

“(A) the interest of a national security laboratory in establishing a microlab;

“(B) the existence of an available facility that has the capability to house a microlab;

“(C) whether employees of a national security laboratory and persons from academia, industry, and government are available to be assigned to the microlab; and

“(D) cost-sharing or in-kind contributions from State and local governments and private industry.

“(2) COST-SHARING.—The Secretary shall, to the extent feasible, require cost-sharing or in-kind contributions described in paragraph (1)(D) to cover the full cost of the microlab under subsection (a).

“(c) TIMING.—If the Secretary, in consultation with the directors of the national security laboratories, elects to establish a microlab pilot program under this section, the Secretary, in collaboration with such directors, shall—

“(1) not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act [Nov. 25, 2015], begin the process of determining the placement of the microlab under subsection (a); and

“(2) not later than one year after such date of enactment, implement the microlab pilot program under this section.

“(d) REPORTS REQUIRED.—If the Secretary, in consultation with the directors of the national security laboratories, elects to establish a microlab pilot program under this section, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees—

“(1) not later than 120 days after the date of the implementation of the program, a report that provides an update on the implementation of the program; and

“(2) not later than one year after the date of the implementation of the program, a report on the program, including findings and recommendations of the Secretary with respect to the program.

“(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term ‘appropriate congressional committees’ means—

“(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate; and

“(B) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives.

“(2) MICROLAB.—The term ‘microlab’ means a facility that is—

“(A) in close proximity to, but outside the perimeter of, a national security laboratory;

“(B) an extension of or affiliated with a national security laboratory; and

“(C) accessible to the public.

“(3) NATIONAL SECURITY LABORATORY.—The term ‘national security laboratory’ has the meaning given that term in section 3281 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2471).”

§ 2465. Enhancing private-sector employment through cooperative research and development activities

(a) In general

The Administrator for Nuclear Security shall encourage cooperative research and development activities at the national security laboratories (as defined in section 2471 of this title) that lead to the creation of new private-sector employment opportunities.

(b) Reports

Not later than January 31 of each year from 2012 through 2017, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a report detailing the number of new private-sector employment opportunities created as a result of the previous years’ cooper-

ative research and development activities at each national security laboratory.

(Pub. L. 111-383, div. C, title XXXI, § 3122, Jan. 7, 2011, 124 Stat. 4514.)

CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011, and not as part of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act which comprises this chapter.

SUBCHAPTER VI—DEFINITIONS

§ 2471. Definitions

For purposes of this chapter:

(1) The term “national security laboratory” means any of the following:

(A) Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico.

(B) Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, New Mexico, and Livermore, California.

(C) Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore, California.

(2) The term “nuclear weapons production facility” means any of the following:

(A) The Kansas City National Security Campus, Kansas City, Missouri.

(B) The Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas.

(C) The Y-12 National Security Complex, Oak Ridge, Tennessee.

(D) The Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina.

(E) The Nevada National Security Site, Nevada.

(F) Any facility of the Department of Energy that the Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the Administrator and Congress, determines to be consistent with the mission of the Administration.

(3) The term “classified information” means any information that has been determined pursuant to Executive Order No. 12333 of December 4, 1981 ([former] 50 U.S.C. 401 note) [now 50 U.S.C. 3001 note], Executive Order No. 12958 of April 17, 1995 ([former] 50 U.S.C. 435 note), or successor orders, to require protection against unauthorized disclosure and that is so designated.

(4) The term “Restricted Data” has the meaning given such term in section 2014(y) of title 42.

(5) The term “congressional defense committees” means—

(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(B) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(6) The term “nuclear security enterprise” means the physical facilities, technology, and human capital of the national security laboratories and the nuclear weapons production facilities.

(Pub. L. 106-65, div. C, title XXXII, § 3281, Oct. 5, 1999, 113 Stat. 968; Pub. L. 112-239, div. C, title XXXI, § 3132(a)(3), (d)(3), (4), Jan. 2, 2013, 126 Stat. 2185, 2187; Pub. L. 113-66, div. C, title XXXI,

§ 3145(i), Dec. 26, 2013, 127 Stat. 1072; Pub. L. 116-92, div. C, title XXXI, § 3139(a), Dec. 20, 2019, 133 Stat. 1962.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This chapter, referred to in text, was in the original “this title”, meaning title XXXII of div. C of Pub. L. 106-65, Oct. 5, 1999, 113 Stat. 953, as amended, which is classified principally to this chapter. For complete classification of title XXXII to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 2401 of this title and Tables.

