- (B) commits an offense under this chapter against any property, including an animal;
- (3) with intent to threaten or intimidate a spouse, an intimate partner, or an immediate family member of that person, violates a protection order;
- (4) with intent to commit a violent offense against a spouse, an intimate partner, or an immediate family member of that person, violates a protection order; or
- (5) assaults a spouse, an intimate partner, or an immediate family member of that person by strangling or suffocating;

shall be punished as a court-martial may direct. (Added Pub. L. 115-232, div. A, title V, §532(a)(1), Aug. 13, 2018, 132 Stat. 1759; amended Pub. L. 116-92, div. A, title XVII, §1731(a)(20), Dec. 20, 2019, 133 Stat. 1813.)

Editorial Notes

AMENDMENTS

2019-Pub. L. 116-92 inserted section catchline. Identical section catchline had been editorially supplied.

Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

EFFECTIVE DATE

Pub. L. 115–232, div. A, title V, $\S532(b)$, Aug. 13, 2018, 132 Stat. 1760, provided that: "The amendments made by this section [enacting this section] shall take effect on January 1, 2019, immediately after the coming into effect of the amendments made by the Military Justice Act of 2016 (division E of Public Law 114-328) [see Tables for classification] as provided in section 5542 of that Act (130 Stat. 2967; 10 U.S.C. 801 note)."

§929. Art. 129. Burglary; unlawful entry

- (a) BURGLARY.—Any person subject to this chapter who, with intent to commit an offense under this chapter, breaks and enters the building or structure of another shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- (b) UNLAWFUL ENTRY.—Any person subject to this chapter who unlawfully enters-
 - (1) the real property of another; or
 - (2) the personal property of another which amounts to a structure usually used for habitation or storage;

shall be punished as a court-martial may direct. (Aug. 10, 1956, ch. 1041, 70A Stat. 75; Pub. L. 114-328, div. E, title LX, §5442, Dec. 23, 2016, 130 Stat. 2954.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
929	50:723.	May 5, 1950, ch. 169, §1 (Art. 129), 64 Stat. 142.

Editorial Notes

AMENDMENTS

2016—Pub. L. 114-328 amended section generally. Prior to amendment, text read as follows: "Any person subject to this chapter who, with intent to commit an offense punishable under sections 918-928 of this title (articles 118-128), breaks and enters, in the nighttime, the dwelling house of another, is guilty of burglary and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

Effective Date of 2016 Amendment

Amendment by Pub. L. 114-328 effective on Jan. 1, 2019, as designated by the President, with implementing regulations and provisions relating to applicability to various situations, see section 5542 of Pub. L. 114-328 and Ex. Ord. No. 13825, set out as notes under section 801 of this title.

[§ 929a. Art. 129a. Omitted]

Editorial Notes

CODIFICATION

Section, act Aug. 10, 1956, ch. 1041, 70A Stat. 75, §930; renumbered §929a, Pub. L. 114-328, div. E, title LX, §5401(10), Dec. 23, 2016, 130 Stat. 2939, which related to the offense of housebreaking, was omitted in the general amendment of sections 929 and 929a of this title by Pub. L. 114-328, div. E, title LX, §5442, Dec. 23, 2016, 130 Stat. 2954. See section 929(b) of this title.

§ 930. Art. 130. Stalking

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Any person subject to this chapter-
- (1) who wrongfully engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear death or bodily harm, including sexual assault, to himself or herself, to a member of his or her immediate family, or to his or her intimate partner:
- (2) who has knowledge, or should have knowledge, that the specific person will be placed in reasonable fear of death or bodily harm, including sexual assault, to himself or herself, to a member of his or her immediate family, or to his or her intimate partner; and
- (3) whose conduct induces reasonable fear in the specific person of death or bodily harm, including sexual assault, to himself or herself, to a member of his or her immediate family, or to his or her intimate partner;

is guilty of stalking and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

- (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
 (1) The term "conduct" means conduct of any kind, including use of surveillance, the mails, an interactive computer service, an electronic communication service, or an electronic communication system.
 - (2) The term "course of conduct" means-
 - (A) a repeated maintenance of visual or physical proximity to a specific person;
 - (B) a repeated conveyance of verbal threat, written threats, or threats implied by conduct, or a combination of such threats, directed at or toward a specific person; or
 - (C) a pattern of conduct composed of repeated acts evidencing a continuity of pur-
- (3) The term "repeated", with respect to conduct, means two or more occasions of such conduct.
- (4) The term "immediate family", in the case of a specific person, means-
 - (A) that person's spouse, parent, brother or sister, child, or other person to whom he or she stands in loco parentis; or
 - (B) any other person living in his or her household and related to him or her by blood or marriage.