n), ch. III, §301, ch. IV, §401(a) to (k), (m), 73 Stat. 246; May 14, 1960, Pub. L. 86-472, ch. I to V, 74 Stat. 134, which was principally classified to chapter 24 (§1750 et seq.) of this title and which was repealed by act July 18, 1956, ch. 627, §8(m), 70 Stat. 559, Pub. L. 85–141, §§2(e), 3, 4(b), 11(d), Aug. 14, 1957, 71 Stat. 356, Pub. L. 86–108, ch. II, $\$ 205(j), ch. IV, 401(1), July 24, 1959, 73 Stat. 250, Pub. L. 86-472, ch. II, §§ 203(d), 204(k), May 14, 1960, 74 Stat. 138, Pub. L. 87–195, pt. III, §642(a)(2), Sept. 4, 1961, 75 Stat. 460, Pub. L. 94-329, title II, §212(b)(1), June 30, 1976, 90 Stat. 745, Pub. L. 104–127, title II, §228, Apr. 4, 1996, 110 Stat. 963, except for sections 1754, 1783, 1796, 1853, 1928, and 1937 of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1754 of this title and Tables.

CODIFICATION

This section was not enacted as part of the Mutual Security Act of 1954 which comprises this chapter.

Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

REPEALS

Section 706 of Pub. L. 87–195, cited as a credit to this section was repealed by section 401 of Pub. L. 87–565, pt. IV, Aug. 1, 1962, 76 Stat. 263, except insofar as section 706 affected this section.

Executive Documents

DELEGATION OF FUNCTIONS

For delegation of certain functions of President under this section, see Memorandum of President of the United States, May 30, 2001, 66 F.R. 30629, set out as a note under section 1942 of this title.

SUBCHAPTER IV—CONTINGENCY FUND

§ 1951. Repealed

Subsecs. (a) and (b), acts Aug. 26, 1954, ch. 937, ch. III, $\S451(a)$, (b), 68 Stat. 843; July 8, 1955, ch. 301, $\S8(a)$, 69 Stat. 286; July 18, 1956, ch. 627, $\S8(a)$, 70 Stat. 557; Aug. 14, 1957, Pub. L. 85–141, $\S8(b)$, 71 Stat. 360; June 30, 1958, Pub. L. 85–477, ch. III, $\S301$, ch. V, $\S501(12)(B)$, 72 Stat. 268, 271; July 24, 1959, Pub. L. 86–108, ch. III, $\S301$, 73 Stat. 252; May 14, 1960, Pub. L. 86–472, ch. III, $\S301$, 74 Stat. 138, which related to the creation of the President's special authority and contingency fund authorized appropriations, were repealed by Pub. L. 87–195, pt. III, $\S642(a)(2)$, Sept. 4, 1961, 75 Stat. 460. See section 2261 of this title.

Subsec. (c), acts Aug. 26, 1954, ch. 937, ch. III, §451(c), 68 Stat. 843; July 8, 1955, ch. 301, §8(a), 69 Stat. 286; July 18, 1956, ch. 627, §8(a), 70 Stat. 557; Aug. 14, 1957, Pub. L. 85–141, §8(b), 71 Stat. 360; June 30, 1958, Pub. L. 85–477, ch. III, §301, ch. V, §501(12)(B), 72 Stat. 268, 271; July 24, 1959, Pub. L. 86–108, ch. III, §301, 73 Stat. 252; May 14, 1960, Pub. L. 86–472, ch. III, §301, 74 Stat. 138, related to declaration of purpose and use of funds in connection with right of self-determination for people subject to captivity of Communist despotism, and was repealed by Pub. L. 87–510, §6. June 28, 1962, 76 Stat. 124.

CHAPTER 24A—MIDDLE EAST PEACE AND STABILITY

Sec. 1961

Economic assistance.

Sec.

1962. Military assistance; use of armed forces.

United Nations Emergency Force.

1964. Report to Congress.

1965. Expiration.

§ 1961. Economic assistance

The President is authorized to cooperate with and assist any nation or group of nations in the general area of the Middle East desiring such assistance in the development of economic strength dedicated to the maintenance of national independence.

(Pub. L. 85-7, §1, Mar. 9, 1957, 71 Stat. 5.)

Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

APPROPRIATIONS, FISCAL YEAR 1957; RESTRICTION; REPORT TO CONGRESS

Pub. L. 85–7, §3, Mar. 9, 1957, 71 Stat. 5, authorized President to use, for balance of fiscal year 1957, funds not to exceed \$200,000,000 for military and economic assistance for Middle East from appropriations available under Mutual Security Act of 1954, restricted availability of funds for military assistance to funds appropriated for military assistance to funds appropriated for other than military assistance, and required that funds not be available until 15 days after reports on proposed use of funds be supplied to appropriate Congressional committees.

§ 1962. Military assistance; use of armed forces

The President is authorized to undertake, in the general area of the Middle East, military assistance programs with any nation or group of nations of that area desiring such assistance. Furthermore, the United States regards as vital to the national interest and world peace the preservation of the independence and integrity of the nations of the Middle East. To this end, if the President determines the necessity thereof, the United States is prepared to use armed forces to assist any such nation or group of such nations requesting assistance against armed aggression from any country controlled by international communism: Provided, That such employment shall be consonant with the treaty obligations of the United States and with the Constitution of the United States.

(Pub. L. 85-7, §2, Mar. 9, 1957, 71 Stat. 5.)

