

whether resolving the issue of public access or egress to the land would require acquisition of an easement, right-of-way, or fee title from—

- (A) another Federal agency;
- (B) a State, local, or Tribal government; or
- (C) a private landowner.

(5) Nomination process

In preparing a priority list under this section, the Secretary shall provide an opportunity for members of the public to nominate parcels for inclusion on the priority list.

(c) Access options

With respect to land included on a priority list described in subsection (b), the Secretary shall develop and submit to the Committees on Appropriations and Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committees on Appropriations and Natural Resources of the House of Representatives a report on options for providing access that—

- (1) identifies how public access and egress could reasonably be provided to the legal boundaries of the land in a manner that minimizes the impact on wildlife habitat and water quality;
- (2) specifies the steps recommended to secure the access and egress, including acquiring an easement, right-of-way, or fee title from a willing owner of any land that abuts the land or the need to coordinate with State land management agencies or other Federal, State, or Tribal governments to allow for such access and egress; and
- (3) is consistent with the travel management plan in effect on the land.

(d) Protection of personally identifying information

In making the priority list and report prepared under subsections (b) and (c) available, the Secretary shall ensure that no personally identifying information is included, such as names or addresses of individuals or entities.

(e) Willing owners

For purposes of providing any permits to, or entering into agreements with, a State, local, or Tribal government or private landowner with respect to the use of land under the jurisdiction of the government or landowner, the Secretary shall not take into account whether the State, local, or Tribal government or private landowner has granted or denied public access or egress to the land.

(f) Means of public access and egress included

In considering public access and egress under subsections (b) and (c), the Secretary shall consider public access and egress to the legal boundaries of the land described in those subsections, including access and egress—

- (1) by motorized or non-motorized vehicles; and
- (2) on foot or horseback.

(g) Effect

(1) In general

This section shall have no effect on whether a particular recreational use shall be allowed on the land included in a priority list under this section.

(2) Effect of allowable uses on agency consideration

In preparing the priority list under subsection (b), the Secretary shall only consider recreational uses that are allowed on the land at the time that the priority list is prepared.

(Pub. L. 116-9, title IV, § 4105, Mar. 12, 2019, 133 Stat. 759.)

Editorial Notes

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, referred to in subsec. (a)(3)(D), is Pub. L. 94-579, Oct. 21, 1976, 90 Stat. 2743, which is classified principally to chapter 35 (§1701 et seq.) of Title 43, Public Lands. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1701 of Title 43, Public Lands, and Tables.

Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

DEFINITION OF “SECRETARY”

Secretary means the Secretary of the Interior, see section 2 of Pub. L. 116-9, set out as a note under section 1 of this title.

SUBCHAPTER III—MISCELLANEOUS

§ 7931. Respect for treaties and rights

Nothing in this title¹ or the amendments made by this title—¹

- (1) affects or modifies any treaty or other right of any federally recognized Indian Tribe; or

- (2) modifies any provision of Federal law relating to migratory birds or to endangered or threatened species.

(Pub. L. 116-9, title IV, § 4401, Mar. 12, 2019, 133 Stat. 766.)

Editorial Notes

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This title, referred to in text, means title IV of Pub. L. 116-9, Mar. 12, 2019, 133 Stat. 756, which enacted this chapter and amended section 704 of this title, section 504 of Title 5, Government Organization and Employees, section 2412 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure, and section 1304 of Title 31, Money and Finance. For complete classification of title IV to the Code, see Tables.

§ 7932. No priority

Nothing in this title¹ or the amendments made by this title¹ provides a preference to hunting, fishing, or recreational shooting over any other use of Federal land or water.

(Pub. L. 116-9, title IV, § 4402, Mar. 12, 2019, 133 Stat. 766.)

Editorial Notes

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This title, referred to in text, means title IV of Pub. L. 116-9, Mar. 12, 2019, 133 Stat. 756, which enacted this chapter and amended section 704 of this title, section 504 of Title 5, Government Organization and Employ-

¹ See References in Text note below.

