by which applicants must demonstrate claimed losses and limiting the aggregate amounts that may be paid to persons that are affiliated with each other or under common ownership."

Subsec. (d)(7). Pub. L. 104-297, §402(b), added par. (7). 1994—Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 103-238 substituted "\$65,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995" for "\$2,500,000 for each of the fiscal years 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, and 1995".

1993—Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 103-206 inserted ", and \$600,000 for each of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995," after "and 1993".

1992—Subsec. (d). Pub. L. 102-396 added subsec. (d).

1990—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 101–627, \$503(1), substituted "the fiscal years 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, and 1995" for "fiscal years 1987, 1988, and 1989".

Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 101-627, §§ 502, 503(2), in introductory provisions substituted "the fiscal years 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, and 1995" for "fiscal years 1988 and 1989" and added par. (3).

Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 101-627, §503(3), substituted "the fiscal years 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, and 1993" for "fiscal years 1988 and 1989".

Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

EFFECTIVE DATE

Section effective Oct. 1, 1987, see section 310 of Pub. L. 99-659, set out as a note under section 4101 of this title.

CHAPTER 62—AFRICAN ELEPHANT CONSERVATION

Sec.

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- 4203. Statement of policy.

SUBCHAPTER I—AFRICAN ELEPHANT CONSERVATION ASSISTANCE

- 4211. Provision of assistance.
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SUBCHAPTER III—MISCELLANEOUS

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- 4243. Repealed.
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- 4245. Authorization of appropriations.

4246. Multinational Species Conservation Fund.

§ 4201. Statement of purpose

The purpose of this chapter is to perpetuate healthy populations of African elephants.

(Pub. L. 100-478, title II, §2002, Oct. 7, 1988, 102 Stat. 2315.)

Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

SHORT TITLE OF 2007 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 110–132, §1, Dec. 6, 2007, 121 Stat. 1360, provided that: "This Act [amending sections 4211, 4245, 5304, and 5306 of this title] may be cited as the 'Multinational Species Conservation Funds Reauthorization Act of 2007'."

SHORT TITLE OF 2002 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 107-111, §1, Jan. 8, 2002, 115 Stat. 2095, provided that: "This Act [enacting section 4214 of this title, amending sections 4211, 4212, and 4244 to 4246 of this title, and repealing section 4243 of this title] may be cited as the 'African Elephant Conservation Reauthorization Act of 2001'."

SHORT TITLE OF 1998 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 105-217, §1, Aug. 5, 1998, 112 Stat. 911, provided that: "This Act [amending section 4245 of this title] may be cited as the 'African Elephant Conservation Reauthorization Act of 1998'."

SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 100-478, title II, §2001, Oct. 7, 1988, 102 Stat. 2315, provided that: "This title [enacting this chapter and amending section 1538 of this title] may be cited as the 'African Elephant Conservation Act'."

§4202. Findings

The Congress finds the following:

(1) Elephant populations in África have declined at an alarming rate since the mid-1970's.

(2) The large illegal trade in African elephant ivory is the major cause of this decline and threatens the continued existence of the African elephant.

(3) The African elephant is listed as threatened under the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) and its continued existence will be further jeopardized if this decline is not reversed.

(4) Because African elephant ivory is indistinguishable from Asian elephant ivory, there is a need to ensure that the trade in African elephant ivory does not further endanger the Asian elephant, which is listed as endangered under section 4 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1533) and under Appendix I of CITES.

(5) In response to the significant illegal trade in African elephant ivory, the parties to CITES established the CITES Ivory Control System to curtail the illegal trade and to encourage African countries to manage, conserve, and protect their African elephant populations.

(6) The CITES Ivory Control System entered into force recently and should be allowed to continue in force for a reasonable period of time to assess its effectiveness in curtailing the illegal trade in African elephant ivory.

(7) Although some African countries have effective African elephant conservation programs, many do not have sufficient resources to properly manage, conserve, and protect their elephant populations.

(8) The United States, as a party to CITES and a large market for worked ivory, shares responsibility for supporting and implementing measures to stop the illegal trade in African elephant ivory and to provide for the conservation of the African elephant.

(9) There is no evidence that sport hunting is part of the poaching that contributes to the illegal trade in African elephant ivory, and there is evidence that the proper utilization of well-managed elephant populations provides an important source of funding for African elephant conservation programs.