such materials in areas of substantial unemployment, as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with such appropriate regulations as he may establish and during such period as the President may determine that it is in the national interest to provide to such areas preference in the award of Government contracts: *Provided*, that nothing in this section shall prevent the rejection of a bid or offered price which is excessive; or

(d) To reject any bid or offer for materials of foreign origin if such rejection is necessary to protect essential national-security interests after receiving advice with respect thereto from the President or from the Director [now Administrator] of the Federal Emergency Management Agency. In providing this advice the Director [Administrator] shall be governed by the principle that exceptions under this section shall be made only upon a clear showing that the payment of a greater differential than the procedures of this section generally prescribe is justified by consideration of national security.

SEC. 4. The head of each executive agency shall issue such regulations as may be necessary to insure that procurement practices under his jurisdiction conform to the provisions of this order.

SEC. 5. This order shall apply only to contracts entered into after the date hereof. In any case in which the head of an executive agency proposing to purchase domestic materials determines that a greater differential than that provided in this order between the cost of such materials of domestic origin and materials of foreign origin is not unreasonable or that the purchase of materials of domestic origin is not inconsistent with the public interest, this order shall not apply. A written report of the facts of each case in which such a determination is made shall be submitted to the President through the Director of the Office of Management and Budget by the official making the determination within 30 days thereafter.

[Ex. Ord. No. 10582, set out above, superseded to the extent that it is inconsistent with Ex. Ord. No. 13881, and section 2(a) and (c) of Ex. Ord. No. 10582 revoked upon issuance of final rule pursuant to section 2 of Ex. Ord. No. 13881, see section 3 of Ex. Ord. No. 13881, July 15, 2019, 84 F.R. 34258, set out in a note under section 8301 of this title.]

### §8304. Waiver rescission

(a) TYPE OF AGREEMENT.—An agreement referred to in subsection (b) is a reciprocal defense procurement memorandum of understanding between the United States and a foreign country pursuant to which the Secretary of Defense has prospectively waived this chapter for certain products in that country.

(b) DETERMINATION BY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.—If the Secretary of Defense, after consultation with the United States Trade Representative, determines that a foreign country that is party to an agreement described in subsection (a) has violated the agreement by discriminating against certain types of products produced in the United States that are covered by the agreement, the Secretary of Defense shall rescind the Secretary's blanket waiver of this chapter with respect to those types of products produced in that country.

(Pub. L. 111-350, §3, Jan. 4, 2011, 124 Stat. 3833.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised Section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
8304(a)	41:10b–2(a)(2), (b).	Pub. L. 103–160, div. A, title VIII, §849(c), (d), Nov. 30, 1993, 107 Stat. 1725.
8304(b)	41:10b-2(a)(1).	

In subsection (a), the text of 41:10b–2(b) is omitted as unnecessary.

## Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

#### SIMILAR PROVISIONS

Provisions similar to those in this section and section 8305 of this title were contained in the following sets:

Pub. L. 116–260, div. C, title VIII,  $\$\,8030,$  Dec. 27, 2020, 134 Stat. 1310.

Pub. L. 116–93, div. A, title VIII, \$8029, Dec. 20, 2019, 133 Stat. 2342.

Pub. L. 115-245, div. A, title VIII, §8028, Sept. 28, 2018, 132 Stat. 3006.

Pub. L. 115-141, div. C, title VIII, §8028, Mar. 23, 2018, 132 Stat. 469.

Pub. L. 115-31, div. C, title VIII, §8029, May 5, 2017, 131 Stat. 253.

Pub. L. 114–113, div. C, title VIII, §8028, Dec. 18, 2015, 129 Stat. 2357.

Pub. L. 113–235, div. C, title VIII, §8028, Dec. 16, 2014, 128 Stat. 2258.

Pub. L. 113–76, div. C, title VIII,  $\$8027,\ \mathrm{Jan.}\ 17,\ 2014,\ 128\ \mathrm{Stat.}\ 110.$ 

Pub. L. 113–6, div. C, title VIII, §8027, Mar. 26, 2013, 127 Stat. 302.

Pub. L. 112-74, div. A, title VIII, §8027, Dec. 23, 2011, 125 Stat. 811.

Pub. L. 112–10, div. A, title VIII, §8028, Apr. 15, 2011,

125 Stat. 63. Pub. L. 111–118, div. A, title VIII, §8030, Dec. 19, 2009,

123 Stat. 3435.
Pub. L. 110-329, div. C, title VIII, §8030, Sept. 30, 2008,

122 Stat. 3627.

Pub. L. 110–116, div. A, title VIII, §8029, Nov. 13, 2007,

121 Stat. 1321.
Pub. L. 109–289, div. A, title VIII, §8027, Sept. 29, 2006,

120 Stat. 1279.

Pub. L. 109–148, div. A, title VIII, §8030, Dec. 30, 2005,

119 Stat. 2705.

Pub. L. 108-287, title VIII, §8032, Aug. 5, 2004, 118 Stat. 977.

Pub. L. 108–87, title VIII,  $\S 8033$ , Sept. 30, 2003, 117 Stat. 1079.

Pub. L. 107–248, title VIII, §8033, Oct. 23, 2002, 116 Stat. 1544.

Pub. L. 107–117, div. A, title VIII, §8036, Jan. 10, 2002, 115 Stat. 2255.

Pub. L. 106–259, title VIII, §8036, Aug. 9, 2000, 114 Stat.
682.
Pub. L. 106–79, title VIII, §8038, Oct. 25, 1999, 113 Stat.