¹ See References in Text note below.

ees, section 2412 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure, and section 1304 of Title 31, Money and Finance. For complete classification of title IV to the Code, see Tables.

§ 7933. State authority for fish and wildlife

Nothing in this title—¹

(1) authorizes the Secretary of Agriculture or the Secretary to require Federal licenses or permits to hunt and fish on Federal land; or

(2) enlarges or diminishes the responsibility or authority of States with respect to fish and wildlife management.

(Pub. L. 116–9, title IV, §4403, Mar. 12, 2019, 133 Stat. 766.)

Editorial Notes

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This title, referred to in text, means title IV of Pub. L. 116–9, Mar. 12, 2019, 133 Stat. 756, which enacted this chapter and amended section 704 of this title, section 504 of Title 5, Government Organization and Employees, section 2412 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure, and section 1304 of Title 31, Money and Finance. For complete classification of title IV to the Code, see Tables.

Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

DEFINITION OF “SECRETARY”

Secretary means the Secretary of the Interior, see section 2 of Pub. L. 116–9, set out as a note under section 1 of this title.

CHAPTER 99—MARITIME SECURITY AND FISHERIES ENFORCEMENT

Sec.	
8001.	Definitions.
8002.	Purposes.
8003.	Statement of policy.

SUBCHAPTER I—PROGRAMS TO COMBAT IUU FISHING AND INCREASE MARITIME SECURITY

8011.	Coordination with international organizations.
8012.	Engagement of diplomatic missions of the United States.
8013.	Assistance by Federal agencies to improve law enforcement within priority regions and priority flag states.
8014.	Expansion of existing mechanisms to combat IUU fishing.
8015.	Improvement of transparency and traceability programs.
8016.	Technology programs.
8017.	Savings clause.

SUBCHAPTER II—ESTABLISHMENT OF INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP ON IUU FISHING

8031.	Interagency Working Group on IUU fishing.
8032.	Strategic plan.
8033.	Reports.
8034.	Gulf of Mexico IUU Fishing Subworking Group.

SUBCHAPTER III—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

8041.	Authorization of appropriations.
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§ 8001. Definitions

In this chapter:

(1) AIS

The term “AIS” means Automatic Identification System (as defined in section 164.46 of

title 33, Code of Federal Regulations, or a similar successor regulation).

(2) Combined Maritime Forces

The term “Combined Maritime Forces” means the 33-nation naval partnership, originally established in February 2002, which promotes security, stability, and prosperity across approximately 3,200,000 square miles of international waters.

(3) Exclusive economic zone

(A) In general

Unless otherwise specified by the President as being in the public interest in a writing published in the Federal Register, the term “exclusive economic zone” means—

(i) the area within a zone established by a maritime boundary that has been established by a treaty in force or a treaty that is being provisionally applied by the United States; or

(ii) in the absence of a treaty described in clause (i)—

(I) a zone, the outer boundary of which is 200 nautical miles from the baseline from which the breadth of the territorial sea is measured; or

(II) if the distance between the United States and another country is less than 400 nautical miles, a zone, the outer boundary of which is represented by a line equidistant between the United States and the other country.

(B) Inner boundary

Without affecting any Presidential Proclamation with regard to the establishment of the United States territorial sea or exclusive economic zone, the inner boundary of the exclusive economic zone is—

(i) in the case of coastal States, a line coterminous with the seaward boundary of each such State (as described in section 1312 of title 43);

(ii) in the case of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, a line that is 3 marine leagues from the coastline of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;

(iii) in the case of American Samoa, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands, a line that is 3 geographic miles from the coastlines of American Samoa, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, or the Northern Mariana Islands, respectively; or

(iv) for any possession of the United States not referred to in clause (ii) or (iii), the coastline of such possession.

(C) Rule of construction

Nothing in this paragraph may be construed to diminish the authority of the Department of Defense, the Department of the Interior, or any other Federal department or agency.

(4) Food security

The term “food security” means access to, and availability, utilization, and stability of, sufficient food to meet caloric and nutritional needs for an active and healthy life.

¹ See References in Text note below.