Executive Order No. 12958, referred to in par. (3), which was formerly set out as a note under section 435 (now section 3161) of this title, was revoked by Ex. Ord. No. 13526, § 6.2(g), Dec. 29, 2009, 75 F.R. 731.

AMENDMENTS

2019—Par. (2)(A). Pub. L. 116-92 substituted “National Security Campus” for “Plant”.

2013—Par. (2)(C). Pub. L. 112-239, § 3132(d)(3)(A), substituted “Y-12 National Security Complex” for “Y-12 Plant”.

Par. (2)(D). Pub. L. 112-239, § 3132(d)(3)(B), struck out “tritium operations facilities at the” before “Savannah River Site”.

Par. (2)(E). Pub. L. 112-239, § 3132(d)(4), substituted “Nevada National Security Site” for “Nevada Test Site”.

Par. (2)(F). Pub. L. 113-66 substituted “Congress” for “the Congress”.

Par. (6). Pub. L. 112-239, § 3132(a)(3), added par. (6).

EFFECTIVE DATE

Section effective Mar. 1, 2000, see section 3299 of Pub. L. 106-65, set out as a note under section 2401 of this title.

SUBCHAPTER VII—TRANSITION PROVISIONS

§ 2481. Functions transferred

(a) Transfers

There are hereby transferred to the Administrator all national security functions and activities performed immediately before October 5, 1999, by the following elements of the Department of Energy:

- (1) The Office of Defense Programs.
- (2) The Office of Nonproliferation and National Security.
- (3) The Office of Fissile Materials Disposition.
- (4) The nuclear weapons production facilities.
- (5) The national security laboratories.
- (6) The Office of Naval Reactors.

(b) Authority to transfer additional functions

The Secretary of Energy may transfer to the Administrator any other facility, mission, or function that the Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator and Congress, determines to be consistent with the mission of the Administration.

(c) Environmental remediation and waste management activities

In the case of any environmental remediation and waste management activity of any element of the Administration, the Secretary of Energy may determine to transfer responsibility for that activity to another element of the Department.

(d) Transfer of funds

(1) Any balance of appropriations that the Secretary of Energy determines is available and needed to finance or discharge a function, power, or duty or an activity that is transferred to the Administration shall be transferred to the Administration and used for any purpose for which those appropriations were originally available. Balances of appropriations so transferred shall—

(A) be credited to any applicable appropriation account of the Administration; or

(B) be credited to a new account that may be established on the books of the Department of the Treasury; and shall be merged with the funds already credited to that account and accounted for as one fund.

(2) Balances of appropriations credited to an account under paragraph (1)(A) are subject only to such limitations as are specifically applicable to that account. Balances of appropriations credited to an account under paragraph (1)(B) are subject only to such limitations as are applicable to the appropriations from which they are transferred.

(e) Personnel

(1) With respect to any function, power, or duty or activity of the Department of Energy that is transferred to the Administration, those employees of the element of the Department of Energy from which the transfer is made that the Secretary of Energy determines are needed to perform that function, power, or duty, or for that activity, as the case may be, shall be transferred to the Administration.

(2) The authorized strength in civilian employees of any element of the Department of Energy from which employees are transferred under this section is reduced by the number of employees so transferred.

(Pub. L. 106-65, div. C, title XXXII, § 3291, Oct. 5, 1999, 113 Stat. 968; Pub. L. 112-239, div. C, title XXXI, § 3132(b)(1), Jan. 2, 2013, 126 Stat. 2185; Pub. L. 113-66, div. C, title XXXI, § 3145(j), Dec. 26, 2013, 127 Stat. 1072.)

AMENDMENTS

2013—Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 112-239, § 3132(b)(1)(A), substituted “of the Administration” for “specified in subsection (a)”.

Subsec. (d). Pub. L. 112-239, § 3132(b)(1)(B), added subsec. (d).

Subsec. (d)(1). Pub. L. 113-66 realigned margins of concluding provisions.

Subsec. (e). Pub. L. 112-239, § 3132(b)(1)(B), added subsec. (e).

EFFECTIVE DATE

Section effective Mar. 1, 2000, see section 3299 of Pub. L. 106-65, set out as a note under section 2401 of this title.

CONSTRUCTION

Pub. L. 112-239, div. C, title XXXI, § 3132(b)(3), Jan. 2, 2013, 126 Stat. 2186, provided that: “Nothing in section 3291 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2481), as amended by paragraph (1), may be construed to affect any function or activity transferred by the Secretary of Energy to the Administrator for Nuclear Security before the date of the enactment of this Act [Jan. 2, 2013].”