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prohibited conduct, if the conduct resulted in the death of any person, shall be subject also to the death penalty or to a term of imprisonment for a period up to life.

(e) Threats.—Whoever knowingly and intentionally imparts or conveys any threat to do an act which would violate this chapter, with an apparent determination and will to carry the threat into execution, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both, and is liable for all costs incurred as a result of such threat.

(Added Pub. L. 109–177, title III, $\S 306(a)$, Mar. 9, 2006, 120 Stat. 237.)

§ 2292. Imparting or conveying false information

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Whoever imparts or conveys or causes to be imparted or conveyed false information, knowing the information to be false, concerning an attempt or alleged attempt being made or to be made, to do any act that would be a crime prohibited by this chapter or by chapter 111 of this title, shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000, which shall be recoverable in a civil action brought in the name of the United States.
- (b) MALICIOUS CONDUCT.—Whoever knowingly, intentionally, maliciously, or with reckless disregard for the safety of human life, imparts or conveys or causes to be imparted or conveyed false information, knowing the information to be false, concerning an attempt or alleged attempt to do any act which would be a crime prohibited by this chapter or by chapter 111 of this title, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years.
 - (c) JURISDICTION.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided under paragraph (2), section 2290(a) shall not apply to any offense under this section.
 - (2) JURISDICTION.—Jurisdiction over an offense under this section shall be determined in accordance with the provisions applicable to the crime prohibited by this chapter, or by chapter 111 of this title, to which the imparted or conveyed false information relates, as applicable.

(Added Pub. L. 109–177, title III, §306(a), Mar. 9, 2006, 120 Stat. 239.)

§ 2293. Bar to prosecution

- (a) IN GENERAL.—It is a bar to prosecution under this chapter if— $\,$
 - (1) the conduct in question occurred within the United States in relation to a labor dispute, and such conduct is prohibited as a felony under the law of the State in which it was committed; or
 - (2) such conduct is prohibited as a misdemeanor, and not as a felony, under the law of the State in which it was committed.
 - (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
 - (1) LABOR DISPUTE.—The term "labor dispute" has the same meaning given that term in section 13(c) of the Act to amend the Judicial Code and to define and limit the jurisdiction of courts sitting in equity, and for other purposes (29 U.S.C. 113(c), commonly known as the Norris-LaGuardia Act).

(2) STATE.—The term "State" means a State of the United States, the District of Columbia, and any commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States.

(Added Pub. L. 109–177, title III, \$306(a), Mar. 9, 2006, 120 Stat. 239.)

CHAPTER 113—STOLEN PROPERTY

Definitions.
Transportation of stolen vehicles.
Sale or receipt of stolen vehicles.
Transportation of stolen goods, securities, moneys, fraudulent State tax stamps, or articles used in counterfeiting.
Sale or receipt of stolen goods, securities, moneys, or fraudulent State tax stamps.
Transportation of livestock.

2317. Sale or receipt of livestock.
 2318. Trafficking in counterfeit labels, illicit labels, or counterfeit documentation or pack-

aging. Criminal infringement of a copyright.

2319A. Unauthorized fixation of and trafficking in sound recordings and music videos of live musical performances.

2319B. Unauthorized recording of motion pictures in a motion picture exhibition facility. ¹

2319C. Illicit digital transmission services.

2320. Trafficking in counterfeit goods or services.

2321. Trafficking in certain motor vehicles or motor vehicle parts.

2322. Chop shops.

2323. Forfeiture, destruction, and restitution.

Editorial Notes

AMENDMENTS

2020—Pub. L. 116–260, div. Q, title II, $\S 211(b)$, Dec. 27, 2020, 134 Stat. 2176, added item 2319C.

2008—Pub. L. 110–403, title II, $\S 206(b)$, Oct. 13, 2008, 122 Stat. 4263, added item 2323.

2005—Pub. L. 109–9, title I, 102(b), Apr. 27, 2005, 119 Stat. 220, added item 2319B.

2004—Pub. L. 108—482, title I, §102(c), Dec. 23, 2004, 118 Stat. 3915, substituted "Trafficking in counterfeit labels, illicit labels, or counterfeit documentation or packaging" for "Trafficking in counterfeit labels for phonorecords, copies of computer programs or computer program documentation or packaging, and copies of motion pictures or other audio visual works, and trafficking in counterfeit computer program documentation or packaging; in item 2318

mentation or packaging" in item 2318.

1996—Pub. L. 104–153, §4(b)(2), July 2, 1996, 110 Stat.
1387, substituted "Trafficking in counterfeit labels for phonorecords, copies of computer programs or computer program documentation or packaging, and copies of motion pictures or other audio visual works, and trafficking in counterfeit computer program documentation or packaging" for "Trafficking in counterfeit labels for phonorecords and copies of motion pictures or other audiovisual works" in item 2318.

1994—Pub. L. 103–465, title V, §513(b), Dec. 8, 1994, 108 Stat. 4976, added item 2319A.

1992—Pub. L. 102–519, title I, \$105(b), Oct. 25, 1992, 106 Stat. 3386, added item 2322.

1986—Pub. L. 99-646, §42(b), Nov. 10, 1986, 100 Stat. 3601, renumbered item 2320 relating to trafficking in certain motor vehicles or motor vehicle parts as item 2321.

1984—Pub. L. 98-547, title II, §204(b), Oct. 25, 1984, 98 Stat. 2770, added item 2320 relating to trafficking in certain motor vehicles or motor vehicle parts.

Pub. L. 98-473, title II, §§1115, 1502(b), Oct. 12, 1984, 98 Stat. 2149, 2179, substituted "livestock" for "cattle" in

¹So in original. Does not conform to section catchline.