§ 1963. United Nations Emergency Force

The President should continue to furnish facilities and military assistance, within the provisions of applicable law and established policies, to the United Nations Emergency Force in the Middle East, with a view to maintaining the truce in that region.

(Pub. L. 85-7, §4, Mar. 9, 1957, 71 Stat. 6.)

§ 1964. Report to Congress

The President shall whenever appropriate report to the Congress his action hereunder.

(Pub. L. 85-7, §5, Mar. 9, 1957, 71 Stat. 6; Pub. L. 87-195, pt. IV, §705, Sept. 4, 1961, 75 Stat. 463.)

Editorial Notes

AMENDMENTS

1961—Pub. L. 87-195 substituted "whenever appropriate" for "within the months of January and July of each year".

Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

REPEALS

Section 705 of Pub. L. 87-195, cited as a credit to this section, was repealed by section 401 of Pub. L. 87-565, pt. IV, Aug. 1, 1962, 76 Stat. 263, except insofar as section 705 affected this section.

§ 1965. Expiration

This chapter shall expire when the President shall determine that the peace and security of the nations in the general area of the Middle East are reasonably assured by international conditions created by action of the United Nations or otherwise except that it may be terminated earlier by a concurrent resolution of the two Houses of Congress.

(Pub. L. 85-7, §6, Mar. 9, 1957, 71 Stat. 6.)

CHAPTER 25—PROTECTION OF VESSELS ON THE HIGH SEAS AND IN TERRITORIAL WA-

TERS OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES Sec. 1971. "Vessel of the United States" defined. Action by Secretary of State upon seizure of 1972. vessel by foreign country; preconditions. Reimbursement of owner for any direct 1973. charges paid to secure release of vessel and Inapplicability of chapter to certain seizures. 1974. Claims for amounts expended because of sei-1975. 1976. Authorization of appropriations. Reimbursement for seized commercial fisher-1977. 1978.

Restriction on importation of fishery or wildlife products from countries which violate international fishery or endangered or threatened species programs.

1979. Fishermen's Protective Fund.

Compensation for loss or destruction of com-1980. mercial fishing vessel or gear.

1980a. Reimbursement of owner for fee paid to navigate foreign waters if fee inconsistent with international law.

1980b. Sanctions for imposition of conditions on U.S. fishing vessel found inconsistent with international law.

Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

STATEMENT OF POLICY AND SENSE OF CONGRESS ON, AND STRATEGY TO FULFILL OBLIGATIONS UNDER, MU-TUAL DEFENSE TREATY WITH THE REPUBLIC OF THE **PHILIPPINES**

Pub. L. 116-92, div. A, title XII, §1258, Dec. 20, 2019, 133 Stat. 1674, provided that:

'(a) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States that-

'(1) while the United States has long adopted an approach that takes no position on the ultimate disposition of the disputed sovereignty claims in the South China Sea, disputing states should-

'(A) resolve their disputes peacefully without the threat or use of force; and

"(B) ensure that their maritime claims are consistent with international law; and "(2) an armed attack on the armed forces, public

vessels, or aircraft of the Republic of the Philippines in the Pacific, including the South China Sea, would trigger the mutual defense obligations of the United States under Article IV of the Mutual Defense Treaty 'to meet common dangers in accordance with its constitutional processes'.

'(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense should-

"(1) affirm the commitment of the United States to the Mutual Defense Treaty;

"(2) preserve and strengthen the military alliance of the United States with the Republic of the Philippines;

'(3) prioritize efforts to develop a shared understanding of alliance commitments and defense planning: and

'(4) provide appropriate support to the Republic of the Philippines to strengthen the self-defense capabilities of the Republic of the Philippines, particularly in the maritime domain. "(c) STRATEGY REQUIRED.

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act [Dec. 20, 2019], the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that sets forth the strategy of the Department of Defense for achieving the objectives described in subsection (b). "(2) ELEMENTS OF STRATEGY.—The strategy required

by paragraph (1) shall include the following:

'(A) A description of the national security inter-

ests and objectives of the United States furthered by the Mutual Defense Treaty.
"(B) A description of the regional security envi-

ronment, including-

"(i) an assessment of threats to both the United States and the Republic of the Philippines national security interests in the region and the role of the Department in addressing such threats:

"(ii) a description of the strategic security challenges that are detrimental to regional peace and global stability, including challenges posed by the People's Republic of China, violent extremist organizations, and natural disasters; and

(iii) a description of each violent extremist organization that presents a threat to the Republic of the Philippines, including, with respect to each such organization-

"(I) the primary objectives of the organization;

"(II) an assessment of—

"(aa) the capacity and capability of the organization;

"(bb) the transnational threat posed by the organization;

"(cc) recent trends in the capability and influence of the organization;

"(dd) the potential for the organization to reconstitute, expand, or otherwise pose a significant transnational threat; and

"(ee) the conditions that contribute to efforts of the organization to reconstitute, expand, or pose such a threat; and

(III) a description of the metrics used to assess the capability and influence of the organi-

"(C) A description of Department objectives with the Republic of the Philippines, including-

'(i) the benchmarks for assessing progress towards such objectives; and

'(ii) the Department strategy to achieve such objectives, including through-

"(I) defense cooperation;

"(II) use of security cooperation authorities; and

"(III) other support or activities in the Republic of the Philippines.

"(D) An identification of all current and planned Department resources, programs, and activities to support the strategy required by paragraph (1), including a review of the necessity of an ongoing named operation and the criteria used to determine such necessity.

"(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term 'appropriate committees of Congress' means-

'(A) the congressional defense committees [Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives]; and