1239. Pub. L. 105–262, title VIII, §8038, Oct. 17, 1998, 112 Stat.

2305.
Pub. L. 105-56, title VIII, §8040, Oct. 8, 1997, 111 Stat.

1229. Pub. L. 104–208, div. A, title I, §101(b) [title VIII,

§8042], Sept. 30, 1996, 110 Stat. 3009–71, 3009–97.

Pub. L. 104–61, title VIII, §8051, Dec. 1, 1995, 109 Stat.

662. Pub. L. 103-335, title VIII, §8058, Sept. 30, 1994, 108

Stat. 2631.

Pub. L. 103–139, title VIII, §8069, Nov. 11, 1993, 107
Stat. 1455.

Pub. L. 102–396, title IX, §9096, Oct. 6, 1992, 106 Stat. 1924, as amended by Pub. L. 103–355, title VII, §7206(b),

Oct. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 3382. Pub. L. 102–190, div. A, title VIII, §833, Dec. 5, 1991, 105 Stat. 1447.

Pub. L. 102–172, title VIII,  $\S 8123$ , Nov. 26, 1991, 105 Stat. 1205.

Pub. L. 101–189, div. A, title VIII, §823, Nov. 29, 1989, 103 Stat. 1504.

### §8305. Annual report

Not later than 60 days after the end of each fiscal year, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on the amount of purchases by the Department of Defense from foreign entities in that fiscal year. The report shall

separately indicate the dollar value of items for which this chapter was waived pursuant to—

- (1) a reciprocal defense procurement memorandum of understanding described in section 8304(a) of this title;
- (2) the Trade Agreements Act of 1979 (19 U.S.C. 2501 et seq.); or
- (3) an international agreement to which the United States is a party.

(Pub. L. 111–350, §3, Jan. 4, 2011, 124 Stat. 3833.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised Section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
8305	41:10b-3.	Pub. L. 104–201, div. A, title VIII, §827, Sept. 23, 1996, 110 Stat. 2611; Pub. L. 105–85, div. A, title VIII, §846, Nov. 18, 1997, 111 Stat. 1845; Pub. L. 105–261, div. A, title VIII, §812, Oct. 17, 1998, 112 Stat. 2086.

# CHAPTER 85—COMMITTEE FOR PURCHASE FROM PEOPLE WHO ARE BLIND OR SEVERELY DISABLED

Sec

8501. Definitions.

8502. Committee for Purchase From People Who

Are Blind or Severely Disabled.

8503. Duties and powers of the Committee.8504. Procurement requirements for the Federal

Government.

8505. Audit.

8506. Authorization of appropriations.

#### §8501. Definitions

In this chapter:

- (1) BLIND.—The term "blind" refers to an individual or class of individuals whose central visual acuity does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with correcting lenses or whose visual acuity, if better than 20/200, is accompanied by a limit to the field of vision in the better eye to such a degree that its widest diameter subtends an angle of no greater than 20 degrees.
- (2) COMMITTEE.—The term "Committee" means the Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled established under section 8502 of this title.
- (3) DIRECT LABOR.—The term "direct labor"—
  - (A) includes all work required for preparation, processing, and packing of a product, or work directly relating to the performance of a service; but
  - (B) does not include supervision, administration, inspection, or shipping.
- (4) ENTITY OF THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AND FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.—The terms "entity of the Federal Government" and "Federal Government" include an entity of the legislative or judicial branch, a military department or executive agency (as defined in sections 102 and 105 of title 5, respectively), the United States Postal Service, and a nonappropriated fund instrumentality under the jurisdiction of the Armed Forces.
- (5) OTHER SEVERELY DISABLED.—The term "other severely disabled" means an individual or class of individuals under a physical or

mental disability, other than blindness, which (according to criteria established by the Committee after consultation with appropriate entities of the Federal Government and taking into account the views of non-Federal Government entities representing the disabled) constitutes a substantial handicap to employment and is of a nature that prevents the individual from currently engaging in normal competitive employment.

- (6) QUALIFIED NONPROFIT AGENCY FOR OTHER SEVERELY DISABLED.—The term "qualified nonprofit agency for other severely disabled" means an agency—
- (A)(i) organized under the laws of the United States or a State;
- (ii) operated in the interest of severely disabled individuals who are not blind; and
- (iii) of which no part of the net income of the agency inures to the benefit of a shareholder or other individual;
- (B) that complies with any applicable occupational health and safety standard prescribed by the Secretary of Labor; and
- (C) that in the production of products and in the provision of services (whether or not the products or services are procured under this chapter) during the fiscal year employs blind or other severely disabled individuals for at least 75 percent of the hours of direct labor required for the production or provision of the products or services.
- (7) QUALIFIED NONPROFIT AGENCY FOR THE BLIND.—The term "qualified nonprofit agency for the blind" means an agency—
- (A)(i) organized under the laws of the United States or a State;
- (ii) operated in the interest of blind individuals; and
- (iii) of which no part of the net income of the agency inures to the benefit of a shareholder or other individual;
- (B) that complies with any applicable occupational health and safety standard prescribed by the Secretary of Labor; and
- (C) that in the production of products and in the provision of services (whether or not the products or services are procured under this chapter) during the fiscal year employs blind individuals for at least 75 percent of the hours of direct labor required for the production or provision of the products or services.
- (8) SEVERELY DISABLED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "severely disabled individual" means an individual or class of individuals under a physical or mental disability, other than blindness, which (according to criteria established by the Committee after consultation with appropriate entities of the Federal Government and taking into account the views of non-Federal Government entities representing the disabled) constitutes a substantial handicap to employment and is of a nature that prevents the individual from currently engaging in normal competitive employment.
- (9) STATE.—The term "State" includes the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands.