United States Customs Service established under section 9503(c) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987 (19 U.S.C. 2071 note) made on or after the date on which the Advisory Committee is established under subsection (a), shall be deemed a reference to the Commercial Customs Operations Advisory Committee established under subsection (a).

(Pub. L. 114-125, title I, §109, Feb. 24, 2016, 130 Stat. 136.)

Editorial Notes

References in Text

Section 9503(c) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987, referred to in subsecs. (b)(3) and (g)(2), is section 9503(c) of title IX of Pub. L. 100-203, which was set out as a note under section 2071 of this title, prior to repeal by Pub. L. 114-125, title I, §109(g)(1), Feb. 24, 2016, 130 Stat. 137. See Codification note below.

Sections 10(f) and 14(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, referred to in subsecs. (d) and (f), are sections 10(f) and 14(a)(2), respectively, of Pub. L. 92-463, which are set out in the Appendix to Title 5, Government Organization and Employees.

CODIFICATION

Section is comprised of section 109 of Pub. L. 114–125. Subsec. (g)(1) of section 109 of Pub. L. 114–125 repealed section 9503(c) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987 (Pub. L. 100–203), formerly set out as a note under section 2071 of this title, effective on the date on which the Advisory Committee was established under subsection (a) of this section. Notice of the establishment of the Advisory Committee on Mar. 29, 2016, was published at 81 F.R. 18865.

§ 4317. Centers of Excellence and Expertise

(a) In general

The Commissioner shall, in consultation with the appropriate congressional committees and the Commercial Customs Operations Advisory Committee established under section 4316 of this title, develop and implement Centers of Excellence and Expertise throughout U.S. Customs and Border Protection that—

- (1) enhance the economic competitiveness of the United States by consistently enforcing the laws and regulations of the United States at all ports of entry of the United States and by facilitating the flow of legitimate trade through increasing industry-based knowledge;
- (2) improve enforcement efforts, including enforcement of priority trade issues described in section 4322 of this title, in specific industry sectors through the application of targeting information from the National Targeting Center under section 4318 of this title and from other means of verification;
- (3) build upon the expertise of U.S. Customs and Border Protection in particular industry operations, supply chains, and compliance requirements;
- (4) promote the uniform implementation at each port of entry of the United States of policies and regulations relating to imports;
- (5) centralize the trade enforcement and trade facilitation efforts of U.S. Customs and Border Protection;
- (6) formalize an account-based approach to apply, as the Commissioner determines appropriate, to the importation of merchandise into the United States;

- (7) foster partnerships though the expansion of trade programs and other trusted partner programs;
- (8) develop applicable performance measurements to meet internal efficiency and effectiveness goals; and
- (9) whenever feasible, facilitate a more efficient flow of information between Federal agencies.

(b) Report

Not later than December 31, 2016, the Commissioner shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report describing—

- (1) the scope, functions, and structure of each Center of Excellence and Expertise developed and implemented under subsection (a);
- (2) the effectiveness of each such Center of Excellence and Expertise in improving enforcement efforts, including enforcement of priority trade issues described in section 4322 of this title, and facilitating legitimate trade;
- (3) the quantitative and qualitative benefits of each such Center of Excellence and Expertise to the trade community, including through fostering partnerships through the expansion of trade programs such as the Importer Self Assessment program and other trusted partner programs;
- (4) all applicable performance measurements with respect to each such Center of Excellence and Expertise, including performance measures with respect to meeting internal efficiency and effectiveness goals;
- (5) the performance of each such Center of Excellence and Expertise in increasing the accuracy and completeness of data with respect to international trade and facilitating a more efficient flow of information between Federal agencies; and
- (6) any planned changes in the number, scope, functions, or any other aspect of the Centers of Excellence and Expertise developed and implemented under subsection (a).

(Pub. L. 114–125, title I, §110, Feb. 24, 2016, 130 Stat. 138.)

§ 4318. Commercial risk assessment targeting and trade alerts

(a) Commercial risk assessment targeting

In carrying out its duties under section 211(g)(4) of title 6, the National Targeting Center, in coordination with the Office of Trade established under section 2084 of this title, as appropriate, shall—

- (1) establish targeted risk assessment methodologies and standards— $\,$
- (A) for evaluating the risk that cargo destined for the United States may violate the customs and trade laws of the United States, particularly those laws applicable to merchandise subject to the priority trade issues described in section 4322 of this title; and
- (B) for issuing, as appropriate, Trade Alerts described in subsection (b);
- (2) to the extent practicable and otherwise authorized by law, use, to administer the methodologies and standards established under paragraph (1)—
 - (A) publicly available information;